

The logo for Reliance Power, featuring the word "RELIANCE" in white capital letters on a blue rectangular background. A small red triangle is positioned between the "I" and "A".

RELIANCE

Power

Annual Report 2012-13



Dhirubhai H. Ambani

(28th December, 1932 - 6th July, 2002)

Reliance Group - Founder and Visionary

Profile

Reliance Power Limited (RPower) is a constituent of the Reliance Group, one of the leading business houses in India.

RPower is engaged in the development and construction of one of the largest portfolio of power generation projects in India.

RPower presently has 2,545 MW of operational capacity.

RPower also has the largest captive coal reserves in the private sector in India, besides owning coal mines in Indonesia.

Our projects are diverse in geographic location, fuel source and offtake.

RPower strongly believes in clean green power and our projects are / will be using technologies with minimum environment impact.

Mission: Excellence in Power Generation

- To attain global best practices and become a leading power generating Company.
- To achieve excellence in project execution, quality, reliability, safety and operational efficiency.
- To relentlessly pursue new opportunities, capitalizing on synergies in the power generation sector.
- To consistently enhance our competitiveness and deliver profitable growth.
- To practice highest standards of corporate governance and be a financially sound Company.
- To be a responsible corporate citizen nurturing human values and concern for society.
- To improve the lives of local community in all our projects.
- To be a partner in nation building and contribute towards India's economic growth.
- To promote a work culture that fosters learning, individual growth, team spirit and creativity to overcome challenges and attain goals.
- To encourage ideas, talent and value systems and become the employer of choice.
- To earn the trust and confidence of all stakeholders, exceeding their expectations.
- To uphold the guiding principles of trust, integrity and transparency in all aspects of interactions and dealings.

Reliance Power Limited

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Chief Executive Officer		
Shri J. P. Chalasani		
Company Secretary and Manager		
Shri Ramaswami Kalidas		
Auditors		
M/s. Chaturvedi & Shah		
M/s. Price Waterhouse		
Registered Office		
H Block, 1 st Floor		
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City		
Navi Mumbai 400 710		
Maharashtra, India		
Registrar and Transfer Agent		
Karvy Computershare Private Limited		
Madhura Estate, Municipal No. 1-9/13/C		
Plot No. 13 & 13C, Madhapur Village		
Hyderabad 500 081, Andhra Pradesh, India		
website : www.karvy.com		
Investor Helpdesk		
Toll free no (India) : 1800 4250 999		
Telephone no. : +91 40 4030 8000		
Fax no. : +91 40 2342 0859		
E-mail : rpower@karvy.com		
Post your request : http://kcpl.karvy.com/adag		

19th Annual General Meeting on Tuesday, August 27, 2013 at 2.00 P.M. or soon after the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of Reliance Communications Limited convened on the same day, whichever is later, at Birla Matushri Sabhagar, 19, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400 020

The Annual Report can be accessed at www.reliancepower.co.in

Letter to Shareowners



My dear fellow shareowners,

It gives me great pleasure to share with you the highlights of another growth-filled and successful year.

You will be pleased to know that we have doubled our operational capacity from 1,240 MW to 2,545 MW during this year. In addition to our 1,200 MW power plant at Rosa, Uttar Pradesh and the 40 MW Solar PV plant at Dhursar, Rajasthan, we have added 600 MW capacity at Butibori, Maharashtra, 660 MW in our flagship 3,960 MW Sasan Ultra Mega Power Project (UMPP) in Madhya Pradesh, and 45 MW of Wind Power capacity at Vashpet, Maharashtra. We have also completed installation of almost 1,000 MW of capacity in our Samalkot Gas Power Project which is awaiting gas allocation from the government.

The operating performance of our plants during the year was extremely satisfactory. Despite the major coal shortages plaguing the country, the 1,200 MW Rosa plant reported very good performance. The coal based plant operated at an availability of 92 per cent for the year, and generated nearly 8 billion units compared to 4.2 billion units in the previous year. Higher generation and operational efficiencies resulted in significantly better financial performance, and profit from the plant also doubled from the previous year.

The 40 MW Solar PV plant, the largest solar plant in the Country, generated 60 million units of electricity in its first year of operation. The plant registered a record monthly PLF of 23 per cent in March 2013. This would be undoubtedly one of the best performing solar plants in the Country.

In another landmark development, we started coal mining from our Moher and Moher-Amlohri mines in September 2012. These mines were awarded to us along with the Sasan UMPP. We have deployed world class equipment at the mines and started production in record time. These mines will have peak capacity of 20 million tonnes per annum and will be the largest mines in India in terms of volume handled. These are our first operational mines and will go a long way in establishing our credentials as one of the largest integrated power and resources utility players in the Country.

The most significant accomplishment this year is the successful commissioning of the first 660 MW, super critical unit of the

3,960 MW Sasan UMPP. The Sasan UMPP is the largest integrated power plant and coal mining project in the world. We had won the project through tariff based competitive bidding, and have commissioned the project ahead of the bid schedule. Electricity generated from the project is expected to benefit 35 crore Indians spread across the length and breadth of the Country. This is indeed one of the proudest moments in the early days of our operating history. I am confident that the Sasan UMPP will set new benchmarks in operating efficiencies of power plants and coal mining in the country, and help our fellow countrymen to avail affordable and reliable electricity for 25 years.

Your Company is committed towards sustainable development for a greener tomorrow. In our quest to become one of India's largest renewable energy companies, we will commission the 100 MW Concentrated Solar Power (CSP) project in Dhursar, Rajasthan this year, to supplement the already operating 40 MW Solar PV plant and 45 MW Wind Power capacity.

Your Company has also made significant progress in the initial development activities in Indonesia, where we own three coal mines capable of producing up to 30 million tonnes per annum.

Fuel availability is currently the biggest challenge faced by power generation companies in the country. Our strategy of owning large captive coal resources is expected to provide us with a significant competitive advantage compared to our peers. These resources will not only provide self-sufficiency for a large proportion of our assets, but also allow us to provide cost competitive and reliable power to large parts of our country.

Performance Review

The highlights of the Company's consolidated financial performance for the year are:

- Total income of ₹ 5,284 crore as compared to ₹ 2,767 crore in the previous year.
- Net profit of ₹ 1,011 crore as compared to ₹ 867 crore in the previous year.
- Earnings Per Share (EPS) (basic and diluted) of ₹ 3.61 as compared to ₹ 3.09 in the previous year.

Corporate Governance

Your Company has always maintained the highest governance standards and practices by adopting, as is the norm for all constituent companies of the Group, the "Reliance Group – Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct". These Policies and Code prescribe a set of systems, processes and principles, which conform to the highest international standards and are reviewed periodically to ensure their continuing relevance, effectiveness and responsiveness to the needs of investors, both local and global, and all other stakeholders.

Social Commitments

We are developing a large portfolio of projects which require substantial use of natural resources such as land, water and minerals. We take adequate care in designing our power generation plants in a manner that optimises the utilisation of land, thereby bringing down the aggregate land requirement and minimising the potential for disruption and displacement of local communities. We are also adopting cleaner technologies related to power generation that reduce the consumption of fuel and water required for plant operations, thereby conserving precious natural resources and contributing to a greener and healthier environment.

Many of the areas in which we are implementing projects are not very well developed, and it is our mission to contribute towards improving the quality of life of the communities living in these areas. Indeed, we believe that our success in executing large-scale generation projects is critically dependent on following a participatory development-oriented approach that strengthens our bond with the local population.

In order to achieve these objectives, we have made significant outlays in healthcare, education and livelihood opportunities for local communities.

Our Commitment

Our founder, the legendary Shri Dhirubhai Ambani, gave us a simple mantra: to aspire to the highest global standards of quality, efficiency, operational performance and customer care. We remain committed to upholding that vision.

Thank you, shareowners, for your continued support in our journey of delivering consistent, competitive, profitable responsible growth.



Anil Dhirubhai Ambani
Chairman

Notice

Notice is hereby given that the 19th Annual General Meeting of the Members of **Reliance Power Limited** will be held on Tuesday, August 27, 2013 at 2.00 P.M. or soon after the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of Reliance Communications Limited convened on the same day, whichever is later, at Birla Matushri Sabhagar, 19, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400 020, to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

1. To consider and adopt the audited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013, the audited Statement of Profit and Loss for the financial year ended on that date and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a Director in place of Shri J. L. Bajaj, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
3. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration and in this regard, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT M/s. Chaturvedi & Shah, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 101720W) and M/s. Price Waterhouse, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 301112E) be and are hereby appointed as Auditors of the Company, to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, on such remuneration as shall be fixed by the Board of Directors."

Special Business:

4. Issue of Securities to the Qualified Institutional Buyers

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"a) RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 81(1A) and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 1956 (the "Act") (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) and enabling provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, the Listing Agreement entered into with the Stock Exchanges and subject to the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 ("SEBI ICDR"), the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulations, 2000, applicable rules, regulations, guidelines or laws and/or any approval, consent, permission or sanction of the Central Government, Reserve Bank of India and any other appropriate authorities, institutions or bodies (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "appropriate authorities"), and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by any one of them while granting any such approval, consent, permission and/or sanction (hereinafter referred to as the "requisite approvals"), which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter called the "Board" which term shall be deemed to include any Committee which the Board may have constituted or hereinafter constitute to exercise its powers including the power conferred by this resolution), the Board be and is hereby authorised to issue, offer and allot equity shares/fully convertible debentures/partly convertible debentures/non convertible debentures with warrants/any other securities (other than warrants), which are convertible

into or exchangeable with equity shares on such date as may be determined by the Board but not later than 60 months from the date of allotment (collectively referred to as "QIP Securities"), to the Qualified Institutional Buyers (QIBs) as per the SEBI ICDR, whether or not such QIBs are Members of the Company, on the basis of placement document(s), at such time or times in one or more tranche or tranches, at par or at such price or prices, and on such terms and conditions and in such manner as the Board may, in its absolute discretion determine, in consultation with the Lead Managers, Advisors or other intermediaries, provided however that the aggregate amount raised by issue of QIP Securities as above shall not result in increase of the issued and subscribed equity share capital of the Company by more than 25 per cent of the then issued and subscribed equity shares of the Company.

- b) RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the relevant date for the determination of applicable price for the issue of the QIP Securities shall be the date on which the Board of the Company decide to open the proposed issue, or the date on which the holder of the securities which are convertible into or exchangeable with equity shares at a later date becomes entitled to apply for the said shares, as the case may be ("Relevant Date").
- c) RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to issue and allot such number of equity shares as may be required to be issued and allotted upon conversion of any Securities referred to in paragraph (a) above or as may be necessary in accordance with the terms of the offering, all such shares shall rank *pari passu* with the then existing shares of the Company in all respects, as may be provided under the terms of the issue and in the offering document.
- d) RESOLVED FURTHER THAT such of these QIP Securities to be issued as are not subscribed may be disposed of by the Board to such person or persons and in such manner and on such terms as the Board may in its absolute discretion think fit in accordance with the provisions of law.
- e) RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the issue to the holders of the Securities with equity shares underlying such securities shall be *inter alia*, subject to suitable adjustment in the number of shares, the price and the time period, etc., in the event of any change in the equity capital structure of the Company consequent upon any merger, de-merger, amalgamation, takeover or any other re-organisation or restructuring in the Company.
- f) RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to any issue or allotment of QIP Securities or instruments representing the same, as described in paragraph (a) above, the Board be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Company to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may at its absolute discretion, deem necessary or desirable for such purpose, including without limitation, the entering into of underwriting, marketing and institution/trustees/agents and similar agreements and to remunerate the Managers, underwriters and all other agencies/intermediaries by way of commission, brokerage, fees and the like as may be involved or connected in such offerings of Securities, with power on behalf of the Company to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to any such issue or allotment as it may in its absolute discretion deem fit.

Notice

g) RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose aforesaid, the Board be and is hereby authorised to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in regard to the issue, offer or allotment of QIP Securities and utilisation of the issue proceeds including but without limitation to the creation of such mortgage/hypothecation/charge on the Company's assets under Section 293(1)(a) of the said act in respect of the aforesaid QIP Securities either on *pari passu* basis or otherwise or in the borrowing of loans as it may in its absolute discretion deem fit without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members or otherwise to the end and intent that the Members shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution.

h) RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred to any Committee of Directors or any other Officer(s)/Authorised Representative(s) of the Company to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

By order of the Board of Directors

Ramaswami Kalidas
Company Secretary

Registered office:
H Block, 1st Floor
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City
Navi Mumbai 400710

May 13, 2013

Notes:

- A Member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting (the "Meeting") is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll, instead of herself/himself and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. The instrument appointing proxy should, however, be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty eight hours before the commencement of the Meeting.**
- Corporate Members are requested to send a duly certified copy of the Board Resolution authorising their representative(s) to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- Members/Proxies should fill in the Attendance Slip for attending the Meeting and bring their Attendance Slips along with their copy of the Annual Report to the Meeting.
- In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- Members who hold shares in electronic form are requested to write their DP ID and Client ID numbers and those who hold share(s) in physical form are requested to write their Folio Number in the Attendance Slip for attending the Meeting to facilitate identification of membership at the Meeting.
- Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice are open for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days, except Saturdays between 11.00 A.M. and 1.00 P.M. up to the date of the Meeting. The certificate from the Auditors of the Company confirming the compliance of the SEBI (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 with respect to the Company's ESOS Plans will be available for inspection at the Meeting.
- The Company's Register of Members and Transfer Books will remain closed from Saturday, August 17, 2013 to Tuesday, August 27, 2013 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the Meeting.
- Members are requested to intimate immediately any change in their address or other mandates to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. The Company or its Registrar and Transfer Agent cannot change mandates for shares in electronic form.
- Members holding shares in physical form are requested to advise any change of address or bank mandates immediately to the Company / Registrar and Transfer Agent, Karvy Computershare Private Limited.
- Pursuant to the provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund (Uploading of information regarding unpaid and unclaimed amounts lying with companies) Rules, 2012, the Company has uploaded the details of unpaid and unclaimed amounts lying with the Company as on September 4, 2012 (date of last Annual General Meeting) on the website of the Company (www.reliancepower.co.in), as also on the Ministry of Corporate Affairs website.
- Non-resident Indian Members are requested to inform Karvy Computershare Private Limited immediately on:
 - the change in the residential status on return to India for permanent settlement; and
 - the particulars of the bank account(s) maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the bank, if not furnished earlier.
- Re-appointment of Director: At the ensuing Meeting, Shri J. L. Bajaj, Director of the Company retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. The details pertaining to Shri J. L. Bajaj required to be provided pursuant to the requirements of Clause 49 of the listing agreement are furnished in its statements on Corporate Governance which forms a part of this Annual Report.
- Members are advised to refer to the section titled "Investor Information" provided in this Annual Report.
- Members are requested to fill in and send the Feedback Form provided in the 'Investor Information' section on the Company's website www.reliancepower.co.in to aid the Company in its constant endeavour to enhance the standards of service to investors.
- An Explanatory statement pursuant to Section 173(2) of the Companies Act, 1956, relating to the special business to be transacted at the Meeting is annexed hereto.
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members

Notice

- holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company / Registrar and Transfer Agent.
17. Members holding shares in single name and physical form are advised to make nomination in respect of their shareholding in the Company.
 18. Members who hold shares in physical form in multiple folios in identical names or joint holding in the same order of names are requested to send the share certificates to Registrar and Transfer Agent, for consolidation into a single folio.
 19. Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses so far are requested to register their e-mail address so that they can receive the Annual Report and other communication from the Company electronically.

Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 173(2) of the Companies Act, 1956 to the accompanying Notice dated May 13, 2013

Item No. 4

Issue of Securities to the Qualified Institutional Buyers

The Company, a Member of the Reliance Group, is engaged in developing, constructing and operating power projects in different parts of the Country. The Company on its own and through its subsidiaries has a large planned portfolio of power generation capacity, both operational as well as under development. In order to part finance such a large portfolio of power projects and to enhance its global competitiveness and ability to compete with the peer groups in the domestic and international markets, the Company needs to strengthen its financial position and net worth by augmenting its long term resources.

For the above purposes as also for meeting the requirements for general corporate purposes, as may be decided by the Board from time to time, it is proposed to seek the enabling authorisation of the Members of the Company in favour of the Board of Directors ("Board" which expression for the purposes of this Resolution shall include any Committee of Directors constituted / to be constituted by the Board), without the need for any further approval from the Members, to undertake the Qualified Institutional Placement ("QIP") with the Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIB"), in accordance with the provisions of Chapter VIII of the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009, as amended from time to time ("SEBI ICDR"), as set out in the special resolution at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice.

In view of the above, the Board may, in one or more tranches, issue, offer and allot equity shares / fully convertible debentures / partly convertible debentures / non convertible debentures with warrants / any other securities (other than warrants), which are convertible into or exchangeable with equity shares on such date(s) as may be determined by the Board but not later than 60 months from the date of allotment (collectively referred to as "QIP Securities"). The QIP Securities proposed to be issued by the Board shall be subject to the provisions of the SEBI ICDR including the pricing, which will not be less than the average of the weekly high and low of the closing prices of the related shares quoted on the stock exchanges during the two weeks preceding the relevant date. The relevant date for the determination of applicable price for the issue of the QIP Securities shall be the date of the meeting at which the Board of the Company decides to open the proposed issue or in case of securities which are convertible into or exchangeable with equity shares at a later date, the date on which the holder of such securities becomes entitled to apply for the said shares, as the case may be.

For the reasons aforesaid, an enabling special resolution is therefore proposed to be passed to give adequate flexibility and discretion to the Board to finalise the terms of the issue. The QIP Securities issued pursuant to the offering would be listed on the Indian stock exchanges.

The proposed issue of QIP Securities as above may be made in one or more tranches such that the aggregate amount raised by the issue of QIP Securities shall not result in the increase in the issued and subscribed equity share capital of the Company by more than 25 per cent of the then issued and subscribed equity shares of the Company as on the relevant date.

The proposed Special Resolution is only enabling in nature and the Board may, from time to time, consider the extent, if any, to which the securities may be issued.

The QIP Securities issued pursuant to the offer, if necessary, may be secured by way of mortgage / hypothecation of the Company's assets as may be finalized by the Board in consultation with the Security Holders / Trustees in favour of Security Holders / Trustees for the holders of the said securities. The security that may have to be created for the purposes of this issue, as above may come within the purview of Section 293(1) (a) of the Companies Act, 1956. Necessary approval has already been accorded by Members of the Company for creation of such Security(s) by passing of resolution at an extraordinary general meeting of members held on September 1, 2007.

Section 81(1A) of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Listing Agreement entered into with the Stock Exchanges, provide, *inter alia*, that where it is proposed to increase the subscribed share capital of the Company by allotment of further shares, such further shares shall be offered to the persons, who on the date of the offer are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion to the capital paid-up on those shares as of that date unless the Members decide otherwise. The Special Resolution seeks the consent and authorisation of the Members to the Board of Directors to offer and issue the QIP Securities, in consultation with the Lead Managers, Legal Advisors and other intermediaries to the offer and issue the QIP Securities to any persons, whether or not they are Members of the Company.

The Board of Directors accordingly recommends the special resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of the Members.

None of the Directors and Manager of the Company is, in any way, deemed to be concerned or interested in the said resolution, except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors

**Ramaswami Kalidas
Company Secretary**

Registered office:
H Block, 1st Floor
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City
Navi Mumbai 400710

May 13, 2013

Reliance Power Limited

Directors' Report

Dear Shareowners,

Your Directors present the 19th Annual Report and the audited accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2013.

Financial Results

The standalone and consolidated performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2013 is summarised below;

Particulars	(₹ in lakh)			
	Financial Year ended March 31, 2013		Financial Year ended March 31, 2012*	
	(Consolidated)	(Standalone)	(Consolidated)	(Standalone)
Total Income	528,377	65,810 [#]	276,678	53,185
Profit before tax	119,961	51,338	95,239	31,094
Less: Provision for taxation	18,815	(55)	8,561	8
Profit after tax	101,146	51,393	86,678	31,086
Add: Surplus in the statement of profit and loss from previous year	179,102	35,221	127,424	39,135
Less: Transfer to General Reserve	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
Balance at the end of the year	245,248	51,614	179,102	35,221

* Figures of previous year have been regrouped and reclassified, wherever required.

[#] Includes exceptional item

Financial Performance

During the year under review, the total Income of the Company was ₹ 65,810 lacs against ₹ 53,185 lakh in the previous year on a standalone basis. The Company has earned a Profit after tax of ₹ 51,393 lacs compared to ₹ 31,086 lacs in the previous year on a stand alone basis.

Dividend

Your Directors have not recommended any dividend on equity shares for the year under review.

Business Operations

The Company is in the business of setting up and operating power projects and in the development of coal mines either directly or through its Subsidiaries. The Company has a large portfolio of power projects and is also developing coal mines in India and Indonesia. Of the power projects which the Company is developing through its Subsidiaries, 2,200 MW are already operational while the other power projects are under various stages of development. The first 660 MW unit of the 6X660 MW Ultra Mega Power Project (UMPP) being developed by its Subsidiary, Sasan Power Limited was commissioned towards the close of the financial year. The Sasan Project is the largest integrated power project in the world with its own captive coal mines to cater to the fuel requirements of the Plant. The first Unit (300MW) of the Power Plant at Butibori being developed by its Subsidiary, Vidarbha Industries Power Limited commenced commercial operations in April 2013.

The second unit of the Butibori Power Project (Capacity 300 MW) and the Wind Power Project at Vashpet, Maharashtra (Capacity 45 MW) are also expected to be commissioned during the current financial year which will make the operational capacity 2545 MW.

The year gone by was significant in that the Company could make significant additions to its capacity.

The portfolio of projects which the Company is developing is diversified with regard to location, fuel and off-take. The projects are spread across various states in India and its coal mines are also

located in Indonesia. A major portion of the power generating capacity would be based on coal as the primary fuel. The others include gas based power projects, hydro-electric power projects and power projects based on renewable energy resources such as solar and wind.

Scheme of Amalgamation

Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company amalgamated into the Company with effect from April 20, 2013, in terms of the Scheme of Amalgamation sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide order dated April 5, 2013. The appointed date was January 1, 2013.

Pursuant to Schemes of Amalgamation approved by the Jurisdictional High Court, Reliance Fuel Resources Limited and Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited which were earlier wholly owned Subsidiaries of the Company have been merged into Vidarbha Industries Power Limited (VIPL) and Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited (DSPPL) effective from April 18, 2013 and May 10, 2013, respectively with appointed date being January 1, 2013. Both VIPL and DSPPL continue to remain subsidiaries of the Company.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review as stipulated under Clause 49 of the listing agreement with the Stock Exchanges in India is presented in a separate section forming part of this Annual Report.

Subsidiaries

During the year, Reliance Green Power Private Limited, has become a step-down wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

During the year, Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (since merged into the Company effective from April 20, 2013), has ceased to be subsidiary of the Company and Reliance Fuel Resources Limited and Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited, (since merged) have ceased to be direct subsidiaries of the Company.

Directors' Report

In accordance with the general circular issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), Government of India (GOI), the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and other documents of the subsidiary companies are not attached with the Balance Sheet of the Company. The Company shall make available the copies of annual accounts of the subsidiary companies and related detailed information to the shareholders of the Company seeking the same. The annual accounts of the subsidiary companies will also be kept for inspection by any shareholder at the Registered Office of the Company and that of the respective subsidiary companies.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Accounting Standard AS-21 prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and the Listing Agreement as prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, the Consolidated Financial Statements presented by the Company form part of this Annual Report.

Directors

In terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, Shri J. L. Bajaj, Independent Director of the Company retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM).

A brief resume of the Director retiring by rotation at the ensuing AGM, nature of expertise in specific functional areas and names of the Companies in which he holds directorship and/or membership/ chairmanships of Committees of the respective Boards, shareholding and relationship between Directors *inter se* as stipulated under Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement with the Stock Exchanges in India, is given in the section on Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to the requirements under Section 217(2AA) of the Companies Act, 1956 with respect to the Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed that:

- in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2013, the applicable Accounting Standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2013 and of the Profit of the Company for that period;
- the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities; and

The particulars as required under clause 12 of SEBI (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 ('SEBI Guidelines'), are as follows :

Sr.	Particulars	ESOS Plan 2010
a.	Total options granted	85,00,000
b.	Pricing formula decided by ESOS Compensation Committee	The exercise price is as per the Plan under the ESOS Scheme
c.	Options vested	85,00,000

- the Directors had prepared the annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2013 on a 'going concern' basis.

Auditors and Auditors' Report

M/s. Chaturvedi & Shah, Chartered Accountants and M/s. Price Waterhouse, Chartered Accountants, Auditors of the Company, hold office until the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting and are eligible for re-appointment.

The Company has received letters from M/s. Chaturvedi & Shah, and M/s. Price Waterhouse, to the effect that their appointment, if made, would be within the prescribed limits under Section 224(1B) of the Companies Act, 1956, and that they are not disqualified from such appointment in terms of Section 226 of the Companies Act, 1956.

The observations and comments given by Auditors in their Report read together with the notes to Accounts are self explanatory and hence do not call for any further comments under Section 217 of the Companies Act, 1956.

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements based on the Financial Statements received from Subsidiaries, as approved by their respective Boards of Directors, have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard 21 (AS-21) on "Consolidated Financial Statements" and Accounting Standard 27 (AS-27) on "Financial Reporting of Interests in Joint Ventures", notified under Section 211(3C) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, as applicable.

Particulars of Employees

In terms of the provisions of Section 217(2A) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Particulars of Employees) Rules, 1975, as amended, the names and other particulars of employees are set out in the Annexure to the Directors' Report. However, having regard to the provisions of Section 219(1)(b) (iv) of the Companies Act, 1956, the Annual Report excluding the aforesaid information is being sent to all the Members of the Company and others entitled thereto. Any Member interested in obtaining such particulars may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company.

Employees Stock Option Scheme

As reported in earlier years, the ESOS Compensation Committee had approved to grant up to 200,00,000 Options exercisable into equal number of fully paid up Equity shares of the Company to eligible Employees of the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Scheme. During the year under review, the Company has not granted any Options to the employees of the Company.

Reliance Power Limited

Directors' Report

Sr.	Particulars	ESOS Plan 2010
d.	Options exercised	Nil
e.	Total number of equity shares arising as a result of exercise of Options	Nil
f.	Options lapsed during the year	Nil
g.	Variation of terms of Options	Nil
h.	Money realized by exercise of options during the year	Nil
i.	Total number of Options in force at the end of the year	85,00,000
j.	Employee wise details of Options granted to :	
i.	Senior Managerial personnel (i.e. Managing Director / Whole-time Director/Manager)	Nil
ii.	Employee who receives grant in any one year of option amounting to 5 % or more of option granted during the year	Nil
iii.	Identified Employees who were granted options, during any one year equal to or exceeding 1 % of the issued capital (excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of the Company at the time of grant	Nil
k.	Diluted Earning Per Share (EPS) pursuant to issue of shares on exercise of Options calculated in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 20	N.A. There would not be any fresh issue of equity shares of the Company upon exercise of Options by employees
l.	The difference between employee compensation cost using intrinsic value method and fair value of the Options and impact of this difference on - Profit - EPS of the Company	₹ Nil ₹ Nil
m.	Weighted- average exercise prices of Options granted during the year where exercise price is less than market price.	Company has not granted any option during the year.
n.	Weighted- average fair values of Options granted during the year where exercise price is less than market price.	Company has not granted any option during the year.
o.	Significant assumptions made in computation of fair value risk-free interest rate, expected life, expected volatility, expected dividends (yield) and the price of the underline share in market at the time of grant	Company has not granted any option during the year.

The Company has received a certificate from the Auditors of the Company that the ESOS Plan 2010 has been implemented in accordance with the SEBI Guidelines and as per the resolution passed by the Members of the Company authorizing the issuance of ESOS.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The particulars as required to be disclosed pursuant to Section 217(1)(e) of the Companies Act, 1956, read with the Companies (Disclosure of Particulars in the Report of Board of Directors) Rules, 1988, are given in Annexure - A forming part of this Report.

Corporate Governance

The Company has adopted the "Reliance Group-Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct" which has set out the systems, processes and policies conforming to international standards. The report on Corporate Governance as stipulated under Clause 49 of the listing agreement with the Stock Exchanges, forms part of this Annual Report.

A Certificate from the Auditors of the Company M/s. Chaturvedi & Shah and M/s. Price Waterhouse, conforming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Clause 49, is attached to this Report.

Business Responsibility Reporting

SEBI vide its Circular CIR/CFD/DIL/8/2012 dated August 13, 2012, has mandated the top 100 listed entities, based on market capitalisation on Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange as at March 31, 2012, to include Business Responsibility Report ("BRR") as part of the Annual Report. In view of FAQ's dated May 10, 2013 issued by SEBI, the BRR has been uploaded on the website of the Company www.reliancepower.co.in/investor information/shareholders. Any shareholder interested in obtaining physical copy of BRR may write to the Company Secretary at the registered office of the Company.

Acknowledgements

Your Directors would like to express their sincere appreciation for the co-operation and assistance received from shareholders, bankers, financial institutions, government authorities, regulatory bodies and other business constituents during the year under review. Your Directors also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the commitment displayed by all executives, officers and staff of the Company, resulting in the successful performance of the Company during the year.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



Anil Dhirubhai Ambani
Chairman

Mumbai
May 13, 2013

Annexure – A

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Information pursuant to Section 217(1)(e) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with the Companies (Disclosure of Particulars in the Report of the Board of Directors) Rules, 1988, as amended and forming part of the Directors' Report for the financial year ended on March 31, 2013:

- a. **Conservation of Energy:** Since the Company has not yet undertaken any manufacturing activity, the particulars with respect to conservation of energy are not applicable. However, the Company is making all efforts to conserve energy by monitoring energy costs and periodically reviews the consumption of energy. It also takes appropriate steps to reduce the consumption through efficiency in usage and timely maintenance / installation / upgradation of energy saving devices.
- b. **Technology Absorption:** The Company has not carried out any research and developmental activities. However, it has been constantly active in harnessing and tapping the latest and best technology in the industry.
- c. **Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:**

Total foreign exchange earnings and outgo for the financial year is as follows:

- a. Total Foreign Exchange earnings : ₹ 1,420 lakh (Previous year ₹ 679 lakh)
- b. Total Foreign Exchange outgo : ₹ 84 lakh (Previous year ₹ 5,734 lakh)

Management Discussion and Analysis

Forward looking statements

Statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of the Company describing the Company's objectives, expectations or predictions may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Forward looking statements are based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events.

The Company cannot guarantee that these assumptions and expectations are accurate or will be realized. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise forward-looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the statement. Important factors that could influence the Company's operations include cost of fuel, determination of tariff and such other charges and levies by the regulatory authorities, changes in government regulations, tax laws, economic developments within the Country and such other factors.

The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention, on accrual basis of accounting, and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (the Act) and comply with the accounting standards notified under Section 211 (3C) of the Act read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006. The management of Reliance Power Limited ("Reliance Power" or "the Company") has used estimates and judgments relating to the financial statements on a prudent and reasonable basis, in order that the financial statements reflect in a true and fair manner, the state of affairs and profit for the year.

The following discussions on our financial condition and result of operations should be read together with our audited consolidated financial statements and the notes to these statements included in the Annual Report.

Unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise requires, all references herein to "we", "us", "our", "the Company", "Reliance" or "Reliance Power" are to Reliance Power Limited and/or its subsidiary Companies.

Economic Outlook

The year 2012-13 turned out to be a difficult one for the Indian economy as the GDP growth rate fell to just 5.0 per cent, the lowest in a decade. The slowdown can be attributed both to domestic and external factors. High fiscal deficit, dependence on foreign inflows to finance the current account deficit (CAD), lower savings and lower investment, a tight monetary policy to contain inflation – all contributed to lowering growth. Global economic growth also fell from 3.9 per cent in 2011 to 3.2 per cent in 2012 primarily because of the Euro crisis and uncertainties in fiscal policy in the US. This further contributed to lowering India's growth. There was a widespread concern in almost all sectors which were affected by the slowdown.

However, recent developments indicate that 2013-14 could turn out to be better. The government has announced several measures in the recent months to curb fiscal deficit and improve the financial health of the Country. Falling crude oil prices should also help in reducing the Current Account Deficit (CAD). Even the RBI has slowly reduced interest rates to provide impetus to growth. The global economy has also shown signs of stabilization with improving financial conditions and investment environment. Improvements in the housing sector and low unemployment rates in the US led to the Dow Jones Industrial Average reaching an all time high in May 2013. Thus, the prospects for 2013-14 look better with projected GDP growth at 5.5 per cent.

Power Sector

As is widely acknowledged, there is a very high degree of correlation between power sector growth and economic growth. Therefore, it is imperative that power sector needs to grow for sustainable economic growth. The power sector faced a slowdown in 2012-13 primarily due to fuel constraints and challenging policy environment. The growth in electricity generation fell to just 4 per cent in 2012-13 compared to 8.1 per cent in 2011-12.

The government is conscious of the difficulties being faced by the power sector and has accordingly initiated steps to revive the investment environment in the sector. A major impediment for the sector has been the undue delay in getting regulatory

Reliance Power Limited

Management Discussion and Analysis

clearances due to lengthy decision making process which involve different ministries both at the Central and State government levels. As a step towards mitigating these problems, the government has established the Cabinet Committee on Investment (CCI) which aims to fast track regulatory clearances and resolve inter ministerial differences at the Central Cabinet level. This is expected to significantly reduce the time taken for obtaining clearances.

The government has recognised that, distribution reforms are also critical for improvement of the financial condition of the power sector. The government has notified a scheme for Financial Restructuring of the State Distribution Companies. Once implemented, this scheme is expected to significantly bolster the financial health of the distribution companies.

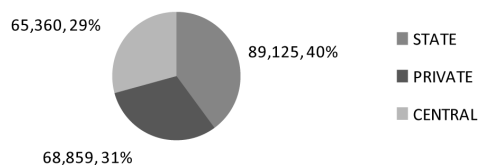
Another major problem plaguing the sector is availability of fuel – both coal as well as gas for power generation. The government, at the highest levels, has been considering various measures for improving fuel availability for power plants including import of coal and gas till domestic production is ramped up. However, the critical issue has been the modalities for passing on the increased cost of fuel. The government has been considering various methods including pooling. Regulators, at the Central and State levels have also been playing an important role in providing a framework under which mutually acceptable solutions could be arrived at for the difficult problems being faced by the power sector. In view of all these measures it is expected that many of the challenges presently being faced by the power sector would be addressed.

Installed generation capacity

The total installed power generation capacity of India as on March 31, 2013 was 223,344 MW of which over 31 per cent was contributed by the private sector.

Sector wise generation capacity (in MW) as on March 31, 2013*

Sector-wise generation capacity: 31 Mar 13 (MW)

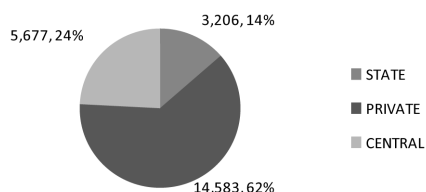


* Excluding captive generation capacity connected to grid Source: CEA

India added generation capacity of 23,467 MW in FY12-13, a 10.6 per cent decrease over the capacity addition in FY11-12. The private sector was the biggest contributor accounting for over 62 per cent of the total capacity added in FY12-13.

Sector wise generation capacity added (in MW) in FY 12-13*

Sector-wise capacity addition FY13 (MW)



* Excluding captive generation capacity Source: CEA

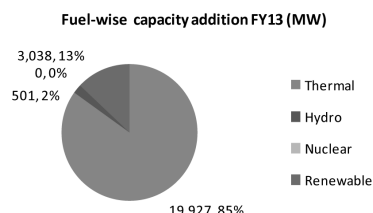
India has been traditionally dependent on thermal power as a source of power generation, which constitutes about 68 per cent of the current capacity. The balance is contributed by hydroelectric power (18 per cent), nuclear (2 per cent), and renewable energy (12 per cent).

Fuel wise generation capacity (in MW) as on 31st March 2013*

Fuel	Installed Capacity (MW)	Share of installed capacity as %
Thermal	151,530	67.8
Coal	130,221	58.3
Gas	20,110	9.0
Diesel	1,200	0.5
Hydroelectric	39,491	17.7
Nuclear	4,780	2.1
Renewable energy	27,542	12.3
Total	223,344	100.0

* Excluding captive generation capacity connected to grid Source: CEA

Fuel wise generation capacity added (in MW) in FY2012-13



* Excluding captive generation capacity Source: CEA

With over three-fourth of the capacity added last year coming from coal based projects and with the capacities under construction biased towards coal based projects, India is expected to remain reliant on coal for achieving its power needs. Consequently, shortage of coal represents the biggest impediment for power generation in India.

Power generation

The total power generation in India during FY12-13 was 911.7 billion units (4.0 per cent higher than FY11-12) and was 1.97 per cent lower than the target estimates set for FY12-13.

Sector wise power generation performance in FY2012-13

Sector	Power generation (billion units)	Percentage share	Percentage of installed capacity as %	Average PLF (thermal) as %
State sector	347.1	38	40	66
Central sector	375.9	41	29	79
Private sector	184.0	20	31	64
Imported	4.8	1		
Total				70

Source: CEA

Fuel wise power generation performance in FY2012-13

Fuel	Power generated (MU)	Share in generation as %	Share in generation capacity as %
Thermal	760	83	68
Hydroelectric	114	4	18
Nuclear	33	12	2
Imported	5	1	0
Total	912	100	100

Source: CEA

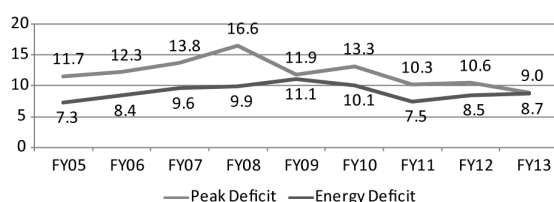
Management Discussion and Analysis

Power Sector Outlook

• Demand and supply outlook

India faces a crippling power crisis. The energy deficit in FY12-13 was 8.7 per cent and the peak power deficit was 9.0 per cent indicating a huge gap between demand and supply of electricity. The following table highlights the deficit situation in the last few years:

Power deficit scenario – all India in the period FY 05-13 (in %)



Source: CEA

• Long term demand and supply outlook

According to the Ministry of Power, India's power generation has to grow five times its current capacity to deliver a sustained GDP growth of 8 per cent till FY31-32. This implies a compounded annual growth rate (CAGR) of 8.2 per cent over 20 years and an average capacity addition of over 38,000 MW every year, nearly three times the capacity addition rate in the XIth Five Year Plan.

Opportunities and threats

In the past decade, the government has taken various initiatives to increase public as well as private investments in the sector to enhance generation capacity and eliminate power deficit. After enacting the Electricity Act in 2003, the government has followed up on the reform agenda with many other policy measures to make power generation attractive for investors. The Electricity Act, 2003, requires the Central Electricity Authority (CEA) to lay out the National Electricity Plan once every five years, revising it from time to time in accordance with the National Electricity Policy. This Plan serves as a roadmap for accelerated growth of the power sector. Now 100 per cent Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is allowed in generation, transmission and distribution segments. These policy initiatives have resulted in building up investor confidence in the power sector and increased participation by the private sector.

In order to attract further private participation in the power sector, the Government of India had announced the Ultra Mega Power Projects (UMPP) scheme under which the government would partner with the private sector for developing large power projects. The policy framework for the power sector encourages developers to put up power projects to sell power through long term Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) at attractive and sustainable returns, and also to sell power through short term contracts (bilateral contracts) or spot markets (unscheduled interchange, power exchanges).

India needs to substantially bridge the gap between demand and supply of electricity for sustained economic growth and to kindle hope in the lives of its people and to accomplish that, the Country needs all sources of power it can get access to. Clean energy from renewable sources, apart from being an environmentally friendly source of power, can also contribute to India's power needs. The potential for generating energy from renewable sources in India is enormous. This potential is currently

estimated at 48,500 MW for wind energy and 25,000 MW for solar. Besides, hydroelectric capacity is estimated at 148,700 MW, of which so far only 25 per cent has become operational.

India's renewable energy capacity has gone up from 7,761 MW 2007 to 27,542 MW now – a growth of over 250 per cent in just six years. With fuel shortage staring India in the face, it has become imperative for the Country to have a focused strategy for renewable energy. The government has initiated steps in this direction, including:

- Policy envisaging that all states should mandatorily meet Renewable Purchase Obligations (RPO) of 5 per cent of total generation.
- Launch of Jawaharlal Nehru National Solar Mission (JNNSM), which aims to ensure that solar energy technologies in the Country achieve grid parity by 2022. It has plans for deployment of 20 GW of solar power by 2022.
- Imposition of carbon cess of ₹ 50 per tonne for all domestic and imported coal based projects. The funds raised will be utilised to drive development in the renewable energy sector.
- Created a framework for issuance and trading of Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) which will allow generators of renewable energy to obtain additional revenues by selling these certificates to the distribution Companies

With increasing focus on environment related issues, power projects employing clean and environment-friendly technology (hydroelectric and other renewable energy sources) are also earning carbon credits.

Key risks and concerns

Power sector is a highly capital intensive business with long gestation periods before commencement of revenue streams (development and construction period of 7-8 years) and an even longer operating period (over 25 years). Since most of the projects have such a long time frame, there are some inherent risks in both the internal and external environment. The Company monitors the external environment and manages its internal environment to mitigate the concerns on a continuous basis. Some of the key concerns being faced by the sector currently are:

1. Coal supply position

Almost 60 per cent of India's generation capacity is coal based. According to the Integrated Energy Policy, by FY31-32, India would require 2,040 million tonnes of coal for power generation, more than five times its current consumption levels. The shortage of coal is so acute that most of the power generation companies are looking at imported coal as a viable alternative to domestic coal.

The total imported non coking coal quantity has increased more than three times within the last five years and is expected to go up at a much faster rate due to the shortage in domestic coal availability. The increase in the prices of imported coal is a matter of serious concern and there is an urgent need to undertake a review of the mechanism for passing on the increasing coal costs to end-consumers.

Realising this, the government has recently announced some policy changes and initiatives in coal mining. Currently coal blocks are awarded to private sector Companies through a Screening Committee. The government has amended the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act,

1957, so that the allocation process by the Screening Committee is replaced by a transparent bidding process.

2. Gas availability position

Natural gas production in the Country has been falling continuously over the last two years primarily due to the fall in production from KG-D6 from a high of over 60 mmscmd in 2010 to less than 16 mmscmd in 2013. This has not only resulted in a significant decrease in the operating performance of existing gas based power plants in the Country but may also impact the performance of upcoming gas based power capacities. High capacity addition of gas based power projects in the last few years may lead to a large number of stranded assets unless a pooling mechanism is implemented by the government.

3. Weak financial condition of electricity distribution Companies

The financial health of electricity distribution Companies (discoms) is an area of major concern threatening the very viability of the power sector. The inability of discoms to generate adequate resources is affecting their ability to make capital investment, borrow funds at competitive rates and make timely payments. Book losses of the utilities are rising with increasing power purchase costs without commensurate increase in tariffs. Further, the Aggregate Technical and Commercial (AT&C) losses of the utilities are still at very high levels.

As per the Power Finance Corporation's report on the performance of State Power Utilities till March 2011, aggregate book losses of the Utilities is almost Rs 62,000 crore. There is a revenue gap of Rs 0.77 for each unit of electricity sold. Even the AT&C losses have lagged the targets and are reported to be about 26 per cent for the Country.

Thus, it is imperative that regular tariff hikes are allowed, in line with the increase in costs with suitable incentives for improvement in their operational efficiencies.

As a step towards improving the financial health of the electricity distribution companies, the government has notified a scheme for Financial Restructuring of the State Distribution Companies. Once implemented this scheme is expected to significantly bolster the financial health of the distribution companies.

4. Execution risk

Power projects are highly capital intensive and have a long development and construction phase thus exposing them to various macroeconomic as well as project specific risks. During the development phase, a project faces the following key risks:

- Delays in statutory approvals and clearances from the authorities
- Delays in land acquisition
- Non-availability or delays in obtaining fuel, water and transmission linkages
- Availability and cost of capital – both equity and debt funding

During the construction stage which covers the period from the commencement of construction till the commissioning of projects, the key risks that need to be monitored are:

- Delays leading to time over-runs
- Increase in project costs leading to cost over-runs
- Challenges in transportation/logistics of equipments
- Hydrological and geological risks in case of hydroelectric projects

During the construction phase, ensuring that all the supply and erection contracts are placed on time and within the cost estimates is a critical challenge and thereafter ensuring that all the vendors and contractors perform their responsibilities as envisaged is a key risk.

Internal control systems and their adequacy

The Company has put in place internal control systems and processes commensurate with its size and scale of operations. An Enterprise Resource Planning System developed by SAP has been implemented in the Company. The system has control processes designed to take care of various control and audit requirements. In addition, the Company has an Internal Audit function, which oversees the implementation and adherence to various systems and processes and preparation of Financial Statements as per Generally Accepted Principles and Practices. Further, the internal audit group also appoints reputed audit firms to undertake the exercise of Internal Audit at various locations. The report of the Internal Auditors is placed at the Audit Committee Meetings of the Board.

Reliance Power has put in place a Risk Management Framework, both at the corporate as well as at the project level, which provides a process of identifying, assessing, monitoring, reporting and mitigating various risks at all levels at periodic intervals. Under the framework the Company has constituted a Risk Management Committee at both the Corporate Level as well as Project Level to continuously monitor, report and mitigate various risks faced. The outcome of this monitoring is reported to the Audit Committee and to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis.

Discussion on Operations of the Company

The Company is in the business of setting up and operating power projects and in the development of coal mines associated with such projects. The Company has identified a large portfolio of power projects and is also developing coal mines. Reliance Power's vision is to become one of the largest integrated power generation and coal mining Companies in the world. Of the power projects which the Company is developing, some are operational while the other power projects are under various stages of development.

i. Rosa, a 1,200 MW coal-based power project in Uttar Pradesh

The Rosa power plant completed another year with excellent operational and financial numbers. In the first full year of 1,200 MW operations, the plant generated 7,952 million units of electricity.

The entire electricity generated from the project is sold to Uttar Pradesh on a regulated tariff basis and the Plant provides power to over 30 lakh households in India's largest state.

ii. Solar Photovoltaic (PV), a 40 MW solar power project in Rajasthan

The 40 MW solar photovoltaic plant in Rajasthan completed its first year of operations. It generated 60 million units of electricity.

Management Discussion and Analysis

iii. Butibori, a 600 MW coal-based power project in Maharashtra

The 600 MW Butibori power plant in Nagpur, Maharashtra is ready for power generation. One 300 MW unit has been commissioned, while the second one has been synchronized.

iv. Sasan Ultra Mega Power Project, a 3,960 MW pithead coal-based Project in Madhya Pradesh

Sasan Power Limited (SPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Power is developing the 6 x 660 MW project in Madhya Pradesh. The first 660 MW super-critical unit of the project was commissioned in March 2013 ahead of the original Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) schedule. This is the first supercritical unit in the portfolio of the Company. Construction work is in progress for the remaining five 660 MW units and the units are expected to be commissioned as per schedule. Coal production from the associated Moher coal mines had already commenced from September 2012.

v. Krishnapatnam Ultra Mega Power Project, a 3,960 MW imported coal-based Project in Andhra Pradesh

Coastal Andhra Power Limited (CAPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company is developing the project. Reliance Power was awarded the Krishnapatnam project following an International Competitive Bidding process and it will be selling power to 11 Procurers covering four states. However, the project is facing issues consequent upon changes in regulations in Indonesia from where coal was intended to be imported for the Project. The Company had issued notice to the procurers for an amicable resolution of the issues under the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA). Since the procurers did not respond to the notice for dispute resolution, the Company has raised a dispute. The procurers on the other hand have initiated the process for terminating the PPA against which the Company has approached the Delhi High court and the matter is sub-judice. The Company has also referred the dispute regarding the validity of termination notice issued by the procurers to the Indian Council of Arbitration. The Company has also filed a petition before the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission seeking appropriate relief without prejudice to the proceedings pending before the Delhi High Court and the arbitration process has already been initiated.

vi. 3,960 MW coal-based power project in Madhya Pradesh

Chitrangi Power Private Limited (CPPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Power, has plans to develop a 3,960 MW coal-based power project at Madhya Pradesh. The coal required for the project is likely to be sourced from the captive coal mines allocated to Reliance Power. The Company intends to sell the power through long term contracts.

vii. Tilaiya Ultra Mega Power Project, a 3,960 MW pithead coal-based power project in Jharkhand

Jharkhand Integrated Power Limited (JIPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Power is developing the Tilaiya Ultra Mega Power Project at Hazaribagh District in Jharkhand. The project was awarded to Reliance Power under international competitive bidding process and the Plant will be selling power to 18 procurers from ten states in Northern, Western and Eastern India. The project would be using coal from the captive coal mine blocks awarded along with the project.

viii. Samalkot Power Project, a 2,400 MW gas based project, in Andhra Pradesh

The Company is implementing, India's largest gas based power project, the 2,400 MW Samalkot project, in Andhra Pradesh and the project is awaiting allocation of gas from the government for generating power.

ix. Hydroelectric Power Projects

The Company is developing various hydroelectric power projects located in Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand. These projects are in different stages of development. Hydroelectric power projects by nature have long gestation periods and require clearances from various authorities before commencement of construction activities. Some of these projects have achieved various milestones and are likely to be developed in the next few years.

x. Renewable Power Projects

The Company has plans to have a portfolio of projects which are based on renewable energy such as Wind and Solar. Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited (RSTEPL), a wholly-owned subsidiary, is developing a 100 MW Concentrated Solar Power project (CSP) in Jaisalmer, Rajasthan. Solar power generated from this plant will be sold to NTPC Vidyut Vyapar Nigam (NVVN). The project is scheduled for commissioning in FY 2013-14. Reliance Clean Power Private Limited, another subsidiary, is developing a 45 MW wind farm in Maharashtra which is also expected to be commissioned in the later half of 2013.

Coal Mines

The Company has been allocated coal mines in India along with the Ultra Mega Power Projects. The Company has prepared mine plans for taking out coal from these mines and the mine plans have been approved by the Ministry of Coal for producing up to 65 MTPA. The Company has also acquired coal mine concessions in Indonesia for which it is finalising plans to produce up to 30 MTPA. The development of the mines are in different stages and are linked to the schedule of the projects for which the coal would be used.

Coal Bed Methane (CBM) Blocks

The Company has stakes in four Coal Bed Methane (CBM) blocks and one oil and gas block. Drilling work has been completed in one of the CBM blocks.

Clean Development Mechanism (CDM)

Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) is one of the three market based mechanisms agreed under the Kyoto Protocol to reduce Greenhouse Gases (GHG). CDM encourages project developers, in the developing countries, to adopt environmental friendly technologies and/or fuels so that the GHG emissions can be reduced. Such reduced GHG emissions will enable the developers of those projects to generate Certified Emission Reductions (CERs). Such a move allows developing countries to implement GHG emission reduction projects in a manner that they assist developed countries to meet their GHG limitation targets in a cost-effective manner.

The Company has successfully registered all its three Ultra Mega Power Projects (UMPPs) with the CDM Executive Board. The three UMPPs would together generate approximately 55 million CERs in the first ten years of their respective operations.

Reliance Power Limited

Management Discussion and Analysis

Health, safety and environment

The Company attaches utmost importance to safety standards at all its installations. Necessary steps are regularly undertaken to ensure the safety of employees and equipment. Both external and internal safety audits are regularly conducted. Mock drills are conducted to gauge emergency and crisis management preparedness. The Board has also constituted a committee to have an oversight on these issues and to monitor and report to the Board, actions being taken in this regard.

Human Resources

The Company has been building up its human resources for the implementation of its large power capacity addition program. The Company has over 1,500 professionals. Teams have been put in place both at the Corporate Office and in all the project locations. The Company has adopted a strategy of putting senior and experienced (in the power sector) professionals as Project Leaders and Functional Heads and teams are being built around them. Considering the fact that many of the power projects are located in remote areas, suitable compensation schemes as well as facilities for townships with education and medical facilities are being planned. The Company also has a Graduate Engineer Trainee Program under which Graduate Engineers are recruited and trained for working in Power Plants. These Graduate Engineers are recruited through a national level competition offering opportunities to all the meritorious candidates across the Country. The Company has installed simulators at various project locations where operational training services are provided.

Discussion on Financial Condition and Financial Performance

Financial Condition

Reliance Power is the Holding Company with the following subsidiary companies which have developed/are developing power projects as given below.

Company	Project
Rosa Power Supply Company Limited	Rosa Stage I and Stage II
Vidarbha Industries Power Limited	Butibori
Sasan Power Limited	Sasan UMPP
Coastal Andhra Power Limited	Krishnapatnam UMPP
Chitrangi Power Private Limited	Chitrangi
Jharkhand Integrated Power Limited	Tilaiya UMPP
Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited	Siyom
Urthing Sobla Hydro Power Private Limited	Urthing Sobla
Tato Hydro Power Private Limited	Tato II
Kalai Power Private Limited	Kalai II
Amulin Hydro Power Private Limited	Amulin
Emini Hydro Power Private Limited	Emini
Mihundon Hydro Power Private Limited	Mihundon
Samalkot Power Limited	Samalkot
Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited	Solar CSP
Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited	Solar PV
Reliance Clean Power Private Limited	Wind Power

An extract of the Consolidated Balance Sheet is placed below:

	(₹ in lakh)	
Particulars	2012-13	2011-12
Shareholders' Fund	1,858,258	1,757,112
Long Term Borrowings	2,421,457	1,426,271
Other Non Current Liabilities	295,847	387,257
Current Liabilities	617,824	355,254
Total	5,193,386	3,925,894
Fixed Assets	3,928,657	2,836,902
Other Non Current Assets	381,322	519,088
Current Investments	4,010	141,046
Other Current Assets	879,397	428,858
Total	5,193,386	3,925,894

Long term borrowings have increased to ₹ 24,214.57 crore from ₹ 14,262.71 crore.

Fixed assets have increased to ₹ 39,286.57 crore from ₹ 28,369.02 crore.

Current investments were at ₹ 40.10 crore in FY13 end as compared to ₹ 1,410.46 crore in FY12 end.

Financial Performance

An extract of the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss is placed below:

	(₹ in lakh)	
Particulars	2012-13	2011-12
Income		
Sale of energy	492,488	195,839
Income from Other Operations	171	6,082
Dividend Income	1,275	16,663
Profit on redemption of MFs	842	19,780
Miscellaneous Income	33,601	38,314
Total	528,377	276,678
Expenditure		
Cost of Fuel consumed	256,207	112,854
Purchase of energy/coal rejects	38,517	689
Other Operating Expenditure	702	3,848
Employee Benefits Expenses	8,034	5,961
General, Administration & Other Expenses	17,910	16,180
Depreciation / Amortization	28,513	12,145
Finance Cost	58,533	29,762
Total	408,416	181,439
PBT	119,961	95,239
Taxes	18,815	8,561
PAT	101,146	86,678
EPS (Rupees) (basic and diluted)	3.61	3.09

Corporate Governance Report

Our corporate governance philosophy

Reliance Power follows the highest standards of corporate governance principles and best practices by adopting the "Reliance Group – Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct" as is the norm for all constituent companies in the group. These policies prescribe a set of systems and processes guided by the core principles of transparency, disclosure, accountability, compliances, ethical conduct and the commitment to promote the interests of all stakeholders. The policies and the code are reviewed periodically to ensure their continuing relevance, effectiveness and responsiveness to the needs of our stakeholders.

Governance practices beyond regulatory requirements

Our governance practices go beyond the mere letter of statutory and regulatory requirements. With this in mind, we have formulated a number of policies and introduced the following set of governance practices:

A. Values and commitments

We have set out and adopted policy documents on 'values and commitments' of Reliance Power. We believe that any business conduct can be ethical only when it rests on the nine core values viz. honesty, integrity, respect, fairness, purposefulness, trust, responsibility, citizenship and caring.

B. Code of ethics

Our policy document on 'code of ethics' demands that our employees conduct the business with impeccable integrity and by excluding any consideration of personal profit or advantage.

C. Business policies

Our 'Business Policies' cover a comprehensive range of issues such as fair market practices, insider information, financial records and accounting integrity, external communication, work ethics, personal conduct, policy on prevention of sexual harassment, health, safety, environment and quality.

D. Separation of the Board's supervisory role from the executive management

In line with the best global practices, we have adopted the policy of separating the Board's supervisory role from the executive management. We have also split the offices of Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer.

E. Prohibition of insider trading policy

This document contains the policy on prohibiting trading in the equity shares of the Company, based on inside or privileged information.

F. Policy on prevention of sexual harassment

Our policy on prevention of sexual harassment aims at promoting a productive work environment and protects individual rights against sexual harassment.

G. Whistle Blower policy

Our Whistle Blower policy encourages disclosure in good faith of any wrongful conduct on a matter of general concern and protects the whistle blower from any adverse personnel action.

H. Environment policy

The Company is committed to achieving excellence in environmental performance, preservation and promotion of clean environment. These are of fundamental concern in all our business activities. A dedicated Committee of the Board comprising of majority of Independent Directors has been set up to address environmental aspects, safety, security, rehabilitation and resettlement of persons affected by the Company's projects. As a voluntary initiative, the above is indicative, of the Company's commitment as a responsible corporate citizen to promote a clean and green environment and discharge its responsibilities to the Society.

I. Risk management

Our risk management procedures ensure that the management controls various business related risks through means of a properly defined framework.

J. Boardroom practices

i. Chairman

In line with the highest global standards of corporate governance, the Board has delinked the Chairman's role from that of an executive in managing day-to-day business affairs.

ii. Board charter

The Board of Directors has adopted a comprehensive charter, which sets out clear and transparent guidelines on matters relating to the composition of the Board, the scope and functions of various Board committees, etc.

iii. Board committees

The Board has, *inter alia*, constituted the Audit Committee, Nomination/Remuneration Committee, Shareholders/Investors Grievance Committee and Environment, Health, Safety, Security, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Committee.

iv. Tenure of independent director

Tenure of independent directors on the Board of the Company shall not extend beyond nine years, subject to their re-appointment on retirement by rotation as per statutory provisions.

v. Independent director's interaction with shareholders
Comment

Member(s) of the Shareholders / Investors Grievances Committee interact with shareholders on their suggestions and queries, if any, which are forwarded to the Company Secretary.

vi. Lead independent director

Recognizing the need for a representative and spokesperson for the independent directors, the board has appointed an independent director as the lead independent director.

Dr. Yogendra Narain is the lead independent director as designated by the Board. The position of the lead independent director is rotated.

vii. Training of Board Members

The Board members are periodically given formal orientation and training with respect to the Company's vision, strategic direction, core values including ethics, corporate governance practices, financial matters and business operations. The Directors are facilitated to get familiar with the Company's functions at the operational levels. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Committee Meetings, on business and performance updates of the Company, global business environment, business strategy and risks involved. The Board members are also provided with the necessary documents/brochures, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarize themselves with the Company's procedures and practices.

Periodic updates and training programs for Board members are also conducted on relevant statutory changes and landmark judicial pronouncements encompassing important laws.

viii. Meeting of independent directors with operating teams

The independent directors of the Company meet in executive sessions with the various operating teams as and when they deem necessary. These discussions may include topics such as, operating policies and procedures, risk management strategies, measures to improve efficiencies, performance and compensation, strategic issues for Board consideration, flow of information to directors, management progression and succession and others as the independent directors may determine. During these executive sessions, the independent directors have access to members of management and other advisors, as the independent directors may determine and deem fit.

ix. Commitment of Directors

The meeting dates for the entire financial year are scheduled at the beginning of the year and an annual calendar of meetings of the board and its committees is circulated to the directors. This enables the directors to plan their commitments and facilitates their attendance at the meetings of the board and its committees.

K. Governance practices being followed to promote the interests of our stakeholders

We have introduced several trend setting governance practices to improve stakeholders satisfaction. Some of the major ones among them are:

i. Employees

In our relentless pursuit of driving, 'operational excellence', and our resolve to make Reliance Power a "Great Place to Work", we focus on evolving efficient and agile organization structures, relentlessly driving capability, leadership and culture building and acquiring, developing and retaining high quality talent. We review and revise our Human Resources (HR) policies constantly to align them to the market and industry benchmarks, making them increasingly transparent and employee-friendly. These policies have

been extensively communicated to employees and automated.

We have a dedicated service portal which offers various online HR services and facilities to employees. Some of these facilities are; details of current and past salaries, income-tax computations, attendance and leave management, goal setting with relevant Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), potential assessment module, performance evaluation system, feedback mechanism, reward and recognition policy, grievance redressal system, exit interviews, training and development module, etc.

We will shortly conduct an employee engagement survey through an independent external organisation aimed to identify the areas of strengths as well as those which need improvement. The results of this survey will be communicated to all employees and appropriate action will be taken to enhance employee satisfaction based on their feedback.

We have institutionalised a leadership development process, linked to Reliance DNA & leadership competencies, which identifies high potential talent on a periodic basis and provides necessary learning interventions to help them take on larger responsibilities and roles.

ii. Shareholders

The Company recognizes the importance of two-way communication with shareholders and of giving a balanced report of results and progress and responds to questions and issues raised in a timely and consistent manner. To ensure this, the Company's corporate website; www.reliancepower.co.in has information for institutional and retail shareholders alike. Shareholders seeking information may contact the Company directly throughout the year. They also have an opportunity to ask questions in person at the Annual General Meeting. Shareholders can contact RPower via dedicated shareholders contact points as provided in this report or through any of Investor Service Centers of the Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents spread in more than 80 branches across India, details of which are available on the Company's website.

iii. Lenders

The Company has been prompt in honouring all debt obligations to its lenders.

iv. Society

The Company, in keeping with its Corporate Social Responsibility policy, focuses on healthcare, education, and other social initiatives. As part of the above initiative, a dedicated Committee of the Board addresses issues relating to the environment, health, safety, security and rehabilitation and resettlement of persons affected at the Company's project sites.

L. Role of the Company Secretary in Governance Process

The Company Secretary plays a key role in ensuring that the Board procedures are followed and regularly reviewed. The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information,

Corporate Governance Report

details and documents are made available to the directors and senior management for effective decision making at the meetings. The Company Secretary is primarily responsible to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and is the interface between the management and regulatory authorities for governance matters. All the Directors of the Company have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary.

M. Independent Statutory Auditors

The Company's accounts are audited by a panel of two independent audit firms namely:

M/s Price Waterhouse, Chartered Accountants

M/s Chaturvedi & Shah, Chartered Accountants

N. Compliance with the code and rules of Luxembourg Stock Exchange

The Global Depository Receipts (GDR) issued by RNRL which have been vested into the Company pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Jurisdictional High Court on October 15, 2010, have been listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (LSE). The Company has reviewed the code on corporate governance of LSE, though the same is not applicable to the Company. However, the Company's corporate governance practices conform to these codes and rules.

O. Compliance with clause 49 of the listing agreement

The Company is fully compliant with the mandatory requirements of Clause 49 of the listing agreement formulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

We present our report on compliance of governance conditions specified in Clause 49 of the listing agreement:

I. Board of Directors

1. Board Composition – Board strength and representation

The current strength of the Board of Directors of the Company is four.

The composition of and the category of directors on the Board of the Company during the year was as under:

Category	Names of Directors
Promoter, Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director	Shri Anil Dhirubhai Ambani, Chairman
Independent Directors	Shri J. L. Bajaj Dr. Yogendra Narain
Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director	Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi

Notes:

- None of the Director is related to any other director.
- None of the Director has any business relationship with the Company.
- None of the Director has received any loans and advances from the Company during the year.

All the independent Directors of the Company furnish a declaration at the time of their appointment as also annually that they qualify the conditions of their being independent. Such declarations are placed before the Board.

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, is the Company Secretary pursuant to the requirements of Section 383A of the Companies

Act, 1956. He has also been made the Manager of the Company in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, for a period of five years with effect from May 27, 2011.

2. Conduct of Board proceedings

The day-to-day business is conducted by the executives and the business heads of the Company under the direction of the designated CEO and the supervision of the Board led by the Chairman. The Board holds a minimum of four meetings every year to review and discuss the performance of the Company, its future plans, strategies and other pertinent issues relating to the Company.

The Board performs the following specific functions in addition to overseeing the business and the management:

- review, monitor and approve major financial and business strategies and corporate actions;
- assess critical risks facing the Company – review options for their mitigation;
- provide counsel on the selection, evaluation, development and compensation of senior management;
- ensure that processes are in place for maintaining the integrity of:
 - the Company;
 - the financial statements;
 - compliance with law;
 - relationship with all the stakeholders;
- delegation of appropriate authority to the senior executives of the Company for effective management of operations.

3. Board meetings

The Board held five meetings during FY 2012-13 on the following dates:

May 24, 2012, August 14, 2012, November 5, 2012, January 25, 2013 and March 23, 2013.

The maximum time gap between any two meetings was 82 days and the minimum gap was 56 days.

The Board periodically reviews compliance reports of all laws applicable to the Company.

4. Standards issued by ICSI

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) has issued 'Secretarial Standards' on key corporate functions like Board meetings, General meetings, Payment of Dividend, Maintenance of Registers and Records, Minutes of Meetings, Transmission of Shares and Debentures, Passing of Resolutions by Circulation, Affixing of common Seal, Forfeiture of Shares and Board's Report.

Although these standards are not mandatory, the Company adheres to them voluntarily.

5. Attendance of Directors and other Directorships

Attendance of the Directors at the Board Meetings held during financial year 2012-13 and the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 4, 2012, details of directorships (calculated as per provisions of Sections 275 and 278 of the Companies Act, 1956), Committee Memberships and the Committee Chairmanships, held by directors as on March 31, 2013 are as under:

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Name of Director	Number of Board Meetings attended during the financial year	Attendance at the Last AGM held on 04-09-2012	No. of Directorships (including RPower)	Committee(s) position (including RPower)	
				Member	Chairman
Shri Anil Dhirubhai Ambani	5 out of 5	Present	8	1	None
Shri J. L. Bajaj	5 out of 5	Present	6	3	2
Dr. Yogendra Narain	5 out of 5	present	2	2	1
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi	5 out of 5	Present	2	3	None

Notes:

- The information provided above pertains to the following committees constituted in accordance with the provisions of Clause 49 of the listing agreement: i. Audit Committee, ii. Shareholders/Investors Grievance Committee.
- Membership of committees includes chairmanship, if any.

6. Other directorships

None of the Directors hold directorships in more than 15 public limited companies.

7. Membership of Board committees

None of the Directors have membership in more than 10 committees of the Board and Chairmanship of more than 5 committees of the Board, across the Companies with which they are associated as Directors.

8. Details of Directors

The abbreviated resumes of all directors is furnished hereunder:

Shri Anil D. Ambani

Regarded as one of the foremost corporate leaders of contemporary India, Shri Anil D. Ambani, 54, is the Chairman of Reliance Communications Limited, Reliance Capital Limited, Reliance Infrastructure Limited and Reliance Power Limited. He is also on the board of Reliance Infratel Limited and Reliance Anil Dhirubhai Ambani Group Limited. He is the President of the Dhirubhai Ambani Institute of Information and Communication Technology, Gandhinagar, Gujarat. The Group companies are engaged in leading businesses that provide cutting edge services to empower and enrich the lives of one out of every five Indians. He is a member of Shareholders and Investors Grievance Committee of Reliance Communications Limited.

An MBA from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania, Shri Ambani is credited with having pioneered several path breaking financial innovations in the Indian capital markets. He spearheaded the country's first forays into the overseas capital markets with international public offerings of global depository receipts, convertibles and bonds. Under his Chairmanship, the constituent companies of the Reliance Group had raised nearly US\$ 7 billion from global financial markets in a period of less than 3 years.

Shri Ambani has been associated with a number of prestigious academic institutions in India and abroad. He is currently a member of:

- Wharton Board of Overseers, The Wharton School, USA.
- Executive Board, Indian School of Business (ISB), Hyderabad.

Shri Ambani is also recognized by the Indian government as a visionary and torch bearer for the overall growth and development of modern infrastructure in the country. He is a regular invitee to top level consultation programmes that the Prime Minister's Office and other key central ministries conduct with corporate leaders in India towards creating and reforming policies and regulatory frameworks for the infrastructural growth in the country. The Prime Minister has recently nominated Shri Ambani as the Co-Chair from the Indian side of the India-China CEO Forum. In recent years, Shri Ambani has also been a trend setter for Corporate India in achieving multi-billion dollar investments from leading financial institutions in the US and China for infrastructure development in India.

As on March 31, 2013, Shri Anil D. Ambani held 4,65,792 equity shares in the Company including 1,000 shares held jointly with AAA Project Ventures Private Limited.

Shri J. L. Bajaj, 74, is former Chairman of Uttar Pradesh Electricity Regulatory Commission (UPERC). He retired from the Indian Administrative Service in the rank of Secretary to Government of India. In the Government of India, he held positions as Advisor (Industry) Planning Commission and Additional Secretary in the Department of Economic Affairs. He was also Chairman, Administrative Reforms and Decentralisation Commission, Agriculture Production Commissioner, Secretary Planning and Secretary Finance in the Government of Uttar Pradesh. He has conducted studies for national and international institutions including the World Bank, Department for International Development (DFID) and United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). He has advised Governments and institutions in Malaysia, Sri Lanka, Jamaica, China and Mongolia as well as State Governments in India. He has authored a number of books and articles which have been published in national and international journals. He is on the Board of IL&FS Trust Company Limited, Uttarakhand Power Corporation Limited, Power Transmission Corporation of Uttarakhand Limited and UJVN Limited. He is also the Chairman of Rosa Power Supply Company Limited, as a nominee of Reliance Power Limited.

He is a Member of audit committee of IL&FS Trust Company Limited, Power Transmission Corporation of Uttarakhand Limited and Uttarakhand Power Corporation Limited and Chairman of Audit committee as well as Shareholders/Investors Grievances Committee of the Company. He is also chairman of the Audit Committee of Rosa Power Supply

Corporate Governance Report

Company Limited and UJVN Limited. Shri Bajaj holds 27 shares of the Company as of March 31, 2013.

Dr. Yogendra Narain, 70, is a former Secretary-General, Rajya Sabha – the Upper House of the Parliament of India. Dr Yogendra Narain retired from the Indian Administrative Services after serving for over 42 years. He has worked in various capacities in the administration in the State of Uttar Pradesh and the Government of India. He served as Principal Secretary, Power and Irrigation, Uttar Pradesh. He also served as the Principal Secretary to the Governor, Uttar Pradesh; as Secretary, Ministry of Surface Transport, Government of India; Chief Secretary, Government of Uttar Pradesh and Defence Secretary to the Government of India. He is also the founder-Chairman of the Greater NOIDA Industrial Development Authority and the founder-Chairman of the National Highways Authority of India. Dr Narain holds degrees such as B.Sc., M.A. (Political Science), Diploma in Development Economics, M. Phil and Ph. D.

He is a Member of the Audit Committee, the Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee of the Company. He is also the Chairman of the Environment, Health, Safety, Security, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Committee of the Board. He is also Chairman of Sasan Power Limited as a nominee of Reliance Power Limited. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee in the said Company. Dr Narain does not hold any shares in the Company as of March 31, 2013.

Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi, 70, is a former Chairman & Managing Director of Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited. He has also been a Member of the Atomic Energy Commission, Government of India and Chairman of World Association of Nuclear Operators (WANO), Tokyo Centre and also a Governor in the International WANO Board, London for 2 years. Dr Chaturvedi is a gold medalist in mechanical engineering (1965 batch) from Vikram University and later he did his post-graduation in nuclear engineering from BARC training school, Mumbai. He has over 47 years of experience in relation to design, construction, commissioning and operation of nuclear power plants. He was conferred the 'Padma Shri', one of India's highest civilian awards in the year 2001. He is also a recipient of number of other prizes and awards.

He is presently a Member of the Audit Committee and the Shareholders / Investors Grievances Committee of the Company and Chairman of the Nomination / Remuneration Committee. He is also a Director in Reliance Infrastructure Limited and a Member of the said Company's Shareholders / Investors Grievances Committee.

Dr. Chaturvedi does not hold any shares in the Company as of March 31, 2013.

9. Insurance Coverage

The Company has obtained Directors and Officers liability insurance coverage in respect of any legal action that might be initiated against Directors and Officers.

II. Audit Committee

In terms of Clause 49 of the listing agreement as well as Section 292A of the Companies Act, 1956, the Board has constituted the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. During the financial year 2012-13, the Audit Committee

consisted of Shri J. L. Bajaj, Dr. Yogendra Narain and Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi. The Audit Committee is chaired by Shri J. L. Bajaj, who has wide experience on economic and financial issues. All Members of the Committee are financially literate. The Audit Committee, *inter alia*, advises the management on areas where systems, processes, measures for controlling and monitoring revenue assurance, internal audit can be improved. The minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee are placed before the Board. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in accordance with all the items listed in Clause 49(II) of the listing agreement as follows:

- i. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- ii. Recommending to the Board, the appointment, re-appointment and, if required, the replacement or removal of the statutory auditors and fixation of audit fees.
- iii. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- iv. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of Clause (2AA) of Section 217 of the Companies Act, 1956;
 - b. changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c. major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e. compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f. disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - g. qualifications in the draft audit report.
- v. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- vi. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency, monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter.
- vii. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of internal control systems.

- viii. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- ix. Discussion with internal auditors any significant findings and follow up thereon.
- x. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- xi. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- xii. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults, if any, in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- xiii. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism.
- xiv. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e. the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualification, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- xv. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
- xvi. To review financial statements of Subsidiary companies, in particular, its Investments.
- xvii. Review of information by Audit Committee:
 - a. Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
 - b. Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
 - c. Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - d. Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses and;
 - e. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee has the following powers:

- i. to investigate any activity within its terms of reference.
- ii. to seek information from any employee.
- iii. to obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- iv. to secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

Attendance at the meetings of the Audit Committee held during 2012-13

The Audit Committee held its meetings on May 24, 2012, August 14, 2012, September 4, 2012 November 5, 2012, December 8, 2012, January 25, 2013 and February 27, 2013. The maximum gap between any two meetings was 81 days and the minimum gap was 20 days.

Members	Meetings held	Meetings attended
Shri J. L. Bajaj, Chairman	7	7
Dr. Yogendra Narain	7	7
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi	7	6

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting.

The meetings considered all the points in terms of its reference at periodic intervals.

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, Company Secretary, acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

During the year, the Committee discussed with the Company's Auditors the overall scope and plans for an independent audit. The Management represented to the Committee that the Company's financial statements were prepared in accordance with prevailing laws and regulations. The Committee discussed the Company's audited financial statements, the rationality of significant judgments and the clarity of disclosures in the financial statements. Based on the review and discussions conducted with the Management and the auditors, the Audit Committee believes that the Company's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with prevailing laws and regulations in all material aspects.

The Committee has also reviewed the internal controls put in place to ensure that the accounts of the Company are properly maintained and that the accounting transactions are in accordance with the prevailing laws and regulations. In conducting such reviews, the Committee found no material discrepancy or weakness in the internal control systems of the Company. The Committee also reviewed the financial policies of the Company and expressed its satisfaction with the same. The Committee, after review expressed, its satisfaction on the independence of both the internal and the statutory auditors.

Based on the Committee's discussion with the Management and the auditors and the Committee's review of the representations of the Management, the Committee has recommended the following to the Board of Directors:

1. The audited annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2013, be accepted by the Board as a true and fair statement of the financial status of the Company.
2. The audited abridged financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2013, be accepted by the Board as a true and fair statement of the financial status of the Company.
3. The audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries for the year ended March 31, 2013, be accepted by the Board as a true and fair statement of the financial status.

Corporate Governance Report

4. The audited abridged consolidated financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries for the year ended March 31, 2013, be accepted by the Board as a true and fair statement of the financial status.

III. Nomination / Remuneration Committee

The Nomination/Remuneration Committee of the Board has been constituted to formulate from time to time (a) processes for selection and appointment of new directors and succession plans and (b) recommend to the Board from time to time, a compensation structure for directors and the Manager. The Nomination/Remuneration Committee comprises of Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi, Dr. Yogendra Narain and Shri J. L. Bajaj. Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi is the Chairman of the Committee.

The Committee met once during the year to recommend the remuneration payable to the Manager for the year 2012-13.

Details of service contract:

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, was appointed as the Manager for a period of 5 years effective from May 27, 2011.

Managerial remuneration policy

The Nomination / Remuneration Committee determines and recommends to the Board, the compensation of the directors and the manager. The key components of the Company's remuneration policy are:

- compensation will be a major driver of performance.
- compensation will be competitive and benchmarked with a select group of companies from the utility sector.
- compensation will be transparent, fair and simple to administer.
- compensation will be fully legal and tax compliant.

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, Company Secretary, acts as the Secretary to the Nomination / Remuneration Committee.

All the directors, being non-executive, were paid only sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and its committees, as under:

Details of Sitting Fees paid to non-executive directors during the year 2012-13

₹ in lakh		
Name	Position	Sitting Fees
Shri Anil D. Ambani	Chairman	1.00
Shri J. L. Bajaj	Director	3.80
Dr. Yogendra Narain	Director	3.80
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi	Director	3.40
Total		12.00

Notes :

- The Company did not pay any amount to directors by way of salary and perquisites.
- The Company did not pay any amount to directors by way of commission.
- The Company has so far not issued any stock options to its directors.

- There were no other pecuniary relationships or transactions of non-executive directors vis-à-vis the Company.
- Pursuant to the limits approved by the Board, all non-executive directors are paid sitting fees of ₹ 20,000 for attending each meeting of the Board and its committees.

IV. Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee

During the year, the Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee comprised of Shri J. L. Bajaj as Chairman, Dr. Yogendra Narain and Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi as Members.

Karvy Computershare Private Limited, has been appointed to act as Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company.

The Committee, *inter alia*, approves issue of duplicate certificates and oversees and reviews all matters connected with transfer of securities of the Company. The Committee also monitors redressal of investor's grievances. Particulars of investors' grievances received and redressed are furnished in the Investor Information section of this Report. The Committee oversees the performance of the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company and recommends measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services. The Committee also monitors implementation and compliance of the Company's Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading in pursuance of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992.

The Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee held its meetings on May 24, 2012, August 14, 2012, November 5, 2012 and January 25, 2013 and the maximum gap between any two meetings was 82 days and the minimum gap was 80 days.

Attendance of members at the meetings of the Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee held during FY 2012-13:

Members	Meetings held	Meetings attended
Shri J. L. Bajaj	4	4
Dr Yogendra Narain	4	4
Dr V. K. Chaturvedi	4	4

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, Company Secretary, acts as the Secretary to the Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee.

V Environment, Health, Safety, Security, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Committee

The Committee comprises of the following Directors:

- Dr. Yogendra Narain
- Shri J. L. Bajaj
- Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi

Dr. Yogendra Narain is the Chairman of the committee.

The terms of reference of the Committee *inter alia* include the following:

- Review of the Company's health, safety, security and the environmental policies and performance including processes to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- Reporting to the Board periodically on health, safety, security, environment and rehabilitation issues affecting the Company.

- Develop a policy on rehabilitation and resettlement of persons affected by the Company's projects which can be seamlessly integrated with the Company's business objectives.

In achieving its objectives, the Committee shall, where necessary collaborate with local NGOs and voluntary Agencies.

The Committee held two meetings during the year on August 14, 2012 and January 25, 2013. The meetings were attended by all the Members of the Committee.

VI. Compliance Officer

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, the Company Secretary is also the Compliance Officer for complying with the requirements of SEBI Regulations and the Listing Agreements with the Stock Exchanges. He has also been appointed as Manager with effect from May 27, 2011, for a period of five years.

VII. Employees Stock Option Scheme (ESOS) Compensation Committee

The ESOS Compensation Committee comprised of three directors i.e. Dr. Yogendra Narain, Shri J. L. Bajaj, Independent Directors and Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi, Non-executive non independent Director. Dr. Yogendra Narain is the Chairman of the Committee. The Committee did not meet physically during the year.

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, Company Secretary, acts as the Secretary to the ESOS Compensation Committee.

VIII. Employee Stock Option Scheme

In order to share the growth in value and reward the employees for having participated in the success of the Company, our Employee Stock Option Scheme (the Scheme) has been implemented by the Company to the eligible employees based on specified criteria under Employee Stock Option Plans, which covers eligible employees of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The Plan has been prepared in due compliance of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and other applicable laws. The Options will vest at the end of one year from the date of Grant and shall be eligible for exercise up to a period of nine years from the date of Vesting under the Plan.

IX. General Body Meetings

The Company held its last three Annual General Meetings as under :

Financial Year	Date and Time	Whether Special Resolution(s) passed or not
2011-12	September 4, 2012 – 2.00 p.m.	Yes Issue of equity shares to the Qualified Institutional Buyers
2010-11	September 27, 2011 – 2.00 p.m	Yes 1. Issue of equity shares to the Qualified Institutional Buyers 2. Raising of resources through Issue of Securities in the International Markets
2009-10	September 28, 2010 – 10.00 a.m.	No

The above Annual General Meetings were held at Birla Matushri Sabhagar, 19, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400 020.

X. Postal Ballot

The Company has not conducted any Postal Ballot during the financial year 2012-13.

None of the businesses proposed to be transacted in the ensuing Annual General Meeting require passing of a special resolution through postal ballot.

XI. Means of communication

a. **Quarterly Results:** Quarterly Results are published in one English daily newspaper circulating in the whole or substantially the whole of India and in one daily Marathi vernacular newspaper and are also posted on the Company's website www.reliancepower.co.in.

b. **Media Releases and Presentations:** Official media releases are sent to the Stock Exchanges before their release to the media for wider dissemination. Presentations made to media, analysts, institutional investors, etc. are posted on the Company's website.

c. **Website:** The Company's website contains a separate dedicated section 'Investor Information'. It contains comprehensive database of information of interest to our investors including the financial results and Annual Report of the Company, any price sensitive information disclosed to the regulatory authorities from time to time, business activities and the services rendered/facilities extended by the Company to our investors, in an user friendly manner. The basic information about the Company as called for in terms of clause 54 of the Listing Agreement with the Stock Exchanges is provided on the Company's website and the same is updated regularly.

d. **Annual Report:** Annual Report containing, *inter alia*, Audited Annual Accounts, Consolidated Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to members and others entitled thereto. The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Report forms part of the Annual Report and is displayed on the Company's website.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), Government of India, has taken a "Green Initiative in the Corporate Governance" by allowing paperless compliances by companies vide General Circular 17/2011 dated April 21, 2011 in terms of which a company would have ensured compliance with the provisions of Section 53 of the Act, if service of documents have been made through electronic mode. In such a case, the Company has to obtain e-mail addresses of its members for sending the notices / documents through e-mail giving an advance opportunity to each shareholder to register their e-mail address and changes therein, if any, from time to time with the Company.

The Company has welcomed the Green Initiative and accordingly has e-mailed to all those Members whose e-mail IDs are available with the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent, the soft copies of the Unabridged Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2013.

Corporate Governance Report

e. Corporate Filing and Dissemination System (CFDS):

The CFDS portal jointly owned, managed and maintained by BSE and NSE is a single source to view information filed by listed companies. All disclosures and communications to BSE & NSE are filed electronically through the CFDS portal and hard copies of the said disclosures and correspondence are also filed with the stock exchanges.

f. Unique Investor helpdesk: Exclusively for investor servicing, the Company has set up a unique investor Help Desk with multiple access modes as under:

Toll free no. (India) : 1800 4250 999
Telephone no. : +91 40 4030 8000
Fax no. : +91 40 2342 0859
E-mail : rpower@karvy.com
Post your request : <http://kcpl.karvy.com/adag>

g. Designated e-mail ID: The Company has also designated the e-mail-id reliancepower.investors@relianceada.com for investor servicing.

h. SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES)

The investors' complaints are also being processed through the centralized web base complaint redressal system. The salient features of SCORES are availability of centralised database of the complaints, uploading online action taken reports by the Company. Through SCORES the investors can view online, the actions taken and current status of the complaints.

i. NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS)

The NEAPS is web based system designed by NSE for corporates. The Shareholding Pattern and Corporate Governance Report are also filed Electronically on NEAPS.

j. BSE Corporate Compliance & Listing Centre (the "Listing Centre"): The Listing Centre of BSE is a web based application designed by BSE for corporates. All periodical compliance filings like shareholding pattern, corporate governance report, media releases, etc. are also filed electronically on the Listing Centre.

- (b) Financial statements, in particular the investments made by the subsidiary companies, are reviewed quarterly by the Audit Committee of the Company.
- (c) A statement containing all significant transactions and arrangements entered into by the subsidiary companies is placed before the Audit Committee.
- (d) Quarterly review of Risk Management process by the Risk Management Committee / Board.
- (e) One of the Independent Directors is nominated to the Board of the Subsidiaries as and when a Subsidiary becomes a "material unlisted subsidiary" within the meaning of the above expression in accordance with Clause 49 of the listing agreement. Keeping in view the above requirement, Shri J. L. Bajaj and Dr. Yogendra Narain, Independent directors have been nominated as Independent directors on the boards of Rosa Power Supply Company Limited and Sasan Power Limited respectively.

3. Disclosures

- a.** There has been no instance of non-compliance by the Company on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years and no penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any other statutory authority.

b. Related Party Transactions

The details of all significant transactions with related parties are periodically placed before the Audit Committee. The Company has entered into related party transactions as set out in the notes to accounts, which are not likely to have a conflict with the interest of the Company. The related party transactions with subsidiary companies and others are disclosed in the Notes to Accounts.

c. Accounting Treatment

In the preparation of financial statements, the Company has followed the Accounting Standards as prescribed under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, as applicable. The Accounting Policies followed by the Company to the extent relevant, are set out elsewhere in this Annual Report.

d. Risk Management

The Company has laid down a robust Risk Management Policy defining Risk profiles involving Strategic, Technological, Operational, Financial, Organisational, Legal and Regulatory risks within a well defined framework. The Risk Management Policy acts as an enabler of growth for the Company by helping its businesses to identify the inherent risks, assess, evaluate and monitor these risks continuously and undertake effective steps to manage these risks.

A Risk Management Committee (RMC) under the Chairmanship of the designated CEO consisting of Senior Executives of the Company periodically reviews the robustness of the Risk Management Policy. The periodical updates on the Risk Management practices and mitigation plan of the Company and subsidiaries

XII. Compliance with other mandatory requirements

1. Management Discussion and Analysis

A Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of this annual report and it includes discussions on various matters specified under clause 49(IV)(F) of the listing agreement.

2. Subsidiaries

All the subsidiary companies are managed by their respective Boards. Their Boards have the rights and obligations to manage such companies in the best interest of their stakeholders. The Company monitors performance of its subsidiary companies, *inter alia*, by the following means:

- (a) All minutes of Board meetings of the subsidiary companies are periodically placed before the Company's Board.

is presented to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee and Board periodically review such updates and findings and suggest areas where internal controls and risk management practices can be improved.

e. Code of Conduct

The Company has adopted the code of conduct and ethics for directors and senior management.

The code had been circulated to all the members of the Board and senior management and the same has been put on the Company's website www.reliancepower.co.in. The Board members and senior management have affirmed their compliance with the code and a declaration signed by the Manager of the Company appointed in terms of the Companies Act, 1956 [i.e the CEO within the meaning of clause 49(V) of the listing agreement] is given below:

"It is hereby declared that the Company has obtained from all members of the Board and senior management personnel affirmation that they have complied with the code of conduct for Directors and senior management of the Company for the year 2012-13."

Ramaswami Kalidas
Manager

f. CEO and CFO Certification

The Chief Financial Officer and the Manager of the Company give certification on financial reporting and internal controls to the Board as required under Clause 49(V) of the Listing Agreement.

g. Review of Directors' Responsibility Statement

The Board in its report has confirmed that the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2013 have been prepared as per applicable accounting standards and policies and that sufficient care has been taken for maintaining adequate accounting records.

XIII. Policy on insider trading

The Company has formulated a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading ('the Code') in accordance with the guidelines specified under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer under the Code responsible for complying with the procedures, monitoring adherence to the rules for the preservation of price sensitive information, pre-clearance of trades, monitoring of trades and implementation of the Code of Conduct under the overall supervision of the Board. The Company's Code, *inter alia*, prohibits purchase and/or sale of shares of the Company by an insider, while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and also during certain prohibited periods. The Company's updated Code is available on the Company's website.

XIV. Compliance with Clause 5A of the Listing Agreement

As per Clause 5A(I) of the Listing Agreement, the Company reports the following details in respect of equity shares lying in suspense account relating to Initial Public Offer (IPO), Bonus Issue and the issue of shares pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement between the Company and Reliance Natural Resources Limited and Others.

Particulars	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares
i. Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares lying in suspense account as on April 1, 2012	5,912	1,54,502
ii. Number of shareholders who approached issuer for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year 2012 - 13	59	1,588
iii. Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year.	59	1,588
iv. Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares lying in suspense account as on March 31, 2013	5,853	1,52,914

The voting rights on the shares outstanding in the suspense account as on March 31, 2013 shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.

As per Clause 5A(II) of the Listing Agreement, the Company has sent the third reminders for the shares issued in the physical form pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement between Reliance Natural Resources Limited ('RNRL') and Reliance Power Limited ('the Company' or 'RPower') and others as approved by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay, vide its order dated October 15, 2010, which remain unclaimed. Wherever the shareholders have claimed the shares, after proper verification, the share certificates were dispatched to them.

The remaining 10,31,989 unclaimed shares were dematerialised and transferred into one folio under the nomenclature of "Unclaimed Suspense Account" in accordance with the requirement of the listing agreement. The details of aforesaid account is as under;

Particulars	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares
i. Aggregate number of shareholders transferred to suspense account	90,635	10,31,989
ii. Number of shareholders who approached issuer for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year 2012-13	425	10,957
iii. Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year.	425	10,957
iv. Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares lying in suspense account as on March 31, 2013	90,210	10,21,032

Corporate Governance Report

XV. Compliance with non-mandatory requirements

1 Tenure of independent directors on the Board

The tenure of Independent Directors on the Board of the Company shall not exceed nine years in aggregate.

2 Nomination/Remuneration Committee

The Board has set up a Nomination/Remuneration Committee details whereof are furnished at serial No III of this Report.

3 Disclosures

The quarterly financial results including summary of significant events of relevant period are published in newspapers and posted on the website of the Company.

4 Audit qualifications

There are no audit qualifications on the financial statements of the Company for the year 2012-13.

5 Training of Board members

A programme has been devised to train Board members in the business model of the Company, risk profile of the business parameters and their responsibilities as directors.

6 Whistle blower policy

The Company has formulated a policy to prohibit managerial personnel from taking adverse action against employees who are disclosing in good faith alleged wrongful conduct on matters of public concern involving violation of any law, mismanagement, gross waste or misappropriation of public funds, substantial and specific danger to public health and safety or an abuse of authority.

The policy also lays down the mechanism for making enquiry into whistle blower complaints received by the Company. Employees aware of any alleged wrongful conduct are encouraged to make a disclosure to the audit committee.

Employees knowingly making false allegations of alleged wrongful conduct to the audit committee shall be subject to disciplinary action. No personnel of the Company has been denied access to the Grievance Redressal mechanism of the Company.

XVI. Corporate Governance Voluntary Guidelines 2009

The Company has ensured substantially, compliance with most of the guidelines issued by the Ministry of corporate Affairs on Corporate Governance in the year 2009 notwithstanding that they are subject to only voluntary compliance by Corporates.

XVII. General shareholder information

The mandatory and various additional information of interest to investors are voluntarily furnished in a separate section on 'Investor Information' elsewhere in this Annual Report.

Auditor's certificate on corporate governance

The Auditor's certificate on compliance of clause 49 of the listing agreement relating to corporate governance is published elsewhere in this report.

Review of governance practices

We have in this report attempted to present the governance practices and principles being followed at Reliance Power, as evolved over a period, and as best suited to the needs of our business and stakeholders.

Our disclosures and governance practices are continually revisited, reviewed and revised to respond to the dynamic needs of our business and to ensure that our standards are at par with the globally recognised practices of governance, so as to meet the expectations of all our stakeholders.

Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance

To
The Members of Reliance Power Limited

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Reliance Power Limited ('the Company'), for the year ended March 31, 2013 as stipulated in Clause 49 of the Listing Agreements of the Company with the stock exchanges in India.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our examination was carried out in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance (as stipulated in Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement), issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned Listing Agreements.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Price Waterhouse
Firm Regn. No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh
Partner
Membership No. 55913
Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Regn. No: 101720 W
Chartered Accountants

C D Lala
Partner
Membership No. 35671
Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

Investor Information

IMPORTANT POINTS

Hold Securities in Dematerialized Form

Investors should hold their securities in dematerialized form as the same is beneficial due to the following:-

- A safe and convenient way to hold securities;
- Elimination of risks associated with physical certificates such as bad delivery, fake securities, delays, thefts, etc.
- Immediate transfer of securities;
- No stamp duty on electronic transfer of securities;
- Reduction in transaction cost;
- Reduction in paperwork involved in transfer of securities;
- No odd lot problem, even one share can be traded;
- Availability of nomination facility;
- Ease in effecting change of address as change with Depository Participants gets registered with all companies in which investor holds securities electronically;
- Easier transmission of securities as the same is done by Depository Participants for all securities in demat account;
- Automatic credit into demat account of shares, arising out of bonus/split/consolidation/merger, etc.

Hold Securities in Consolidated form

Investors holding shares in multiple folios are requested to consolidate their holdings in single folio. Holding of securities in one folio enables shareholders to monitor the same with ease.

Register for SMS alert Facility

Investor should register with Depository Participants for the SMS alert facility. Both National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited alert investors through SMS of the debits and credits in their demat account.

Submit Nomination Form and avoid transmission hassle

Nomination helps nominees to get the shares transmitted in their favour without any hassles. Investors should get the nomination registered with the Company in case of physical holding and with their Depository Participants in case of shares are held in dematerialized format.

Form may be downloaded from the Company's website, www.reliancepower.co.in under the section "Investor Information". However, if shares are held in dematerialised form, nomination has to be registered with the concerned Depository Participants directly, as per the format prescribed by the Depository Participants.

Deal only with SEBI Registered Intermediaries

Investors should deal only with SEBI registered intermediaries so that in case of deficiency of services, investor may take up the matter with SEBI.

Corporate Benefits in Electronic Form

Investors holding shares in physical form should opt for corporate benefits like split, bonus, etc. in electronic form by providing their demat account details to Company's RTA.

Register e-mail address

Investors should register their email address with the Company / DPs. This will help them in receiving all communications from the Company electronically at their email address. This also avoids delay in receiving communications from the Company. Prescribed form for registration may please be downloaded from the Company's website.

Book closure dates for the purpose of AGM

Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Saturday, August 17, 2013 to Tuesday, August 27, 2013 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of AGM.

Annual General Meeting (AGM)

The 19th Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held on Tuesday, August 27, 2013 at 2.00 P.M. or soon after the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of Reliance Communications Limited convened on the same day, whichever is later, at Birla Matushri Sabhagar, 19, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400 020.

Financial Year of the Company

The financial year of the Company is from April 1 to March 31, each year.

Website: The Company's website www.reliancepower.co.in contains a separate dedicated section called 'Investor Relations'. It contains comprehensive data base of information of interest to our investors including the financial results, annual reports, any price sensitive information disclosed to the regulatory authorities from time to time, business activities and the services rendered/facilities extended to our investors.

Dedicated e-mail ID for investors: For the convenience of our investors, the Company has designed an e-mail ID for investors i.e. reliancepower.investors@relianceada.com

Permanent Account Number (PAN) for transfer of shares in physical form mandatory

SEBI vide its Circular dated May 20, 2009 has stated that for securities market transactions and off-market transactions involving transfer of shares in physical form of listed companies, it shall be mandatory for the transferee(s) to furnish copy of PAN card to the Company's RTA for registration of such transfer of shares.

Facility for a Basic Services Demat Account (BSDA)

SEBI has stated that all the depository participants shall make available a BSDA for the shareholders who have only one demat account with (a) No Annual Maintenance charges if the value of holding is upto ₹ 50,000 and (b) Annual Maintenance charges not exceeding ₹ 100 for value of holding from ₹ 50,001 to ₹ 2,00,000. (Refer Circular CIR/MRD/DP/22/2012 dated 22nd August, 2012).

Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA)

Karvy Computershare Private Limited

Unit: Reliance Power Limited

Madhura Estates, Municipal No. 1-9/13/C

Plot No. 13 & 13C, Madhapur Village

Hyderabad 500 081, Andhra Pradesh, India

Toll free no. (India) : 1800 4250 999

Tel no. : +91 40 4030 8000

Fax no. : +91 40 2342 0859

e-mail : rpower@karvy.com

Post your request : <http://kcpl.karvy.com/adag>

Shareholders/Investors are requested to forward share transfer documents, dematerialisation requests and other related correspondence directly to Karvy Computershare Private Limited at the above address for speedy response.

Investor Information
Share Transfer System

Shareholders / investors are requested to send share certificate(s) along with the share transfer deed in the prescribed Form 7B, duly filled in executed and affixed with the share transfer stamp, to the Company's RTA. If the transfer documents are in order, the transfer of shares is registered within 7 days of receipt of transfer documents by Company's RTA.

Unclaimed fractional bonus warrants

The Company had issued fractional bonus warrants to the members in lieu of their fractional entitlements to bonus shares pursuant to the bonus shares allotted to them on June 11, 2008. Members who have not so far encashed their fractional bonus warrants or have not received the fractional bonus warrants are requested to seek issuance of duplicate fractional bonus warrants. Members may write to Karvy Computershare Private Limited, the RTA of the Company for payment of the unclaimed amount against the fractional warrants.

The amount remaining unclaimed for a period of 7 years from the date, on which the funds were made available for distribution amongst members entitled against fractional bonus shares is required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

Unclaimed fractional warrants - Composite Scheme of Arrangement

The Company had issued to the shareholders of Reliance Natural Resources Limited ('RNRL') fractional warrants against the sale proceeds arising out of the consolidation and disposal of their fractional entitlements consequent upon the Composite Scheme of Arrangement between Reliance Natural Resources Limited ('RNRL') and Reliance Power Limited ('the Company' or 'RPower') and others, as approved by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay, vide its order dated October 15, 2010. Members who have not so far encashed their fractional warrants or have not received the fractional warrants are requested to seek issuance of duplicate fractional warrants by communicating with our RTA, Karvy Computershare Private Limited, for payment of their unclaimed amounts due.

The amount remaining unclaimed for a period of 7 years from the date, on which the funds were made available for distribution amongst members entitled against fractional share as per the Scheme, is required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2013

Category of Shareholders	As on 31.03.2013		As on 31.03.2012	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
A Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group				
i. Indian	210,38,44,849	75.00	225,58,96,656	80.42
ii. Foreign	-	-	-	-
Total shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group	210,38,44,849	75.00	225,58,96,656	80.42
B Public Shareholding				
i. Institutions	31,97,90,692	11.40	19,03,31,073	6.79
ii. Non-Institutions	38,09,05,115	13.58	35,83,04,890	12.78
Total Public Shareholding	70,06,95,807	24.98	54,86,35,963	19.56
C Shares held by Custodians and against which depository receipts have been issued	5,85,810	0.02	5,93,847	0.02
Grand Total (A+B+C)	280,51,26,466	100.00	280,51,26,466	100.00

Distribution of shareholding

Number of shares	Number of Shareholders as on 31.03.2013		Total shares as on 31.03.2013		Number of Shareholders as on 31.03.2012		Total shares as on 31.03.2012	
	Holders	%	Shares	%	Holders	%	Shares	%
1 - 500	4219372	98.08	204875754	7.31	44,55,814	98.43	21,07,52,493	7.52
501 - 5,000	78519	1.83	88758339	3.16	68,099	1.50	7,40,83,032	2.64
5,001 - 1,00,000	3313	0.08	48361367	1.72	2,506	0.06	3,76,68,207	1.34
1,00,001 and above	279	0.01	2463131006	87.81	252	0.01	248,26,22,734	88.50
Total	4301483	100.00	2805126466	100.00	45,26,671	100.00	280,51,26,466	100.00

Dematerialisation of shares

The Company has admitted its shares to the depository system of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for dematerialisation of shares. The International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company is INE614G01033. The equity shares of the Company are compulsorily traded in dematerialized form as mandated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

The equity shares of the Company are actively traded on BSE and NSE.

Status of Dematerialisation of Shares

Out of total 280,51,26,466 equity shares, 279,55,18,280 equity shares constituting 99.66 per cent of total equity share capital are held in dematerialized form with NSDL and CDSL as on March 31, 2013.

Reliance Power Limited

Investor Information

Investors' grievances attended

Received from	Received during April to March		Redressed during April to March		Pending as on	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12	31.03.2013	31.03.2012
Securities and Exchange Board of India	171	189	171	189	0	0
Stock Exchanges	26	54	26	54	0	0
NSDL/CDSL	0	6	0	6	0	0
Other (ROC)	0	11	0	11	0	0
Direct from investors	131	338	131	338	0	0
Total	328	598	328	598	0	0

Analysis of Grievances

Particulars	Number		%	
	2012-13	2012-13	2011-12	2011-12
Non receipt of Refund Orders / Credit of shares	14	4.27	12	2.01
Non receipt of Refund Orders	153	46.65	254	42.47
Non Credit of Shares / Others	105	32.01	215	35.95
Non Credit of bonus Shares / Others	7	2.13	0	0.00
Non receipt of fractional warrants	24	7.32	97	16.22
Non receipt of Annual Report	25	7.62	20	3.34
Total	328	100.00	598	100.00

There was no complaint pending as on March 31, 2013.

Notes:

- The shareholder base was 43,01,483 as of March 31, 2013 and 45,26,671 as of March 31, 2012.
- Investors' queries/ grievances are normally attended within a period of three days from the date of receipt thereof, except in cases involving external agencies or compliance with longer procedural requirements specified by the authorities concerned. The queries and grievances received correspond to 0.008 per cent of the total number of members as of March 31, 2013.

Legal proceedings

There are certain pending cases relating to non-receipt of refund orders and non-credit of shares in demat account, in which the Company has been made a respondent. These cases are however, not material in value.

Equity Capital Build-up

Dates	Particulars of issue	No. of shares (in '000)	Cumulative No. of shares (in '000)	Nominal value of shares (₹ in crore)
Up to 31.01.2008	Allotment(s) made prior to Initial Public Offering (IPO)	20,00,000	20,00,000	2,000.00
01.02.2008	Allotment of shares pursuant to Initial Public Offering (IPO)	2,60,000	22,60,000	2,260.00
11.06.2008	Issue of Bonus shares	1,36,800	23,96,800	2,396.80
12.11.2010	Allotment of shares pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement between Reliance Natural Resources Limited and the Company	4,08,283	28,05,083	2,805.08
25.03.2011	Allotment of shares pursuant to conversion of 4.928 per cent Foreign Currency Convertible Bond	43	28,05,126	2,805.13

Stock Exchange Listings

1. Stock Exchanges on which the shares of the Company are listed

- | | |
|--|---|
| i. National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE)
Exchange Plaza, Plot No. C/1, G Block
Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East),
Mumbai 400 051
website : www.nseindia.com | ii. BSE Limited (BSE)
Phiroz Jeejeebhoy Towers
Dalal Street
Mumbai 400 001
website : www.bseindia.com |
|--|---|

Investor Information
Payment of Listing Fees

Annual listing fees for the year 2013-14 (as applicable) has been paid by the Company to the Stock Exchanges.

2. Stock Exchange on which Company's Global Depository Receipts (GDRs) are listed (Effective from May 17, 2011)

Luxembourg Stock Exchange Undertaking
Societe de la Bourse de Luxembourg, S.A.
BP 165 / L-2011 Luxembourg
www.bourse.lu

3. Depository for GDR holders

Depository
Deutsche Bank Trust
Company Americas, 60
Wall Street
New York 10005

Custodian
Deutsche Bank AG
Mumbai Branch
222, Kodak House
Post Box No.1142
Fort, Mumbai 400 001

Stock Codes/Symbol

BSE Limited : 532939
National Stock Exchange of India Limited : RPOWER
ISIN for equity shares : INE614G01033

Security Code for GDRs

	ISIN	CUSIP	Common Code
Rule 144A GDRs	US75950V1035	75950V103	056264027
Regulation S GDRs	US75950V2025	75950V202	056264019

Note : The GDRs have been admitted for listing on the official list of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and for trading on the Euro MTF Market. The Rule 144A GDRs have been accepted for clearance and settlement through the facilities of the DTC, New York. The Regulation S GDRs have been accepted for clearance and settlement through the facilities of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Stock Price and Volume
Monthly high and low quotations as also the volume of shares traded on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE)

Financial Year 2012 - 13	BSE			NSE		
	High ₹	Low ₹	Volume No. of shares	High ₹	Low ₹	Volume No. of shares
April '12	123.7	99.35	25649516	123.70	99.25	86632325
May '12	108.10	88.00	25652160	108.15	88.25	87399127
June '12	108.05	87.05	33720421	108.10	87.00	101647035
July '12	111.35	86.70	27425465	111.35	86.70	82310440
August '12	94.90	75.50	31939799	94.90	75.20	102617566
September '12	100.55	75.80	33751008	100.55	75.60	107810933
October '12	106.70	90.50	27962954	106.70	90.30	91320539
November '12	99.85	87.85	19008257	99.90	87.80	68572437
December '12	102.80	91.00	47283959	102.80	91.00	175349988
January '13	98.50	88.40	31980799	98.50	88.25	115933060
February '13	93.25	71.30	30353888	93.25	71.00	110223389
March '13	76.50	58.55	26348267	76.50	58.55	85214903

An Index Scrip

The Equity shares of the Company are actively traded on bourses and included in almost all indices i.e. BSE-100, BSE-200, BSE-500, BSE Carbonex, BSE Power, S&P CNX 500, CNX 200, CNX 100, S&P CNX Defty, CNX Infrastructure, CNX Energy, CNX Service and Futures and Options Trading, CNX High Beta.

Share Price Performance in comparison with broad based indices - Sensex (BSE) and Nifty (NSE) as on March 31, 2013

Period	RPower	Sensex	Nifty
FY 2012-13	-47.35 per cent	8.23 per cent	7.31 per cent
2 years	-52.54 per cent	-3.13 per cent	-2.59 per cent
3 years	-58.83 per cent	7.46 per cent	8.26 per cent

Note: The equity shares of the Company were listed on BSE and NSE effective from February 11, 2008.

Reliance Power Limited

Investor Information

Key Financial Reporting Dates for the Year 2013-14

Unaudited Results for the First Quarter ending June 30, 2013	: On or before August 14, 2013
Unaudited Results for the Second Quarter / half year ending September 30, 2013	: On or before November 14, 2013
Unaudited Results for the Third Quarter ending December 31, 2013	: On or before February 14, 2014
Audited Results for the Financial Year 2013-14	: On or before May 30, 2014

Depository Services

For guidance on depository services, shareholders may write to the Company's RTA or National Securities Depository Limited, Trade World, A Wing, 4th and 5th Floors, Kamala Mills Compound, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013, website: www.nsdl.co.in or Central Depository Services (India) Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, 17th Floor, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400 023, website: www.cdsindia.com.

Communication to Members

The quarterly unaudited financial results of the Company are announced within 45 days of the end of the respective quarters. The Audited Accounts of the Company are announced within 60 days from the close of the financial year. The Company's media releases and details of significant developments are also made available on the Company's website. In addition, these are published in leading newspapers.

Reconciliation of share capital audit

The Securities and Exchange Board of India has directed that all issuer companies shall submit a certificate reconciling the total shares held in both the depositories, viz. NSDL and CDSL and in physical form with the total issued/ paid up capital. The said certificate, duly certified by a qualified chartered accountant/ company secretary is submitted to the stock exchanges where the securities of the Company are listed within 30 days of the end of each quarter and the certificate is also placed before the Board of Directors of the Company.

Investors' correspondence may be addressed to the Registrar of the Company:

Shareholders / Investors are requested to forward documents related to share transfer, dematerialisation requests (through their respective Depository Participant) and other related correspondence directly to Karvy Computershare Private Limited at the below mentioned address for speedy response.

Karvy Computershare Private Limited
Unit: Reliance Power Limited
Madhura Estate, Municipal No. 1-9/13/C
Plot No. 13 & 13C, Madhapur Village
Hyderabad 500 081, Andhra Pradesh, India

Shareholders / Investors can also send their complaints /grievances and other correspondence to the Compliance Officer of the Company at the following address:

Company Secretary and Manager
Reliance Power Limited
H Block, 1st Floor
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City
Navi Mumbai 400 710
Tel : +91 22 3038 5565
Fax : +91 22 3038 5169
E-mail : reliancepower.investors@relianceada.com

Plant Locations

The Company's subsidiary companies have their plants located as under;

Name of the Subsidiary Company	Plant Capacity	Plant Location
Rosa Power Supply Company Limited	1,200 MW Coal Power	Administrative Block, Hardoi Road, P.O. Rosar Kothi, Tehsil : Sadar, Rosar Kothi, Shahjahanpur, 242 401 U.P.
Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited	40 MW Solar Power	Village Dhursar, Dist. Jaisalmer, Rajasthan
Vidarbha Industries Power Limited	600 MW Coal Power (2 x 300 MW)	Butibori, Dist. Nagpur, Maharashtra
Sasan Power Limited	3,960 MW Coal Power (6 x 660 MW)	Village : Sasan, Madhya Pradesh

In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries are in process of setting up power generation plants at various locations which are in different stages of implementation as given in detail in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report.

Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements

To the Members of Reliance Power Limited

Report on the financial statements

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Reliance Power Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, which we have signed under reference to this report.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

2. The Company's Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of 'the Companies Act, 1956' of India (the "Act"). This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence, about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

6. In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the accompanying financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give

a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2013;
- (b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Emphasis of matter

7. We draw attention to Note 9 of the financial statements regarding accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme of Amalgamation approved by the Honourable High Court of Bombay on April 5, 2013 (Scheme), pursuant to which a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (RCEPL, the transferor company) has been amalgamated with the Company. According to the aforesaid Scheme, the excess arising on transfer of assets and liabilities of the transferor Company has been credited to the capital reserve (arisen pursuant to the Scheme); the Company has written off Rs. 60,001 lakhs being the amount of its cancelled investment in RCEPL in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in accordance with the Scheme has withdrawn an equivalent amount of general reserve to offset the impact in its Statement of Profit and Loss. Had the Scheme not prescribed the above accounting treatment, the withdrawal of equivalent amount of general reserve and accounting for investments as explained above would have not been done and consequently the profits would have been higher by the said amount and the general reserve larger to the same extent. There is no impact on profit before tax on accounting of this Scheme. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

8. As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003', as amended by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) (Amendment) Order, 2004', issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of section 227 of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the "Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.
9. As required by section 227(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit;

Reliance Power Limited

Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements

- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Act;

- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2013, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2013, from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Act.

For Price Waterhouse
Firm Regn. No: 301112E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh
Partner
Membership No. 55913

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Regn. No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

C. D. Lala
Partner
Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 8 of the Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Reliance Power Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

1. (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of fixed assets.
(b) The fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
(c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a substantial part of fixed assets has not been disposed off by the Company during the year.
2. The Company does not have any inventory. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4(ii) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
3. (a) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Act.
(b) The Company has not taken any loans, secured or unsecured, from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Act.
4. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of fixed assets and for the sale of services. Further, on the basis of our examination of the books and records of the Company, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across nor have been informed of any continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in the aforesaid internal control system.
5. According to the information and explanations given to us, there have been no contracts or arrangements that need to be entered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Act.
6. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 58A and 58AA of the Act and the rules framed there under.
7. In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with its size and the nature of its business.
8. The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 209 of the Act for any of the services provided by the Company.
9. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, investor education and protection fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such applicable statutory dues as at March 31, 2013 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, customs duty and excise duty which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>10. The Company has no accumulated losses as at the end of the financial year and it has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year ended on that date or in the immediately preceding financial year.</p> <p>11. According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to any financial institution or bank as at the balance sheet date.</p> <p>12. The Company has not granted any loans and advances on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities.</p> <p>13. The provisions of any special statute applicable to chit fund/ nidhi/ mutual benefit fund/ societies are not applicable to the Company.</p> <p>14. In our opinion, the Company is not dealing in or trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments.</p> <p>15. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of the guarantees given by the Company for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions during the year, are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.</p> <p>16. The Company has not raised any term loans. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 4(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.</p> <p>17. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term investment.</p> | <p>18. The Company has not made any preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the register maintained under Section 301 of the Act during the year.</p> <p>19. The Company has not issued any debentures during the year and does not have any debentures outstanding as at the beginning of the year and at the year end.</p> <p>20. The Company has not raised any money by public issues during the year. The Management has disclosed the end use of monies during the year, out of public issue raised in the earlier year, refer note 7 in the notes to accounts of the financial statements, which we have verified.</p> <p>21. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud on or by the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.</p> |
|---|---|

For Price Waterhouse
Firm Regn. No: 301112E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh
Partner
Membership No. 55913

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Regn. No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

C. D. Lala
Partner
Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

Reliance Power Limited

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3.1	280,513	280,513
Reserves and surplus	3.2	1,402,006	1,345,670
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term provisions	3.3	304	175
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	3.4	187,778	-
Trade payables	3.5	861	2,757
Other current liabilities	3.6	3,228	1,698
Short-term provisions	3.7	70	44
Total		1,874,760	1,630,857
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Fixed Assets:			
Tangible assets	3.8	8,234	8,547
Intangible assets	3.8	174	252
Capital work-in-progress		-	901
Intangible assets under development		41	321
Non-current investments	3.9.1	1,465,718	944,394
Long-term loans and advances	3.10	164,999	412,449
Other non-current assets	3.11	14,957	16,038
Current assets			
Current investments	3.9.2	500	17,518
Trade receivables	3.12	192	1,915
Cash and bank balances	3.13	55,682	20,595
Short-term loans and advances	3.14	154,893	187,669
Other current assets	3.15	9,370	20,258
Total		1,874,760	1,630,857

Significant accounting policies

2

Notes on financial statements

3 to 25

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner

Membership No. 55913

C. D. Lala

Partner

Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anil D. Ambani

Chairman

**J. L. Bajaj
Dr. Yogendra Narain
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi**

} Directors

J. P. Chalasani

Chief Executive Officer

Ramaswami Kalidas

Company Secretary and Manager

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
Revenue from operations	3.16	1,201	6,612
Other income	3.17	23,884	46,573
Total revenue		25,085	53,185
Expenses:			
Purchase of coal rejects		-	689
Fuel handling and service charges		-	3,847
Employee benefits expense	3.18	4,763	3,865
Finance costs	3.19	2,206	6,034
Depreciation and amortisation expenses		314	293
Administration and other expenses	3.20	7,189	7,363
Exchange loss on settlement of 4.928% Convertible Bonds		-	13,588
Less: Equivalent amount withdrawn from general reserve		-	(13,588)
Total expenses		14,472	22,091
Profit before exceptional items, adjustments and taxation		10,613	31,094
Exceptional item			
Gain on redemption of investment in subsidiary	23	40,725	-
Profit before adjustments and taxation		51,338	31,094
Adjustments:	9		
Investments in Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (Previous year – Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited) (wholly owned subsidiaries) written-off pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation		60,001	20,005
Less: Equivalent amount withdrawn from general reserve		(60,001)	(20,005)
Profit before taxation		51,338	31,094
Provision for taxation			
Current tax		-	-
Income tax for earlier years		(55)	8
Profit for the year		51,393	31,086
Earnings per equity share: (Face value of Rs. 10 each)	17		
Basic and Diluted (Rupees)		1.83	1.11
Significant accounting policies	2		
Notes on financial statements	3 to 25		
The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.			

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner
Membership No. 55913

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W
Chartered Accountants

C. D. Lala

Partner
Membership No. 35671

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Anil D. Ambani

Chairman

**J. L. Bajaj
Dr. Yogendra Narain
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi**

} Directors

J. P. Chalasani

Chief Executive Officer

Ramaswami Kalidas

Company Secretary and Manager

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Reliance Power Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Year ended March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
(A) Cash flow from / (used in) operating activities		
Net profit before taxation	51,338	31,094
Adjusted for :		
Depreciation / Amortisation	314	293
Interest and finance charges	2,206	6,034
Dividend income	(965)	(8,891)
Profit on redemption of mutual funds	(814)	(17,546)
Profit on sale of investment in subsidiaries	(474)	-
Gain on redemption of investment in subsidiary (Refer note 23)	(40,725)	-
Interest income	(16,765)	(17,853)
Unrealised exchange gain (Net)	(4,061)	(2,039)
(Gain) / Loss on sale of assets	(390)	2
Incidental expenditure / Capital work-in-progress written-off	901	2,778
Excess provision written-back	-	(140)
Provision for diminution in value of advances	3,450	-
Provision for leave encashment and gratuity	155	-
Operating loss before working capital changes	(5,830)	(6,268)
Adjustments for :		
Trade receivables, loans and advances and other assets	2,166	(1,824)
Trade payables, other liabilities and provisions	(907)	(3,423)
	1,259	(5,247)
Taxes (paid) / refund (net)	(129)	(225)
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,700)	(11,740)
(B) Cash flow from / (used in) investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets and intangible assets (including capital advances)	(1,788)	(853)
Sale of fixed assets	704	6
Dividend income	2,456	8,212
Interest on bank and other deposits	24,374	12,043
Inter corporate deposits given to subsidiaries	(75,080)	(54,595)
Refund of inter corporate deposits from subsidiaries	83,615	264,635
Other inter corporate deposits placed	(24,000)	(489,000)
Other inter corporate deposits refunded	52,735	435,000
Investments in subsidiaries	(388,939)	(316,449)
Investment in debentures issued by subsidiaries	(100,000)	-
Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries	(100)	(6)
Redemption of investments in subsidiaries	98,500	-
Refund of share application money by subsidiaries	92,476	47
Other advances to subsidiaries (Net)	10,936	(7,799)
Sale of investments in subsidiaries	55,887	4
Investments in preference shares of subsidiaries	-	(2,234)
Sale of mutual funds (Net of purchase)	20,259	252,257
Maturity of margin money deposit having original maturity of more than three months	1,070	8,889
Taxes (paid) / refund (net)	987	2,277
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	(145,908)	112,434
(C) Cash flow from / (used in) financing activities		
Inter corporate deposits from subsidiaries	266,168	-
Refund of inter corporate deposits to subsidiaries	(219,590)	(21,500)
Other inter corporate deposits received	20,000	-
Other inter corporate deposit repaid	(20,000)	-
Proceeds from working capital loan	2,500	-
Repayment of working capital loan	(2,500)	-
Repayment of 4.928% convertible bonds	-	(147,493)
Proceeds from issue of commercial paper	39,646	22,396
Repayment of commercial paper	(19,490)	(22,396)
Interest and finance charges	(965)	(9,599)
Advance against proposed issue of non-convertible debentures	120,000	-
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	185,769	(178,592)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	35,161	(77,898)
Opening Balance of cash and cash equivalents		
- Balance in current account	4,876	913
- Balance in fixed deposit	15,000	96,855
Cash and cash equivalents acquired		
- Pursuant to the scheme of merger with Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (Refer note 9)	1	-
- Pursuant to the scheme of merger with Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited	-	6
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents		
- Balance in current account	4,290	4,876
- Remittance in transit	748	-
- Balance in fixed deposit	50,000	15,000

Previous year figures have been regrouped and recast wherever necessary to the current year classification.

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E

Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner

Membership No. 55913

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W

Chartered Accountants

C. D. Lala

Partner

Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anil D. Ambani

Chairman

J. L. Bajaj

Dr. Yogendra Narain

Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi

J. P. Chalasani

Ramaswami Kalidas

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Directors

Chief Executive Officer

Company Secretary and Manager

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

1) General information

Reliance Power Limited ("the Company") together with its subsidiaries ("Reliance Power group") is primarily engaged in the business of generation of power. The projects under development include coal, gas, hydro, wind and solar based energy projects. The portfolio of the Reliance Power group also includes three ultra mega power projects (UMPP) of 3,960 MW each.

2) Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India, provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (the Act) and comply in material aspects with the accounting standards notified under Section 211 (3C) of the Act, read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006.

(b) Use of estimates

The preparation and presentation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions and/or revised estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

(c) Tangible assets and Capital work-in-progress:

- (i) The gross block of tangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition or construction, including any cost attributable to bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use.
- (ii) All project related expenditure viz, civil works, machinery under erection, construction and erection materials, pre-operative expenditure incidental/attributable to construction of project, borrowing cost incurred prior to the date of commercial operation and trial run expenditure are shown under Capital work-in-progress. These expenses are net of recoveries and income (net of tax) from surplus funds arising out of project specific borrowings.
- (iii) Any exchange differences arising on long term foreign currency monetary items on revaluation or settlement at the rate different from the one which were previously reported, in so far as it relates to depreciable capital assets are added/deducted from cost of such assets.

(d) Intangible assets:

- (i) Intangible assets are recognised where it is probable that the future economic benefit attributable to the assets will flow to the Company and its cost can be reliably measured.
- (ii) Expenditure incurred on acquisition/development of intangible assets which are not put/ready to use at the reporting date is disclosed under intangible assets under development.

(e) Depreciation/Amortisation:

- (i) Tangible assets:
Tangible assets are depreciated under the straight line method as per the rates and in the manner prescribed under Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (ii) Intangible assets:
Software expenses are amortised over a period of three years.

(f) Investments

Long-term investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution other than temporary, if any, in the value of such investments. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and fair value.

(g) Provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is also termed as contingent liability.

(h) Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the

carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(i) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

(j) Foreign currency transactions:

- (i) Foreign currency transactions are initially accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions / exchange rate at which the transaction is actually effected.
- (ii) All exchange differences arising on reporting of short term foreign currency monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (iii) In respect of foreign exchange differences arising on revaluation or settlement of long term foreign currency monetary items, the Company has availed the option available in the Companies (Accounting Standards) (Second Amendment) Rules 2011, wherein:
 - Foreign exchange differences on account of depreciable assets, is adjusted in the cost of depreciable asset and the charge of depreciation is accordingly increased / reduced.
 - In other cases, foreign exchange differences are accumulated in "Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account" and amortised over the balance period of such long term assets / liabilities. During the year pursuant to announcement of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India the "Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account" has been disclosed under the head Reserves and surplus.
- (iv) Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are stated at the rates prevailing on the date of the transactions / exchange rate at which transaction is actually effected.

(k) Revenue recognition:

- (i) Income from fuel handling and service charges is recognised on the basis of services rendered as per the terms of contract. Revenue on trading of coal rejects is recognised on transfer of property to the buyers for consideration.
- (ii) Service income represents income from support services recognised as per the terms of the service agreements entered into with the respective parties.
- (iii) Profit on sale/redemption of investments is accounted on sale/redemption of such investments. Interest income on fixed and inter-corporate deposit is recognised on time proportionate basis. Dividend is recognised when the right to receive is established in Company's favour. Income on fixed maturity plan of mutual fund is recognised on an accrual basis based on the net asset values on the reporting date taking into consideration the principles of reasonable certainty.
- (iv) Dividend income from subsidiaries has been recognised when the Company has established right to receive the same on or before the balance sheet date.

(l) Employee benefits:

- (i) Short term employee benefits:

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (ii) Defined contribution plans:

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund, superannuation, etc are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which the employee renders the related service.
- (iii) Defined benefit plans:

The Company also provides employee benefits in the form of gratuity and leave encashment, the liability for which as at the year end is determined by an independent actuary based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Such defined benefits are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(m) Employee stock option scheme (ESOS)

The employees of the Company and independent directors are entitled for grant of stock options (equity shares), based on the eligibility criteria set in ESOS plan of the Company. The employee compensation expenses are accounted on the basis of "intrinsic value method". The excess, if any, of quoted market price over the exercise price on the date of grant would be recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period. The Company recognises compensation cost on the basis of estimated number of stock options expected to vest. Subsequently, if there are any indications resulting in a difference in the number of stock options expected to vest, the Company revises its previous estimate and accordingly recognises/(reverses) compensation cost on employee service.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013
(n) Accounting for taxes on income

Provision for current tax is made after taking into consideration benefits admissible under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax resulting from "timing differences" between book and taxable profit is accounted for using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as on the balance sheet date. The deferred tax asset is recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that the assets will be realised in future. However in respect of unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward loss, the deferred tax asset is recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is a virtual certainty that the assets will be realised in future.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

In the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments, with original maturities of three months or less.

(p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all years presented is adjusted for events, such as issue of bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(q) Commercial papers

Commercial papers are recognised as a liability at the face value at the time of issuance of instrument. The discount is amortised as an interest cost over the period of commercial paper at the rate implicit in the transaction.

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.1 Share capital		
Authorised share capital		
11,000,000,000 (Previous year : 11,000,000,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	1,100,000	1,100,000
5,000,000,000 (Previous year : 5,000,000,000) preference shares of Rs. 10 each	500,000	500,000
	1,600,000	1,600,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital		
2,805,126,466 (Previous year : 2,805,126,466) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	280,513	280,513

3.1.1 Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of the equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

3.1.2 Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	As at March 31, 2013		As at March 31, 2012	
	Percentage of share holding	No. of Shares	Percentage of share holding	No. of Shares
Equity shares				
Reliance Infrastructure Limited	36.52	1,024,448,193	38.41	1,077,500,000
AAA International Capital Private Limited	9.55	267,776,331	9.55	267,776,331
Reliance Enterprises and Ventures Private Limited	9.55	267,776,331	9.55	267,776,331
AAA Project Ventures Private Limited	19.16	537,387,901	22.06	618,945,338
	74.78	2,097,388,756	79.57	2,231,998,000

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

3.1.3 Aggregate number of bonus shares issued and shares issued for consideration other than cash during the five years immediately preceding the reporting date

- a) During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Company had issued 136,800,000 equity shares of Rs.10 each as fully paid bonus shares by capitalisation of Rs.13,680 lakhs from securities premium account.
- b) During the year ended March 31, 2011, the Company had issued 408,282,606 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid to the shareholders of Reliance Natural Resources Limited as consideration for transfer of business undertaking from Reliance Natural Resources Limited under the composite scheme of arrangement sanctioned by High Court of Bombay on October 15, 2010.

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.2 Reserves and surplus		
3.2.1 Capital reserve	1,958	1,958
3.2.2 Capital reserve (arisen pursuant to scheme of amalgamation) (Refer note 9)	59,995	-
3.2.3 Securities premium account	1,104,823	1,104,823
3.2.4 General reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	34,424	33,017
Add:		
- Transfer from Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss	35,000	35,000
Less:		
- Transfer to Statement of Profit and Loss to off-set the exchange loss on settlement of Foreign currency convertible bonds	-	13,588
- Transfer to Statement of Profit and Loss to off-set the loss arisen due to write-off of investments in Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited	-	20,005
- Transfer to Statement of Profit and Loss to off-set the loss arisen due to write-off of investments in Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (Refer note 9)	60,001	-
Balance at the end of the year	9,423	34,424
3.2.5 General reserve (arisen pursuant to various schemes)		
a) General reserve (arisen pursuant to composite scheme of arrangement) (Refer note 8 (a))	111,503	111,503
b) General reserve (arisen pursuant to scheme of amalgamation with erstwhile Sasan Power Infraventures Private Limited) (Refer note 8 (b))	18,707	18,707
c) General reserve (arisen pursuant to scheme of amalgamation with erstwhile Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited) (Refer note 8 (c))	22,984	22,984
	153,194	153,194
3.2.6 Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account		
Balance at the beginning of the year	16,050	-
Add: Exchange gain on revaluation of investment in preference shares of overseas subsidiary	4,949	16,050
Balance at the end of the year	20,999	16,050

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.2.7 Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	35,221	39,135
Add: Profit for the year	51,393	31,086
Less: Transfer to General Reserve	35,000	35,000
Balance at the end of the year	51,614	35,221
	1,402,006	1,345,670
3.3 Long-term provisions		
Provision for employee benefits (Refer note 13)		
Provision for gratuity	21	-
Provision for leave encashment	283	175
	304	175
3.4 Short-term borrowings (Unsecured unless stated otherwise)		
Loans and advances from related party: (Refer note 15)		
- Inter-corporate deposits from subsidiaries (Interest free and repayable on demand)	46,578	-
- Advance against proposed issue of non-convertible debentures (Carries interest rate of 10% per annum and repayable within one year from the date of allotment)	120,000	-
Commercial paper	21,200	-
(Issued at a discount of 10.5% and is to be settled after 180 days)	187,778	-
3.5 Trade payables		
Trade payables for goods and services (Refer note 21)	861	2,757
	861	2,757
3.6 Other current liabilities		
Unclaimed share application money refunds	188	262
Unclaimed fractional bonus share refunds	456	457
Statutory dues (including provident fund and tax deducted at source)	463	256
Other payables (including employee dues)	2,121	723
	3,228	1,698
3.7 Short-term provisions		
Provision for employee benefits (Refer note 13)		
Provision for leave encashment	70	44
	70	44

3.8 Tangible and intangible assets

Particulars	Gross block (At cost)			Depreciation / Amortisation			Net block				
	As at April 1, 2012	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	As at March 31, 2013	Up to March 31, 2012	For the Year	Deductions during the year	Up to March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012	
Tangible assets											
Freehold land (Refer note 11)	6,591	-	-	6,591	-	-	-	-	-	6,591	6,591
Buildings	940	-	20	920	210	28	3	235	685	730	
Plant and equipment	101	-	-	101	19	4	-	23	78	82	
Furniture and fixtures	196	17	-	213	28	14	-	42	171	168	
Motor vehicles	1,353	108	933	528	671	71	632	110	418	682	
Office equipments	26	8	-	34	1	2	-	3	31	25	
Computers	635	59	-	694	366	68	-	434	260	269	
Total tangible assets	9,842	192	953	9,081	1,295	187	635	847	8,234	8,547	
Previous year	9,608	243	9	9,842	1,111	185	1	1,295	8,547		
Intangible assets											
Computer software	379	49	-	428	127	127	-	254	174	252	
Total Intangible assets	379	49	-	428	127	127	-	254	174	252	
Previous year	45	334	-	379	19	108	-	127	252		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Face Value Rs.	As at March 31, 2013 No. of Shares	Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 No. of Shares	Rupees in lakhs
3.9.1 Non-Current Investments (Non-trade)					
A) Equity share (unquoted, fully paid-up)					
In Subsidiaries (Valued at cost)					
Amulin Hydro Power Private Limited	10	393,200	3,833	393,200	3,833
Chitrangi Power Private Limited	10	10,000	1	10,000	1
Coastal Andhra Power Limited (Refer note 15 C (iii)) (During the year 1,000,000 shares are allotted at face value)	10	51,000,000	5,100	50,000,000	5,000
Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited (Refer note 15 C (iii))	10	904,000	8,941	904,000	8,941
Emini Hydro Power Private Limited	10	364,600	3,547	364,600	3,547
Jharkhand Integrated Power Limited	10	50,000	5	50,000	5
Kalai Power Private Limited	10	233,450	2,236	233,450	2,236
Lara Sumta Hydro Power Private Limited	10	119,300	1,094	119,300	1,094
Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited ⁽¹⁾	10	-	-	500,000	50
Maharashtra Energy Generation Limited (During the year 25,000 shares are allotted at face value)	10	75,000	8	50,000	5
Mihundon Hydro Power Private Limited	10	250,300	2,404	250,300	2,404
Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited	10	315,300	3,054	315,300	3,054
Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited (Refer note 15 C (iii))	10	2,210,000	22,001	2,210,000	22,001
Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (Refer note 9)	10	-	-	10,000	1
Reliance CleanGen Limited (During the year 11,500,000 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share)	10	11,550,000	115,004	50,000	5
Reliance Coal Resources Private Limited (During the year 1,684,835 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share)	10	1,694,835	16,849	10,000	1
Reliance Fuel Resources Limited ⁽²⁾	10	-	-	1,000,000	100
Reliance Natural Resources (Singapore) Pte. Limited (Face value of USD 1 each)		100,000	42	100,000	42
Reliance Natural Resources Limited	5	100,000	5	100,000	5
Rosa Power Supply Company Limited	10	424,205,000	114,740	424,205,000	114,740
Samalkot Power Limited (The shares are acquired pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation (Refer note 9))	10	6,000,000	60,000	-	-
Sasan Power Limited (Refer note 15 C (iii)) (During the year 10,209,050 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share)	10	28,226,755	281,772	18,017,705	179,682
Shangling Hydro Power Private Limited	10	58,800	489	58,800	489
Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited	10	259,000	2,491	259,000	2,491
Sumte Kothang Hydro Power Private Limited	10	145,300	1,354	145,300	1,354
Tato Hydro Power Private Limited (During the year 11,300 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share)	10	21,300	114	10,000	1
Teling Hydro Power Private Limited	10	109,400	995	109,400	995
Urthing Sobla Hydro Power Private Limited ⁽⁵⁾	10	8,000	1	8,000	1
Vidarbha Industries Power Limited ⁽³⁾	10	825,836	8,101	50,000	5
In Subsidiaries ⁽⁴⁾					
Atos Mercantile Private Limited	10	10,000	31	10,000	31
Atos Trading Private Limited	10	10,000	401	10,000	401
Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited	10	50,000	1,534	50,000	1,534
Reliance Prima Limited	10	50,000	5	50,000	5
Total A			656,152		354,054

Notes:

- During the year 500,000 shares are sold to Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited (Refer note 15 C)
- During the year 1,000,000 shares are sold to Vidarbha Industries Power Limited (Refer note 15 C)
- During the year 1,140,806 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share and 364,970 shares are sold to Rosa Power Supply Company Limited (Refer note 15 C)
- The shares in these Companies are carried at a cost arrived in accordance with the terms specified in Composite Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by the High Court of Bombay on October 15, 2010.
- The above subsidiaries are wholly owned by the Company, except Urthing Sobla Hydro Power Private Limited.

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Face Value Rs.	As at March 31, 2013		As at March 31, 2012	
		No. of Shares	Rupees in lakhs	No. of Shares	Rupees in lakhs
B) Preference shares (unquoted, fully paid up and valued at cost)					
In subsidiaries					
7.5% Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares:					
Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited (Refer note 15 C (iii))	10	894,000	8,940	894,000	8,940
Reliance CleanGen Limited	10	12,900,000	129,000	12,900,000	129,000
Sasan Power Limited (Refer note 15 C (iii))	10	28,177,250	281,773	17,968,200	179,682
(During the year 10,209,050 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share)					
Vidarbha Industries Power Limited ⁽¹⁾	10	6,842,364	68,424	-	-
Amulin Hydro Power Private Limited	1	6,800	68	-	-
(During the year 6,800 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Chitrangi Power Private Limited	1	1,000,000	5,380	1,000,000	5,380
Coastal Andhra Power Limited (Refer note 23)	1	-	-	9,850,000	57,775
Emini Hydro Power Private Limited	1	2,900	29	-	-
(During the year 2,900 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Jharkhand Integrated Power Limited	1	3,000,000	17,784	3,000,000	17,784
Kalai Power Private Limited ⁽²⁾	1	75,200	752	1,000,000	10,000
Lara Sumta Hydro Power Private Limited	1	106,500	1,065	-	-
(During the year 106,500 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Maharashtra Energy Generation Limited	1	250,000	1,345	250,000	1,345
Mihundon Hydro Power Private Limited	1	200	2	-	-
(During the year 200 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited	1	301,900	3,019	-	-
(During the year 301,900 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited	1	360,700	3,607	-	-
(During the year 360,700 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Rosa Power Supply Company Limited	1	3,965,000	27,683	3,965,000	27,683
Shangling Hydro Power Private Limited	1	45,500	455	-	-
(During the year 45,500 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited	1	892,000	8,446	1,150,000	10,889
(During the year 258,000 shares are sold to related party (Refer note 15 C))					
Sumte Kothang Hydro Power Private Limited	1	132,000	1,320	-	-
(During the year 132,000 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
Tato Hydro Power Private Limited	1	-	-	150,000	733
(During the year 150,000 shares are sold to related party (Refer note 15 C))					
Teling Hydro Power Private Limited	1	95,800	958	-	-
(During the year 95,800 shares are allotted at a premium of Rs. 999 per share)					
0.5% Redeemable Preference Shares					
Reliance Natural Resources (Singapore) Pte. Limited		274,900,000	149,516	274,900,000	140,629
(Face value of USD 1 each)					
Total B			709,566		589,840

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Face Value Rs.	As at March 31, 2013 No. of Debentures/ Units	Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 No. of Debentures/ Units	Rupees in lakhs
C) Debentures (unquoted, fully paid up and valued at cost)					
In subsidiaries					
Secured Non-Convertible Debentures :					
Coastal Andhra Power Limited ⁽³⁾	1,000,000	10,000	100,000	-	-
Total C			100,000		-
D) Investment in units of mutual fund (quoted, fully paid up and valued at cost)					
Reliance Fixed Horizon Fund-XXI-Series 21 -Growth Plan	10	-	-	5,000,000	500
Total D			-		500
Non-current investments (A+B+C+D)			1,465,718		944,394
Aggregate book value of quoted non-current investments			-		500
Aggregate book value of unquoted non-current investments			1,465,718		943,894
Aggregate market value of quoted non-current investments			-		511
3.9.2 Current investments					
In units of mutual fund (quoted, fully paid up and valued at lower of cost and fair value)					
Reliance Fixed Horizon Fund-XX-Series 22 - Growth Plan	10	-	-	50,000,000	5,000
ICICI Prudential Interval Fund Annual Interval Plan - 1	10	-	-	125,087,638	12,518
Institutional Cumulative					
Reliance Fixed Horizon Fund-XXI-Series 21 - Growth Plan	10	5,000,000	500	-	-
Total current investments			500		17,518
Aggregate book value of quoted current investments			500		17,518
Aggregate market value of quoted current investments			560		19,495

Notes:

- During the year 10,719,754 shares allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share and 3,877,390 shares are sold to Rosa Power Supply Company Limited (Refer note 15 C)
- During the year 75,200 shares allotted at a premium of Rs. 990 per share and 1,000,000 shares are sold to Erstwhile Reliance Fuel Resources Limited (Refer note 15 C)
- As the creation of security in favour of debenture holders is in process the debenture certificates have not been issued for which the Company Law Board has granted extension of time to the issuer.

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.10 Long-term loans and advances		
(Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Capital advance	3,448	1,901
Security deposit	1,000	1,313
Share application money paid to subsidiaries (Pending allotment) (Refer note 15 C)	146,923	391,347
Advance to Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS) Trust (Refer note 10)		
Considered good	10,550	14,000
Considered doubtful	3,450	-
Less: Provision for diminution in value	(3,450)	-
Advance income tax (net of provisions for tax of Rs. 564 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 625 lakhs))	3,078	3,888
	164,999	412,449

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.11 Other non-current assets (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Non-current bank balances (Margin money deposit towards bank guarantee)	14,957	16,027
Income accrued on investments	-	11
	14,957	16,038
3.12 Trade receivables (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the due date	96	-
Other receivables	96	1,915
	192	1,915
3.13 Cash and bank balances		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Balance with banks		
- in current account	4,290	4,876
- remittance in transit	748	-
- in deposit account with original maturity of less than three months	50,000	15,000
	55,038	19,876
Other bank balances		
Unclaimed share application money	188	262
Unclaimed fractional bonus share money	456	457
	644	719
	55,682	20,595
3.14 Short-term loans and advances (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind	5,733	6,048
Inter-corporate deposits	126,179	154,913
Balance with excise and other statutory authorities (includes service tax credit and VAT recoverable)	942	759
Loans and advances to subsidiaries (Refer note 15 C)		
- Inter-corporate deposits	3,938	12,473
- Share application money	14,862	-
- Other receivables (expenses incurred on behalf of subsidiaries)	2,347	13,002
Security deposit	325	372
Prepaid expenses	512	97
Loans and advances to employees	55	5
	154,893	187,669
3.15 Other current assets (Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Interest accrued on deposits	8,562	16,171
Income accrued on investments	60	1,978
Dividend receivable on preference shares from a subsidiary (Refer note 15 C)	748	2,109
	9,370	20,258

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Year ended March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.16 Revenue from operation		
Service income	1,030	530
Fuel handling and service charges	171	5,312
Sale of coal rejects	-	770
	1,201	6,612
3.17 Other income		
Interest income		
-Bank deposits	2,655	2,201
-Inter-corporate deposits	14,110	15,453
-Others	392	199
Dividend income		
- Preference dividend from subsidiaries	748	679
- On current investment in mutual funds	217	6,670
- On long-term investments in mutual funds	-	1,542
Net gain on sale / accrual of income on investments		
- Current investment in fixed maturity plan of mutual funds	-	1,269
- Long term investments in fixed maturity plan of mutual funds	814	16,277
- Sale of Investment in subsidiaries	474	-
Gain on foreign exchange fluctuations (net)	4,061	2,039
Excess provision towards leave encashment written-back	-	140
Gain on sale of assets (net)	390	-
Other non-operating income	23	104
	23,884	46,573
3.18 Employee benefits expenses		
Salaries, bonus and other allowances	4,265	3,608
Contribution to provident fund and other funds (Refer note 13)	202	167
Gratuity and leave encashment (Refer note 13)	242	20
Staff welfare expenses	54	70
	4,763	3,865
3.19 Finance costs		
Interest on borrowings	1,769	4,451
Other borrowing cost	-	1,267
Other bank charges	437	316
	2,206	6,034
3.20 Administration and other expenses		
Rent expenses	366	426
Repairs and maintenance - others	59	130
Stamp duty and filing fees	4	2
Advertisement expenses	21	21
Printing and stationery	353	202
Legal and professional charges	599	1,969
Software license fee	44	19
Security expenses	14	30
Books and periodicals	26	22
Video and photography	23	1
Membership and subscription	50	84
Postage and courier	344	382
Travelling and conveyance	418	584
Custodian charges	356	390
Directors sitting fees	12	12
Tender expenses	3	-
Rates and taxes	12	3
Insurance	43	150
Incidental expenditure / Capital work-in-progress written-off (Refer note 11)	901	2,778
Provision for diminution in value of advance to ESOS trust	3,450	-
Loss on sale of assets	-	2
Miscellaneous expenses	91	156
	7,189	7,363

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

4) (a) Contingent liabilities

- Counter guarantees / Bank guarantees issued on behalf of subsidiary companies aggregating to Rs. 240,355 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 251,225 lakhs).
- Refer note 12 with respect to Coastal Andhra Power Limited.

(b) Capital commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining unexecuted on capital account (net of advances paid) and not provided for Rs. 136 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 174 lakhs).

(c) Other commitments

The Company has ongoing commitments given to lenders or procurers of power or other regulatory authorities to extend support and provide equity in respect of various projects undertaken by the respective subsidiaries, wherein the amounts of investment would vary considering the project cost and debt equity ratio agreed with the respective lenders.

5) Details of remuneration to auditors:

	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Rupees in lakhs		
(a) As auditors		
For statutory audit	56	53
For others	4	165
(b) Out-of-pocket expenses	2	2
	62	220

6) Expenditure in foreign currency:

	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Rupees in lakhs		
(a) Professional and consultation fees	84	975
(b) Travelling expenses	-	@
(c) Interest and finance charges	-	4,630
(d) Others	@	129

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company

7) Utilisation of initial public offer proceeds:

The utilisation of initial public offer (IPO) proceeds up to March 31, 2013 is given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Rupees in lakhs		
Proceeds from IPO	1,156,320	1,156,320
Utilisation		
Funding subsidiaries to part finance the construction and development costs of following projects		
600 MW Rosa Phase I, 600 MW Rosa Phase II, 300 MW Butibori Phase I, 3,960 MW Sasan, 1,200 MW Shahpur Coal, 400 MW Urthing Sobla, 3,960 MW Krishnapatnam, 700 MW Tato II, 1,000 MW Siyom, 3,960 MW Chitrangi, Coal Resources, 1,200 MW Kalai II, 4,000 MW Tilaiya, 420 MW Amulin, 500 MW Emini, 400 MW Mihundon, 300 MW Butibori Phase II, 2,400 MW Samalkot, 45 MW Vashpet Wind Power, 104 MW Lara Sumta Hydro Power, 130 MW Sumte Kothang Hydro Power, 94 MW Teling Hydro Power, 44 MW Shangling Hydro Power, 300 MW Purthi Hydro Power, 100 MW Rajasthan Sun Technique and 40 MW Dahanu Solar Power	1,144,462	1,093,929
Share issue expenses	11,858	11,858
Total utilised amount	1,156,320	1,105,787
Unutilised amount (designated for general corporate purposes)	-	50,533

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Rupees in lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Break up of unutilised amount		
Investments in liquid and fixed maturity funds (including held by subsidiaries)	-	33,280
Bank balance in fixed deposits and current account (including subsidiaries)	-	16,953
Deposit with Bombay Stock Exchange Limited	-	300
Total	-	50,533

The deposit of Rs. 300 lakhs placed by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange, hitherto shown as unutilised funds has been considered as funded from promoter contribution or from internal accruals in the current year and consequently the amount of Rs. 300 lakhs is considered as utilisation from IPO in various projects during the year.

8) General reserve (arisen pursuant to various schemes):

- The General reserve of Rs. 111,503 lakhs had arisen pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement between the Company, Reliance Natural Resources Limited, Erstwhile Reliance Futura Limited and four wholly owned subsidiaries viz. Atos Trading Private Limited, Atos Mercantile Private Limited, Reliance Prima Limited and Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited. The said scheme has been sanctioned by Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide order dated October 15, 2010.
- The General reserve of Rs. 18,707 lakhs had arisen pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation with Erstwhile Sasan Power Infrastructure Private Limited, sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay vide order dated April 29, 2011. The scheme was effective from January 1, 2011.
- The General reserve of Rs. 22,984 lakhs had arisen pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation with Erstwhile Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited, sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay, vide order dated December 23, 2011. The scheme was effective from September 1, 2011.

All the above General Reserves are reserves which arose pursuant to the above schemes and shall not be and shall not for any purpose be considered to be a reserve created by the Company.

9) Scheme of amalgamation between Company and Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited

Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (RCEPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the company, incorporated with the main object to operate, install, develop, promote and maintain projects in infrastructure sectors including setting up power plants etc., was amalgamated into the Company pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation (Scheme), as on and from January 1, 2013, being the appointed date pursuant to the approval of Board of Directors of the Company and sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide its order dated April 5, 2013 which was filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 20, 2013.

The Company has carried out the accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme as approved by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay. The required disclosures for accounting of Schemes as per the "Pooling of Interest Method" as given under Accounting Standard 14 (AS 14) 'Accounting for Amalgamations' as prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 has been provided.

Hence, in accordance with the Scheme:

- The Company has taken over all the assets aggregating to Rs. 60,000 lakhs and liabilities aggregating to Rs. 5 lakhs at their respective book values. The difference aggregating to Rs. 59,995 lakhs being the excess arising on transfer of assets and liabilities has been treated as capital reserve (arising pursuant to the Scheme).
- No consideration is payable or receivable on implementation of the Scheme as the Scheme involves a wholly owned subsidiary.
- As a consequence of and as per the Scheme the investment of Rs. 60,001 lakhs of the Company in 6,010,000 equity shares of RCEPL has been cancelled and in accordance with the Scheme the consequential write off has been made in the Statement of Profit and Loss. As permitted by the Scheme a corresponding amount of Rs. 60,001 lakhs has been withdrawn from the general reserve so that there is no impact on the profit for the year.

Had the Scheme not prescribed the above accounting treatments and the Company followed the accounting treatment prescribed under AS 14, there would have not been any capital reserve (arisen pursuant to the scheme) and general reserve would have been higher by Rs. 59,995 lakhs.

10) Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS)

Pursuant to the approval accorded by the Shareholders on September 30, 2007 under Section 81(1A) of the Companies Act, 1956, the Company has administered and implemented Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS) in terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 (Guidelines). The Board of Directors of the Company has constituted its ESOS compensation committee to operate and monitor the ESOS scheme which is administered through ESOS Trust.

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

The ESOS compensation committee of the Board of Directors of the Company approved a grant of 20,000,000 stock options to the eligible employees of the Company and its subsidiaries on May 8, 2010. The options are granted to the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries on satisfying the performance and other eligibility criteria set out in ESOS Plan. In accordance with the scheme, each option entitles the employee to apply for one fully paid equity share of Rs. 10 of the Company at an exercise price of Rs. 162 per share. The vesting period of options will commence on expiry of one year from the grant date and all the options granted shall vest immediately. The vested options can be exercised by the eligible employees over a period of nine years from the date of vesting.

The Company has opted for accounting the Compensation expenses under 'Intrinsic Value Method'. The closing market price on the date of grant was Rs. 140.20 per share at National Stock Exchange (being the latest trading price with highest trading volume). As the exercise price of the share is more than market price, the Company has not accounted for any compensation cost. The Company has advanced Rs. 14,000 lakhs (disclosed under Note 3.10 Long term loans and advances) to the ESOS trust for purchase of equity shares from the market. The ESOS trust has purchased 8,500,000 shares from the given advance.

The fair value of option granted was determined under Binomial Option Pricing – Hull & White Model. The details pertaining to number of options, weighted average price and assumptions considered for fair value are disclosed below:

Particulars	Option details	
Weighted average share price	Rs. 140.20	
Exercise price	Rs. 162.00	
Expected volatility	41.88%	
Vesting period	One year	
Exercise period	7.25 Years	
Risk free interest rate	7.74%	
Expected dividend	-	
Fair Value of option	Rs. 50.42	
	2012-13	2011-12
Opening balance of options	8,500,000	8,500,000
Options granted during the year	-	-
Vested during the year	-	8,500,000
Exercised during the year	-	-
Closing balance of options	8,500,000	8,500,000

The expected volatility was determined based on the volatility of the equity share for the period of one year prior to issue of the option.

Had the Company opted for accounting of Compensation cost under 'Fair value Method', Profit after tax would have been lower by Rs. Nil (Previous year: Rs. 434 lakhs) and Earnings per share (Basic and diluted) for the previous year would have been Rs. 1.09.

11) Status of Dadri Project:

- The Company proposed developing a 7,480 MW gas-fired power project to be located at the Dhirubhai Ambani Energy City in Dehra village, Dadri, Uttar Pradesh. The State of Uttar Pradesh in the year 2004 had acquired 2,100 acres of land and conveyed the same to the Company in the year 2005. While the State was in the process of acquiring further 400 acres of land for the project, a few land owners had filed writ petitions before the Allahabad High Court challenging the acquisition process under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 ("the Act"). The Allahabad High Court has disposed of the writ petitions upholding the Section 4 notification and directed compliance with certain procedures relating to land acquisition that were left out earlier by the State Government. The Company has filed an appeal against the Allahabad High Court order which is now pending before Supreme Court. Few land owners have also filed appeals/petitions before the Supreme Court challenging Allahabad High Court's order upholding the Section 4 notification and alleging highhanded and forceful actions during the acquisition process, which are pending.
- The construction and other allied activities at Dadri project will be commenced as soon as the gas supply is firmed up and on settlement of land issues. Considering the delay in the project execution, due to litigation as stated above, the Company as a matter of prudence, has written off the Asset under construction amounting to Rs. 901 lakhs (Previous year: Incidental expenditure of Rs. 2,778 Lakhs) in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

12) Project status of Coastal Andhra Power Limited (CAPL)

CAPL, a wholly owned subsidiary, has been set up to develop an Ultra Mega Power Project (UMPP) of 3,960 MW located in Krishnapatnam, District Nellore, based on imported coal sourced from Indonesia.

The Government of Indonesia introduced a new regulation in September 2010 which prohibits sale of coal, including sale to affiliate companies, at below Benchmark Price which is linked to international coal prices and requires adjustment of sale price every 12 months. This regulation also mandates to align all existing long-term coal supply contracts with the new regulations within one year i.e. by September 2011. CAPL had entered into a firm price fuel supply agreement with Reliance Coal Resources Private Limited (RCRPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. In view of this new regulation, RCRPL cannot supply coal at the already agreed price, because of which an element of uncertainty has arisen in the fuel supply for the CAPL project, wherein the power needs to be supplied at a pre-agreed tariff as per the terms of Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated March 23, 2007. The said issue has been communicated to the power procurers and also to the Government of India through the Association of Power Producers to arrive at a suitable solution to the satisfaction of all the stakeholders.

CAPL has issued a dispute resolution notice to the procurers of power under the force majeure clause of the PPA, considering the change in Indonesian regulations as an event of force majeure. The procurers have also issued a notice for termination of PPA and have raised a demand for liquidated damages of Rs.40,000 Lakhs (including bank guarantee of Rs. 30,000 Lakhs, which has been issued by the holding company on behalf of CAPL).

CAPL has filed a petition before the Hon'ble High Court at Delhi inter alia for interim relief under Section 9 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. The Court vide its order dated March 20, 2012 has prohibited the Procurers from taking any coercive steps against the Company. The single judge of the Delhi High Court vide order dated July 2, 2012 dismissed the petition and the appeal filed by CAPL against the said order is pending before the Division Bench of the Delhi High Court and stands included in the regular hearing list. The interim protection against encashing bank guarantees continues to be available.

CAPL has filed a petition before the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission without prejudice to the proceedings pending before the Delhi High Court and the arbitration process already initiated. Hearing on admissibility of the petition before the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission was held in the month of March 2013 and the outcome is awaited.

Based on the legal opinion obtained with regard to applicability of force majeure clause for the change in law in Indonesia and other impacts thereof on the implementation of the project and considering the nature of expenditure incurred till date at the project, no provision for impairment is considered in respect of investment made by the Company and demands raised by the procurers of power.

13) Disclosure under Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005) "Employee Benefits" (AS-15)

The Company has classified various employee benefits as under:

Defined contribution plans

- (a) Provident fund
- (b) Superannuation fund
- (c) State defined contribution plans
 - Employees' Pension Scheme 1995

The provident fund and the state defined contribution plan are operated by the regional provident fund commissioner and the superannuation fund is administered by the trust. Under the schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year:

	Year ended March 31, 2013	Rupees in lakhs Year ended March 31, 2012
(a) Contribution to provident fund	169	135
(b) Contribution to employees' superannuation fund	28	26
(c) Contribution to employees' pension scheme 1995	5	6

Defined benefit plans

- (a) Gratuity
- (b) Leave encashment

Leave encashment is payable to eligible employees who have earned leave, during the employment and/or on separation as per the Company's policy.

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Valuations in respect of gratuity and leave encashment have been carried out by an independent actuary, as at the Balance Sheet date, based on the following assumptions:

	2012-2013		2011-2012	
	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
Discount rate (per annum)	8.00%	8.00%	8.50%	8.50%
Rate of increase in compensation levels	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Rate of return on plan assets	8.25%		8.25%	
Expected average remaining working lives of employees in number of years	9.18		9.43	

The estimate of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market.

Rupees in lakhs

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave encashment	
	2012-2013	2011-2012	2012-2013	2011-2012
(i) Changes in present value of obligation				
Opening balance of present value of obligation	440	376	219	333
Liability on transfer of employees within the group (Net)	24	6	8	32
Interest cost	45	36	24	41
Current service cost	104	102	81	186
Actuarial (gains)/loss	(37)	(80)	72	(367)
Benefits paid	-	-	(51)	(6)
Closing balance of present value of obligation	576	440	353	219
(ii) Changes in fair value of plan assets				
Opening balance of present value of plan assets	506	388	-	-
Expected return on plan assets	42	32	-	-
Employer's contributions	2	80	51	6
Actuarial gains on plan assets	5	6	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-	(51)	(6)
Closing balance of fair value of plan assets	555	506	-	-
(iii) Percentage of each category of plan assets to total fair value of plan assets				
Administered by Life Insurance Corporation of India	100%	100%	-	-
(iv) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value of assets				
Closing balance of present value of obligation	576	440	353	219
Closing balance of fair value of plan assets	555	506	-	-
Funded (asset) / liability recognised in the Balance Sheet*	21	(66)	-	-
Unfunded (asset) / liability recognised in the Balance Sheet#	-	-	353	219
(v) Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet				
Closing balance of present value of obligation	576	440	353	219
Closing balance of fair value of plan assets	555	506	-	-
Funded (asset) / liability recognised in the Balance Sheet*	21	(66)	-	-
Unfunded (asset) / liability recognised in the Balance Sheet#	-	-	353	219

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Rupees in lakhs			
	Gratuity		Leave encashment	
	2012-2013	2011-2012	2012-2013	2011-2012
(vi) Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss				
Current service cost	104	102	81	186
Interest cost	45	36	24	41
Expected return on plan assets	(42)	(32)	-	-
Net actuarial (gain) / loss	(42)	(86)	72	(367)
Total expenses recognised during the year	65	20	177	-
Excess provision written back	-	-	-	(140)
(vii) Acturial (gain) / loss on obligation				
Net actuarial (gain) / loss due to experience	(69)	(76)	61	(363)
Net actuarial (gain) / loss due to change in assumption	27	(10)	11	(4)
	(42)	(86)	72	(367)
(viii) Expected Employers' contribution for the next year	100	100	-	-

* Current year figure grouped under Note no 3.3 under Provision for employee benefits (Previous year under Note no. 3.14 Advance recoverable in cash or in kind)

Grouped under Note no 3.3 and 3.7 under Provision for leave encashment.

The Company has seconded certain employees to the subsidiaries. As per the terms of the secondment, liability towards Salaries, Provident fund and leave encashment will be provided and paid by the respective subsidiaries and gratuity will be paid / provided by the Company. Accordingly, provision for gratuity as disclosed includes cost of employees seconded as well.

(ix) Disclosure as required under Para 120 (n) of AS-15;

Particulars	Rupees in Lakhs									
	2012-2013		2011-2012		2010-2011		2009-2010		2008-2009	
	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
(i) Present value of the defined benefit obligation	576	352	440	219	376	333	221	208	141	130
Fair value of the plan assets	555	-	506	-	388	-	274	-	174	-
(Surplus)/Deficit in the plan	21	-	(66)	-	(12)	-	(53)	-	(33)	-
(ii) Experience adjustments										
On plan liabilities	(64)	61	(70)	(363)	54	6	-	(49)	21	57
On plan assets	5	-	6	-	(4)	-	3	-	-	-
Total experience adjustments	(69)	61	(76)	(363)	58	6	3	(49)	21	57

14) Segment reporting:

The Company operates in two business segments i.e. Power generation and Associated business activities (termed as "Others"). Associated business activities include project management, supervision and support services for generation and allied processes. Business segments have been identified as reportable primary segment in accordance with Accounting Standard 17 'Segment Reporting' as prescribed under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, taking into account the organisational and internal reporting structure as well as evaluation of risk and return for these segments. Segment reporting policies are in line with the accounting policies of the Company. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment. Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included as "unallocable".

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Geographical Segments: The Company's operations are mainly confined within India and as such there are no reportable geographical segments.

Information about business segments – Primary

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013				Year ended March 31, 2012			
	Power Generation	Others	Unallocable	Total	Power Generation	Others	Unallocable	Total
Revenue								
External revenue	-	1,201	-	1,201	-	6,612	-	6,612
Total revenue	-	1,201	-	1,201	-	6,612	-	6,612
Result								
Segment result	-	1,201	-	1,201	-	2,076	-	2,076
Corporate income (Net of corporate expenses)	-	-	35,186	35,186	-	-	17,199	17,199
Interest income (Net of interest and finance charges)	-	-	14,951	14,951	-	-	11,819	11,819
Profit before taxation	-	1,201	50,137	51,338	-	2,076	29,018	31,094
Taxes	-	-	(55)	(55)	-	-	8	8
Profit after tax	-	1,201	50,192	51,393	-	2,076	29,010	31,086
Other Information								
Segment assets	9,260	192	1,865,308	1,874,760	10,161	1,915	1,618,781	1,630,857
Segment liabilities	-	-	192,241	192,241	20	1,057	3,597	4,674
Capital expenditure	-	-	241	241	-	-	858	858
Depreciation	-	-	314	314	-	-	293	293
Non cash expenses other than depreciation	901	-	3,450	4,351	2,778	-	2	2,780

15) Related party transactions:

As per accounting standard-18 'Related Party Disclosures' as prescribed under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the Company's related parties and transactions are disclosed below:

A. Parties where control exists:

Subsidiaries: (Direct and step-down subsidiaries)

1. Sasan Power Limited (SPL)
2. Rosa Power Supply Company Limited (RPSCCL)
3. Maharashtra Energy Generation Limited (MEGL)
4. Vidarbha Industries Power Limited (VIPL)
5. Tato Hydro Power Private Limited (THPPL)
6. Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited (SHPPL)
7. Chitrangi Power Private Limited (CPPL)
8. Urthing Sobla Hydro Power Private Limited (USHPPL)
9. Kalai Power Private Limited (KPPL)
10. Coastal Andhra Power Limited (CAPL)
11. Reliance Coal Resources Private Limited (RCRPL)
12. Erstwhile Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited (Erstwhile SPIL)
13. Erstwhile Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited (Erstwhile MEGIL) (Refer Note 15 (C) (iii) (c))
14. Amulin Hydro Power Private Limited (AHPPL)
15. Emini Hydro Power Private Limited (EHPPL)
16. Mihundon Hydro Power Private Limited (MHPPL)
17. Jharkhand Integrated Power Limited (JIPL)
18. Reliance CleanGen Limited (RCGL)
19. Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited (RSTEPL)
20. Erstwhile Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (Erstwhile RCEPL) (Refer note 9)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

21. Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited (DSPPL)
22. Solar Generation Company (Rajasthan) Private Limited (SGCPL) (upto 03.03.2012)
23. Bharuch Power Limited (BPL)
24. Samalkot Power Limited (SMPL)
25. Reliance Prima Limited (RPrima)
26. Atos Trading Private Limited (ATPL)
27. Atos Mercantile Private Limited (AMPL)
28. Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited (CAPIL)
29. Reliance Power Netherlands BV (RPN)
30. PT Heramba Coal Resources (PTH)
31. PT Avaneesh Coal Resources (PTA)
32. Reliance Natural Resources Limited (RNRL)
33. Erstwhile Reliance Fuel Resources Limited (Erstwhile RFRL) (Refer Note 15 (C) (iii) (c))
34. Reliance Natural Resources (Singapore) Pte Limited (RNRL- Singapore)
35. Reliance Renewable Power Private Limited (RRPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)
36. Reliance Biomass Power Private Limited (RBPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)
37. Reliance Solar Resources Power Private Limited (RSRPPL)
38. Reliance Clean Power Private Limited (RCPPL)
39. Reliance Tidal Power Private Limited (RTPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)
40. Reliance Geothermal Power Private Limited (RGTPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)
41. Reliance Wind Power Private Limited (RWPPL)
42. Reliance Green Power Private Limited (RGPPL) (upto 03.03.2012 and w.e.f. 11.08.2012)
43. PT Sumukha Coal Services (PTS)
44. PT Brayan Bintang Tiga Energi (BBE)
45. PT Sriwijaya Bintang Tiga Energi (SBE)
46. Shangling Hydro Power Private Limited (SPPL)
47. Sumte Kothang Hydro Power Private Limited (SKPL)
48. Teling Hydro Power Private Limited (TPPL)
49. Lara Sumta Hydro Power Private Limited (LHPPL)
50. Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited (PHPPL)

B (I). Investing parties/promoters having significant influence on the Company directly or indirectly

Companies

Reliance Infrastructure Limited (R Infra)

AAA Project Ventures Private Limited (APVPL) (upto December 19, 2012)

Individual

Shri Anil D Ambani

(II). Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:

(i) Key Management Personnel:

1. Shri. J P Chalasani (Chief Executive Officer)
2. Shri Ramaswami Kalidas (Manager) (w.e.f. May 27, 2011)
3. Shri Pareesh Rathod (upto May 27, 2011)

(ii) Enterprises over which individual described in clause B (I) above have control:

1. Reliance Infocomm Infrastructure Private Limited (RIIPL)
2. Reliance General Insurance Company Limited (RGICL)
3. Reliance Communication Infrastructure Limited (RCIL)
4. Reliance Capital Limited (RCL)
5. Reliance Communication Limited (RCom)

(iii) Others

BSES Kerala Power Limited (BKPL), subsidiary of R Infra.

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

C. Details of transactions during the year and closing balance at the end of the year

	Rupees in lakhs	
	2012-2013	2011-2012
(i) Transactions during the year:		
Operating income		
Fuel handling and service charges		
– R Infra	171	5,827
– BKPL	-	33
Operating expenditure		
Fuel handling and service charges		
– BKPL	-	17
Purchase of Coal rejects		
– R Infra	-	724
Interest on advance for proposed debentures		
– R Infra	612	-
Professional charges received towards support/ shared services (including applicable taxes)		
– CAPL	56	110
– JIPL	112	110
– KPPL	22	22
– RPSCCL	112	110
– SHPPL	22	22
– SPL	112	110
– THPPL	22	22
– USHPPL	22	22
– VIPL	56	55
– RSTEPL	28	-
– DSPPL	28	-
– RCPPL	562	-
Dividend income on preference shares		
– RNRL Singapore	748	679
Reimbursement of expenses incurred on our behalf		
– R Infra	27	-
Reimbursement of expenses/taxes/advances paid to subsidiaries		
– AHPPL	6	9
– AMPL	91	134
– ATPL	77	75
– BPL	@	8
– CAPIL	789	999
– CAPL	276	387
– CPPL	81	257
– DSPPL	70	110
– EHPPL	2	11
– JIPL	934	839
– KPPL	50	90
– Erstwhile MEGIL (Refer note 15 C (iii) (c))	@	11
– MEGL	1	@
– MHPPL	-	1
– RCRPL	159	319
– RNRL	728	944

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Rupees in lakhs	
	2012-2013	2011-2012
- RCGL	1,546	1,074
- RPrima	76	126
- RPSCL	4,703	2,437
- RSTEPL	295	3,771
- RWPPL	-	17
- SHPPL	22	53
- SMPL	377	7,959
- Erstwhile SPIL	-	@
- SPL	3,747	10,280
- THPPL	54	110
- USHPPL	3	26
- VIPL	346	2,071
- RCPPL	2,164	79
- LHPPL	1	5
- PHPPL	1	8
- SKPL	1	8
- SPPL	1	5
- TPPL	1	6
- Erstwhile RFRL (Refer note 15 C (iii) (c))	-	5
- Erstwhile RCEPL (Refer note 9 above)	5	-
- RGPPL	8	-
Inter corporate deposit received from subsidiaries		
- JIPL	10,000	11,000
- CPPL	758	-
- MEGL	139	-
- RPSCL	221,400	-
- SPL	6,700	-
- SHPPL	939	-
- THPPL	1,737	-
- VIPL	24,495	-
Refund of inter corporate deposit received from subsidiaries		
- JIPL	3,400	11,000
- RPSCL	193,924	-
- RSTEPL	-	21,500
- SHPPL	804	-
- SPL	6,700	-
- THPPL	1,737	-
- VIPL	13,025	-
Inter corporate deposit given to subsidiaries		
- RPSCL	-	40,100
- SPL	-	9,500
- Erstwhile SPIL	-	4,995
- MEGL	5	-
- DSPPL	6,975	-
- RCGL	68,100	-
Refund of inter corporate deposit given to subsidiaries		
- CAPIL	1,350	15,303
- DSPPL	5,037	-
- MEGL	5	-
- Erstwhile MEGIL	2,586	4,994
- RCGL	66,100	-

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Rupees in lakhs	
	2012-2013	2011-2012
- RPSCL	8,537	57,415
- SPL	-	9,500
- SMPL	-	82,223
- Erstwhile SPIL	-	6,200
- JIPL	-	89,000
Advance received towards sale of investment		
- RPSCL	42,424	-
Advance received towards issue of non convertible redeemable debentures		
- R Infra (through CPPL)	120,000	-
Insurance charges		
- RGICL	29	33
Rent / support services / others		
- RIIPPL	308	200
- RCL	1	2
Investment in subsidiaries		
Equity Shares*		
- SPPL	-	1
- LHPPL	-	1
- PHPPL	-	1
- SKPL	-	1
- TPPL	-	1
- Erstwhile RCEPL (Refer note 9 above)	-	1
- CAPL	100	-
*Excludes disclosure of allotment of equity shares out of share application money given which has been separately disclosed.		
Purchase of shares		
- Erstwhile MEGIL (7.5% Preference shares of SHPPL)	-	889
- CAPIL (7.5% Preference shares of MEGL)	-	1,345
Sale of shares (Refer note 3.9.1 and 3.9.2):		
- RPSCL (7.5% Preference shares of VIPL)	38,774	-
- Erstwhile MEGIL (7.5% Preference shares of THPPL)	733	-
- Erstwhile MEGIL (7.5% Preference shares of SHPPL)	680	-
- Erstwhile RFRL (7.5% Preference shares of KPPL)	10,000	-
- Erstwhile RFRL (7.5% Preference shares of SHPPL)	1,900	-
- VIPL (Equity shares of Erstwhile RFRL)	100	-
- RPSCL (Equity shares of VIPL)	3,650	-
- DSPPL (Equity shares of Erstwhile MEGIL)	50	-
- RRPPL (Equity shares of SGCPPL)	-	@
- RBPPL (Equity shares of SGCPPL)	-	@
- RGPPL (Equity shares of SGCPPL)	-	@
Redemption of preference shares		
- CAPL (7.5% Preference shares)	98,500	-
Investment in debentures		
- CAPL	100,000	-
@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Rupees in lakhs	
	2012-2013	2011-2012
Share application money given		
- AHPPL	68	49
- AMPL	271	-
- ATPL	188	-
- CAPL	860	4,338
- CAPIL	1,257	-
- DSPPL	-	17,880
- EHPPL	29	33
- JIPL	-	899
- KPPL	652	695
- LHPPL	1,065	1,093
- MHPPL	2	-
- CPPL	599	2,989
- PHPPL	3,019	3,053
- Erstwhile RCEPL (Refer note 9 above)	60,000	-
- RCGL	41,444	216,434
- RCRPL	5,112	5,646
- RPrima	261	-
- RPSCL	2,000	-
- RSTEPL	16,717	1,990
- SHPPL	-	1,379
- SKPL	1,320	1,353
- SPL	204,181	34,100
- SPPL	455	488
- THPPL	112	-
- TPPL	958	994
- USHPPL	49	165
- VIPL	48,320	22,871
Share application money refunded		
- CPPL	599	-
- CAPIL	991	-
- CAPL	90,120	47
- MEGL	766	-
Sitting fees		
- Shri Anil D Ambani	1	1
Remuneration to key management personnel		
- Shri J P Chalasani	327	327
- Shri Ramaswami Kalidas	49	36
- Shri Paresb Rathod	-	2
Contingent Liabilities		
Counter guarantee/Bank guarantees issued		
- JIPL	-	5
- VIPL	-	8,310
- CAPIL	-	106
- ATPL	-	34
- SPL	966	-
- RSTEPL	-	1,000
- RGPPL	3,000	-
- DSPPL	-	12,592
- SMPL	1,367	12,410
- THPPL	1	70

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Rupees in lakhs	
	2012-2013	2011-2012
(ii) Closing Balance :		
Investment in subsidiaries		
Equity shares		
- AHPPL	3,833	3,833
- AMPL	31	31
- ATPL	401	401
- CAPIL	1,534	1,534
- CAPL	5,100	5,000
- CPPL	1	1
- DSPPL	8,941	8,941
- EHPPL	3,547	3,547
- JIPL	5	5
- KPPL	2,236	2,236
- Erstwhile MEGIL (Refer note 15 C (iii)(c))	-	50
- MEGL	8	5
- MHPPL	2,404	2,404
- RCRPL	16,849	1
- Erstwhile RFRL (Refer note 15 C (iii)(c))	-	100
- RNRL (Singapore)	42	42
- RNRL	5	5
- RCGL	115,004	5
- RPrima	5	5
- RPSCL	114,740	114,740
- RSTEPL	22,001	22,001
- SHPPL	2,491	2,491
- SPL	281,772	179,682
- THPPL	114	1
- USHPPL	1	1
- VIPL	8,101	5
- SPPL	489	489
- TPPL	995	995
- SKPL	1,354	1,354
- LHPPL	1,094	1,094
- PHPPL	3,054	3,054
- Erstwhile RCEPL (Refer note 9 above)	-	1
- SMPL	60,000	-
Preference shares		
- CAPL (Refer note 23)	-	57,775
- CPPL	5,380	5,380
- JIPL	17,784	17,784
- RNRL (Singapore)	149,516	140,629
- RPSCL	27,683	27,683
- SHPPL	8,446	10,889
- SPL	281,773	179,682
- THPPL	-	733
- KPPL	752	10,000
- MEGL	1,345	1,345
- DSPPL	8,940	8,940

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Rupees in lakhs	
	2012-2013	2011-2012
- RCGL	129,000	129,000
- AHPPL	68	-
- EHPPL	29	-
- LHPPL	1,065	-
- MHPPL	2	-
- PHPPL	3,019	-
- RSTEPL	3,607	-
- SPPL	455	-
- SKPL	1,320	-
- TPPL	958	-
- VIPL	68,424	-
Debentures		
- CAPL	100,000	-
Loans and advances*		
- AHPPL	-	1
- AMPL	271	159
- ATPL	188	110
- BPL	-	26
- CAPIL	266	1,902
- CAPL	100	89,322
- CPPL	127,168	127,228
- DSPPL	1,938	67
- EHPPL	-	1
- JIPL	999	1,179
- KPPL	-	101
- Erstwhile MEGIL (Refer Note 15 C(iii)(c))	-	2,586
- MEGL	-	766
- MHPPL	-	1
- RCRPL	-	11,736
- RNRL	2,123	1,271
- RPrima	261	159
- RPSCL	2,000	8,787
- RSTEPL	15,190	2,062
- RWPPL	-	1,022
- SHPPL	-	1
- SMPL	1	6,783
- SPL	22	459
- THPPL	-	476
- USHPPL	1,667	1,618
- VIPL	-	70,384
- RCPPL	-	79
- LHPPL	-	5
- PHPPL	-	8
- RCGL	15,876	88,504
- SKPL	-	8
- SPPL	-	5
- TPPL	-	6

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Rupees in lakhs	
	2012-2013	2011-2012
Unsecured loan		
- JIPL	6,600	-
- MEGL	139	-
- RPSCL	27,476	-
- SHPPL	135	-
- VIPL	11,470	-
- CPPL	758	-
Short term borrowings		
- R Infra	120,000	-
Current liabilities		
- R Infra	679	-
Trade payables		
- R Infra	-	248
- RI IPL	631	569
Trade receivables		
- R Infra	192	1,664
- BKPL	-	3
Other current assets		
- RNRL (Singapore)	748	2,109
Contingent Liabilities (closing balances)		
Counter guarantees / Bank guarantees issued		
- SPL	57,273	60,360
- CAPL	47,060	47,060
- JIPL	80,821	80,821
- VIPL	8,559	16,733
- CAPIL	65	260
- ATPL	3	188
- RPrima	-	84
- CPPL	11,508	11,508
- RSTEPL	11,471	12,471
- RPN (USD 15 Million)^	8,157	7,673
- DSPPL	-	1,003
- MEGL	-	500
- SMPL	12,367	12,410
- THPPL	71	70
- RGPPL	3,000	-

*Includes Inter corporate deposits, share application money and other receivables.

^ Increase during the year is due to revaluation of foreign currency.

(iii) Other transactions:

- a) The Company has pledged its shareholding in the following subsidiaries in accordance with sponsor support agreement, as a security towards the term loan availed by the subsidiaries
 - i) 100% of equity shares of Sasan Power Limited.
 - ii) 0.05% of equity shares of Coastal Andhra Power Limited.
 - iii) 100% of equity shares of Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited.
 - iv) 100% of preference shares of Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited.
 - v) 100% of preference shares of Sasan Power Limited.
 - vi) 100% of equity shares of Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

- b) The Company has given equity support undertaking/financial support undertaking towards cost overrun to financial institutions/banks for rupee/foreign currency loans taken by Rosa Power Supply Company Limited, Sasan Power Limited, Vidarbha Industries Power Limited, Samalkot Power Limited, Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited, Reliance Clean Power Private Limited and Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited.
- c) During the year pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation approved by the Bombay High Court, RFRL has been amalgamated with VIPL and MEGIL has been amalgamated with DSPPL.
- d) During the previous year the Company has issued Commercial paper of Rs. 23,000 lakhs at a discount of 12% per annum, to RCL and the same has been redeemed at par on the maturity date.
- e) During the year, Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited has been amalgamated with the Company, pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation approved by the High Court of the Bombay. (Refer note 9 above for transactions pursuant to the scheme).

The above disclosures do not include transactions with public utility service providers, viz, electricity, telecommunications in the normal course of business.

16) Disclosure of loans and advances to subsidiaries pursuant to Clause 32 of the listing agreement:

Rupees in Lakhs

Name of Subsidiaries	Amount outstanding*		Maximum amount outstanding during the year	
	As at			
	March 31, 2013	March 31, 2012	2012-2013	2011-2012
Amulin Hydro Power Private Limited	-	1	69	3,833
Atos Mercantile Private Limited	271	159	353	159
Atos Trading Private Limited	188	110	242	110
Bharuch Power Limited	-	26	52	31
Chitrangi Power Private Limited	127,168	127,228	127,770	127,228
Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited	266	1,902	2,899	17,795
Coastal Andhra Power Limited	100	89,322	110,354	92,098
Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited	1,938	67	4,050	10,390
Emini Hydro Power Private Limited	-	1	29	3,547
Jharkhand Integrated Power Limited	999	1,179	1,670	89,109
Kalai Power Private Limited	-	101	753	2,338
Erstwhile Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited	-	2,586	2,586	8,063
Maharashtra Energy Generation Limited	-	766	767	766
Mihundon Hydro Power Private Limited	-	1	3	2,404
Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited	15,190	2,062	15,197	2,074
Reliance CleanGen Limited	15,876	88,504	190,832	96,273
Reliance Coal Resources Private Limited	-	11,736	16,849	11,736
Reliance Natural Resources Limited	2,123	1,271	2,123	3,922
Reliance Prima Limited	261	159	261	159
Reliance Wind Power Private Limited	-	1,022	1,022	1,022
Rosa Power Supply Company Limited	2,000	8,787	102,702	141,937
Samalkot Power Limited	1	6,783	6,818	82,223
Erstwhile Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited	-	-	-	27,328
Sasan Power Limited	22	459	187,977	34,274
Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited	-	1	2	2,491
Tato Hydro Power Private Limited	-	476	478	937
Urthing Sobla Hydro Power Private Limited	1,667	1,618	1,672	1,618
Vidarbha Industries Power Limited	-	70,384	84,678	71,525
Lara Sumta Hydro Power Private Limited	-	5	1,066	1,098
Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited	-	8	3,026	3,061
Sumte Kothang Hydro Power Private Limited	-	8	1,326	1,361
Shangling Hydro Power Private Limited	-	5	457	493
Teling Hydro Power Private Limited	-	6	963	1,000
Erstwhile Reliance Fuel Resources Limited	-	-	-	5
Reliance Clean Power Private Limited	-	79	2,423	79
Erstwhile Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited	-	-	45,005	-
Reliance Green Power Private Limited	-	-	17	-

*Including share application money and inter corporate deposits

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

As at the year-end, the Company;

- has no loans and advances in the nature of loans, wherein there is no repayment schedule or repayment is beyond seven years and
- has no loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested.

17) Earnings per share:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Profit available to equity shareholders		
Profit after tax (A) (Rupees in lakhs)	51,393	31,086
Number of equity shares		
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (Basic) (B)	2,805,126,466	2,805,126,466
Basic and diluted earnings per share (A / B) (Rs.)	1.83	1.11
Nominal value of an equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00

18) The year-end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are given below:

	Year ended March 31, 2013		Year ended March 31, 2012	
	USD	Rupees in Lakhs	USD	Rupees in Lakhs
Amount receivable in foreign currency:				
Investment in preference shares	274,900,000	149,516	274,900,000	140,629
Dividend receivable on preference shares	1,374,500	748	4,123,500	2,109
Remittance in transit	1,374,500	748	-	-

19) Earnings in foreign currency:

	Year ended March 31, 2013		Year ended March 31, 2012	
		Rupees in Lakhs		Rupees in Lakhs
Dividend on preference shares	748			679
Sale of assets	672			-

20) Quantitative information in respect of traded goods (Coal rejects):

	Year ended March 31, 2013		Year ended March 31, 2012	
	Quantity (MT)	Rupees in Lakhs	Quantity (MT)	Rupees in Lakhs
Opening stock	-	-	-	-
Purchases	-	-	362,708	689
Sales	-	-	362,708	770
Closing stock	-	-	-	-

21) Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

There are no Micro and Small Scale Business Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2013. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

22) Exchange Difference on Long Term Monetary Items

In respect of exchange difference arising on long term foreign currency monetary items, the Company has availed the option available in the Companies (Accounting Standard) (Second Amendment) Rules, 2011, vide notification dated December 29, 2011 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs. Accordingly, the Company has accumulated a gain of Rs. 20,999 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 16,050 lakhs) to "Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account" towards exchange variation on revaluation of long term monetary items other than on account of depreciable assets.

23) During the year, based on the request placed by the Company, investments in 7.5% Non convertible non cumulative redeemable preference shares of Coastal Andhra Power Limited ("CAPL") (a wholly owned subsidiary) has been early redeemed as per approval of Board of Directors of the CAPL in the meeting held on December 24, 2012. The said shares were redeemed at a premium of Rs. 990 per share and profit on redemption of shares has been disclosed as an exceptional item in the Statement of Profit and loss.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

- 24) The management has been legally advised that the Company is considered to be established with the object of providing infrastructural facilities and accordingly, Section 372A of the Companies Act, 1956 is not applicable to the Company.
- 25) Previous year figures have been regrouped/recasted wherever considered necessary to make it comparable to current year presentation.

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner
Membership No. 55913

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W
Chartered Accountants

C. D. Lala

Partner
Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anil D. Ambani

Chairman

**J. L. Bajaj
Dr. Yogendra Narain
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi**

} Directors

J. P. Chalasani

Chief Executive Officer

Ramaswami Kalidas

Company Secretary and Manager

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

Reliance Power Limited

Independent Auditors' Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

To the Board of Directors of Reliance Power Limited

1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements (the "Consolidated Financial Statements") of Reliance Power Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries and its jointly controlled operations; hereinafter referred to as the "Group" (refer Note 2 (II) to the attached consolidated financial statements) which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and the consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information which we have signed under reference to this report.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

2. The Company's Management is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.
4. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

6. We report that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company's Management in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standard (AS) 21 - Consolidated Financial Statements and Accounting Standard (AS) 27 - Financial Reporting of Interests in Joint Ventures notified under Section 211(3C) of the Companies Act, 1956.
7. Based on our audit and on consideration of reports of other auditors and one of the joint auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the components of the Group as referred to in paragraph 9 and 10 below, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, in our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:
 - (a) in the case of the consolidated Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2013;
 - (b) in the case of the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
 - (c) in the case of the consolidated Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Emphasis of Matter

8. We draw attention to Note 7,8 and 9 of the consolidated financial statements regarding Schemes of Amalgamation/Arrangement as approved by the Honourable High Court of Bombay (Scheme) pursuant to which Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited has been amalgamated with the Company, Reliance Fuel Resources Limited has been amalgamated with Vidarbha Industries Power Limited and Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited has been amalgamated with Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited. Accordingly, the Group has carried out the accounting treatments as prescribed in the respective Schemes as set out in the above referred Notes. Our opinion is not qualified in this regard.

Other Matters

9. The financial statements and other financial information of ten subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, which constitute total assets of Rs. 309,467 lakhs and net assets of Rs. 302,980 lakhs as at March 31, 2013, total revenue of Rs. 300 lakhs, net loss before tax of Rs. 761 lakhs and net cash outflows amounting to

Independent Auditors' Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Rs. 657 lakhs for the year then ended have been audited by Chaturvedi & Shah on whose reports Price Waterhouse has placed reliance for the purpose of this report.

10. We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information of twenty six subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, which constitute total assets of Rs. 217,578 lakhs and net assets of Rs. 197,428 lakhs as at March 31, 2013, total revenue of Rs. 10,665 lakhs, net profit before tax of Rs. 8,079 lakhs and net cash inflows amounting to Rs. 108,534 lakhs for the year then ended. These financial statements and other financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and

our opinion on the consolidated financial statements to the extent they have been derived from such financial statements is based solely on the report of such other auditors.

For Price Waterhouse
Firm Regn. No: 301112E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh
Partner
Membership No. 55913

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

For Chaturvedi & Shah
Firm Regn. No: 101720W
Chartered Accountants

C. D. Lala
Partner
Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

Reliance Power Limited

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2013

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
Equity and Liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3.1	280,513	280,513
Reserves and surplus	3.2	1,577,595	1,476,449
Minority interest			
Equity interest		@	@
Preference shares issued by subsidiary		150	150
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	3.3	2,421,457	1,426,271
Deferred tax liabilities	3.4	697	-
Other long term liabilities	3.5	291,503	386,640
Long-term provisions	3.6	3,647	617
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	3.7	253,732	38,923
Trade payables	3.8	23,623	15,122
Other current liabilities	3.9	309,177	288,482
Short-term provisions	3.10	31,292	12,727
Total		5,193,386	3,925,894
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets:			
Tangible assets	3.11	892,699	652,105
Intangible assets	3.11	4,918	5,098
Capital work-in-progress	3.12.1	3,029,873	2,178,252
Intangible assets under development	3.12.2	1,167	1,447
Non-current investments	3.13.1	@	500
Long-term loans and advances	3.14	357,655	501,807
Other non-current assets	3.15	23,667	16,781
Current assets			
Current investments	3.13.2	4,010	141,046
Inventories	3.16	53,555	16,069
Trade receivables	3.17	132,990	65,517
Cash and bank balances	3.18	483,531	140,584
Short-term loans and advances	3.19	180,365	187,011
Other current assets	3.20	28,956	19,677
Total		5,193,386	3,925,894

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Group

Significant accounting policies

Notes on consolidated financial statements

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner

Membership No. 55913

C. D. Lala

Partner

Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anil D. Ambani

Chairman

J. L. Bajaj

Dr. Yogendra Narain

Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi

Directors

J. P. Chalasani

Chief Executive Officer

Ramaswami Kalidas

Company Secretary and Manager

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
Revenue from operations	3.21	492,659	201,921
Other income	3.22	35,718	74,757
Total revenue		528,377	276,678
Expenses:			
Purchase of energy		38,517	-
Purchase of coal rejects		-	689
Cost of fuel consumed		256,207	112,854
Operating expenditure	3.23	702	3,848
Employee benefits expense	3.24	8,034	5,961
Finance cost	3.25	58,533	29,762
Depreciation / amortisation		28,513	12,145
Generation, administration and other expenses	3.26	17,910	16,180
Exchange loss on settlement of 4.928% Convertible bonds		-	13,588
Less: Equivalent amount withdrawn from General reserve		-	(13,588)
Total expenses		408,416	181,439
Profit before tax and Minority interest		119,961	95,239
Provision for taxation			
Current tax		18,188	8,717
Deferred tax	3.4	697	-
Income tax for earlier years		-	11
Excess provision of earlier years written back		(70)	(167)
Profit after tax and before Minority interest		101,146	86,678
Minority interest		-	-
Profit for the year		101,146	86,678
Earnings per equity share: (Face value of Rs. 10 each)			
Basic and Diluted (Rupees)	17	3.61	3.09
Significant accounting policies	2		
Notes on consolidated financial statements	3 to 31		

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner

Membership No. 55913

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W
Chartered Accountants

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anil D. Ambani

Chairman

**J. L. Bajaj
Dr. Yogendra Narain
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi**

} Directors

J. P. Chalasani

Chief Executive Officer

Ramaswami Kalidas

Company Secretary and Manager

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Reliance Power Limited

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
(A) Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities		
Net profit before taxation	119,961	95,239
Adjusted for:		
Dividend income	(1,275)	(16,663)
Depreciation / amortisation	28,513	12,145
Interest and finance charges	58,533	29,762
Profit on redemption of mutual funds	(842)	(19,780)
Interest income	(20,313)	(21,589)
Unrealised exchange gain (net)	(11,998)	(15,695)
(Gain) / Loss on sale of fixed assets	(390)	5
Incidental expenses / Capital Work-in-Progress written-off	901	3,613
Provision for diminution in value of advances	3,450	-
Provision no longer required written back	-	(140)
Provision for gratuity and leave encashment	209	44
Operating profit before working capital changes	176,749	66,941
Adjustments for:		
Inventories	(37,486)	(10,704)
Trade receivables, loans and advances and other assets	(87,495)	(36,235)
Trade payables, other liabilities and provisions	36,417	4,955
	(88,564)	(41,984)
Taxes paid (net of refund)	(17,648)	(8,732)
Net cash from operating activities	70,537	16,225
(B) Cash flow from/(used in) investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets (including Capital Work-in-Progress and capital advances)	(891,303)	(1,077,456)
Sale of fixed assets	1,046	990
Dividend income	2,483	18,856
Interest income on bank and other deposits	29,223	15,496
Deposits (Non-Trade)	(4,436)	(2,713)
Inter corporate deposits placed	(24,000)	(500,500)
Inter corporate deposits refunded	64,235	435,000
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(1)	-
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	14
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind	(34,130)	(13,316)
Sale of investments (net of purchase)	127,983	462,227
Fixed deposits / Margin money deposits having original maturity more than three months	(168,440)	10,420
Taxes paid (net of refund)	596	4,731
Net cash used in investing activities	(896,744)	(646,251)
(C) Cash flow from/(used in) financing activities		
Proceeds from long term borrowings	1,047,227	882,846
Repayment of long term borrowings	(49,528)	(25,721)
Proceeds from short term borrowings (net of repayment)	72,693	16,591
Interest and finance charges	(202,988)	(120,013)
Proceeds from issue of commercial paper	39,646	22,396
Repayment of 4.928% convertible bonds	-	(147,493)
Repayment of commercial paper	(19,490)	(22,396)
Advance against proposed issue of non-convertible debentures	120,000	-
Net cash generated from financing activities	1,007,560	606,210
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	181,353	(23,816)
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents		
- Balance in current account	91,976	29,548
- Balance in fixed deposit	17,347	96,855
- Remittances in transit / cheques in hand	18,266	24,991
Cash and cash equivalents acquired:		
- Pursuant to scheme of amalgamation between Reliance CleanGen Limited and Western Alliance Power Limited	-	11
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents		
- Balance in current account	227,994	91,976
- Balance in fixed deposit	80,200	17,347
- Remittances in transit / cheques in hand	748	18,266

Previous year figures have been regrouped and recast wherever necessary to the current year classification.

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner

Membership No. 55913

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W
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Anil D. Ambani

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} Directors

J. P. Chalasani

Chief Executive Officer

Ramaswami Kalidas

Company Secretary and Manager

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Place : Mumbai

Date : May 13, 2013

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013
1. General information

Reliance Power Limited ("the Company") together with its subsidiaries ("Reliance Power Group") is primarily engaged in the business of generation of power. The projects under development include coal, gas, hydro, wind and solar based energy projects. The portfolio of Reliance Power group also includes three ultra mega power projects (UMPP) of 3,960 MW each.

2. Significant accounting policies:
a) Basis of accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India, provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act") and comply in material aspects with the accounting standards notified under Section 211 (3C) of the Act, read with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006.

b) Basis of consolidation:

(I) The consolidated financial statements relate to Reliance Power Limited (the Parent Company) and its subsidiary companies and joint control operations (together referred to as "Group") which have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard 21 (AS-21) - "Consolidated Financial Statements" and Accounting Standard 27 (AS-27) - "Financial Reporting of Interests in Joint Ventures" as prescribed by Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- (i) The financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiary companies have been combined on a line by line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses after fully eliminating intra-group balances and unrealised profits or losses on intra-group transactions.
- (ii) The consolidated financial statements include the interest of the Group in joint control operations. The joint control operations have been accounted for, using the proportionate consolidation method of accounting which reports the Group's share of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in the joint control operations after eliminating unrealised profits or losses on intra-group transactions.
- (iii) The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Parent Company's separate financial statements. Appropriate adjustments have been made in the financial statements of the subsidiaries with respect to different accounting policies for like transactions and events in similar circumstances for the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements as far as possible.
- (iv) In case of foreign subsidiaries, revenue is consolidated at an average exchange rate prevailing during the year. All monetary assets and liabilities are converted at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the year and non-monetary assets and liabilities are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Any exchange difference arising on consolidation of integral foreign operation is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (v) The excess of cost to the Parent Company of its investment in the subsidiary over the Parent Company's portion of equity of the subsidiary and the excess of cost of subsidiary over its investment in Joint Venture is recognised in the financial statements as Goodwill. This Goodwill is tested for impairment at the end of the financial year. The excess of Parent Company's portion of equity over the cost of investment as at the date of its investment is treated as Capital reserve.
- (vi) Minority's share of net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet as a separate line item from liabilities and the shareholders' funds.
- (vii) The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as that of the Parent Company i.e. year ended March 31, 2013.

(II) The subsidiaries considered in the consolidated financial statements are:

Sr. No.	Name of Company	Country of Incorporation	Proportion (%) of shareholding Year ended March 31, 2013	Proportion (%) of shareholding Year ended March 31, 2012
1	Rosa Power Supply Company Limited (RPSCL)	India	100	100
2	Sasan Power Limited (SPL)	India	100	100
3	Jharkhand Integrated Power Limited (JIPL)	India	100	100

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Sr. No.	Name of Company	Country of Incorporation	Proportion (%) of shareholding Year ended March 31, 2013	Proportion (%) of shareholding Year ended March 31, 2012
4	Coastal Andhra Power Limited (CAPL)	India	100	100
5	Maharashtra Energy Generation Limited (MEGL)	India	100	100
6	Chitrangi Power Private Limited (CPPL)	India	100	100
7	Vidarbha Industries Power Limited (VIPL)	India	100	100
8	Siyom Hydro Power Private Limited (SHPPL)	India	100	100
9	Tato Hydro Power Private Limited (THPPL)	India	100	100
10	Kalai Power Private Limited (KPPL)	India	100	100
11	Urthing Sobla Hydro Power Private Limited (USHPPL)	India	80	80
12	Amulin Hydro Power Private Limited (AHPPL)	India	100	100
13	Emini Hydro Power Private Limited (EHPPL)	India	100	100
14	Mihundon Hydro Power Private Limited (MHPPL)	India	100	100
15	Erstwhile Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited (Erstwhile MEGIL) (Refer note 9)	India	100	100
16	Reliance Coal Resources Private Limited (RCRPL)	India	100	100
17	Reliance CleanGen Limited (RCGL)	India	100	100
18	Rajasthan Sun Technique Energy Private Limited (RSTEPL)	India	100	100
19	Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited (CAPIL)	India	100	100
20	Reliance Prima Limited (RPrima)	India	100	100
21	Atos Trading Private Limited (ATPL)	India	100	100
22	Atos Mercantile Private Limited (AMPL)	India	100	100
23	Reliance Natural Resources Limited (RNRL)	India	100	100
24	Erstwhile Reliance Fuel Resources Limited (Erstwhile RFRL) (Refer note 8)	India	100	100
25	Dahanu Solar Power Private Limited (DSPPL)	India	100	100
26	Reliance Natural Resources (Singapore) Pte Limited (RNRL-Singapore)	Singapore	100	100
27	Purthi Hydro Power Private Limited (PHPPL)	India	100	100
28	Teling Hydro Power Private Limited (TPPL)	India	100	100
29	Shangling Hydro Power Private Limited (SPPL)	India	100	100
30	Lara Sumta Hydro Power Private Limited (LHPPL)	India	100	100
31	Sumte Kothang Hydro Power Private Limited (SKPL)	India	100	100
32	Erstwhile Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (Erstwhile RCEPL) (w.e.f.14.11.2011) (Refer note 7)	India	100	100

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Sr. No.	Name of Company	Country of Incorporation	Proportion (%) of shareholding Year ended March 31, 2013	Proportion (%) of shareholding Year ended March 31, 2012
33	Reliance Green Power Private Limited (RGPPL) (upto 03.03.2012 and w.e.f. 11.08.2012)	India	100	100
34	Erstwhile Sasan Power Infrastructure Limited (Erstwhile SPIL)	India	-	100
35	Solar Generation Company (Rajasthan) Private Limited (SGCPL) (upto 03.03.2012)	India	-	100
36	Reliance Tidal Power Private Limited (RTPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)	India	-	100
37	Reliance Geothermal Power Private Limited (RGTPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)	India	-	100
38	Reliance Renewable Power Private Limited (RRPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)	India	-	100
39	Reliance Biomass Power Private Limited (RBPPL) (upto 03.03.2012)	India	-	100
40	Bharuch Power Limited (BPL)	India	100	100
41	Samalkot Power Limited (SMPL)	India	100	100
42	Reliance Solar Resources Power Private Limited (RSRPPL)	India	100	100
43	Reliance Wind Power Private Limited (RWPPL)	India	100	100
44	Reliance Clean Power Private Limited (RCPPL)	India	100	100
45	Reliance Power Netherlands BV (RPN)	Netherlands	100	100
46	PT Heramba Coal Resources (PTH)	Indonesia	100	100
47	PT Avaneesh Coal Resources (PTA)	Indonesia	100	100
48	PT Brayan Bintang Tiga Energi (BBE)	Indonesia	100	100
49	PT Sriwijaya Bintang Tiga Energi (SBE)	Indonesia	100	100
50	PT Sumukha Coal Services (PTS)	Indonesia	99.60	99.60

c) Use of estimates:

The preparation and presentation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions and / or revised estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised.

d) Tangible assets and capital work-in-progress:

- (i) The gross block of tangible assets are stated at cost (net of cenvat credit availed) of acquisition or construction, including any cost attributable to bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use. All project related expenditure viz, civil works, machinery under erection, construction and erection materials, pre-operative expenditure incidental / attributable to construction of project including carpet coal laid prior to commissioning, borrowing cost incurred prior to the date of commercial operation, trial run expenditure, coal mine development expenses and construction stores are shown under Capital Work-in-Progress. These expenses are net of recoveries, revenue earned from sale of energy (known as infirm power) which is generated prior to commissioning and income (net of tax) from surplus funds arising out of project specific borrowings. The related expenditure is capitalised on achieving commercial operations and accordingly depreciated.
- (ii) SPL is setting up an "ultra mega power plant" which will be comprised of six units each capable of generating 660 mega watt of power. On a technical evaluation, inter alia of the integrated nature of the Plant and the commercial

terms of power purchase agreement with the procurers, the group has concluded that the entire power plant taken as a whole constitutes the unit of measurement and hence, under Accounting Standard – 10 "Accounting For Fixed Assets" as prescribed under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, will be capitalised on completion of power plant consisting of all six units. Also refer note 19 below.

Accordingly, all project related expenditure viz, civil works, machinery under erection, construction and erection materials, pre-operative expenditure incidental / directly attributable to construction of project, borrowing cost, coal mine development expenses, construction stores, revenues and direct operational expenses related to the units of electricity generated in the interim period, pending capitalisation, are shown under Capital Work-in-Progress.

- (iii) Any exchange difference arising on long term foreign currency monetary items on revaluation or settlement at the rate different from the one which were previously reported, in so far relates to depreciable capital assets are added / deducted from cost of such assets. Also refer note 2 (m) below.
- (iv) Deposits, payments / liabilities made provisionally towards compensation, rehabilitation and other expenses relating to land in possession are treated as cost of land.
- (v) Construction stores have been valued at weighted average cost.

e) Mining assets (in case of SPL):

- (i) Overburden removal costs:

Removal of overburden and other waste material, referred to as "Stripping Activity", is necessary to extract the coal reserves in case of open pit mining operations. The stripping ratio for the life of the mine is obtained by dividing the estimated quantity of overburden by the estimated quantity of mineable coal reserve to be extracted over the life of the mine. This ratio is periodically reviewed and changes, if any, are accounted for prospectively.

The overburden removal costs are included in Mining properties under Tangible Assets and amortised over the life of the mine on a unit of production basis based on the stripping ratio.

- (ii) Mine closure obligation:

The liability to meet the obligation of mine closure has been estimated based on the mine closure plan in the proportion of total area exploited to the total area of the mine as a whole. These costs are updated annually during the life of the mine to reflect the developments in mining activities.

The Mine closure obligation cost has been included in Mining properties under Tangible Assets and amortised over the life of the mine on a unit of production basis.

- (iii) Mine development expenditure:

Expenditure incurred on development of coal mine is grouped under Capital Work-in-Progress till the coal mine is ready for its intended use. Once the mine is ready for its intended use, such mine development expenditure is capitalised and included in Mining Properties under Tangible Assets. Mine development expenditure is amortised over the life of the mine on a unit of production basis.

f) Intangible assets:

- (i) Intangible assets are recognised where it is probable that the future economic benefit attributable to the assets will flow to the Group and its cost can be reliably measured.
- (ii) Expenditure incurred on acquisition/development of intangible assets which are not put / ready to use at the reporting date is disclosed under intangible assets under development.
- (iii) Mining right represents directly attributable cost (other than the land cost) incurred for obtaining the mining rights and are disclosed as part of Intangible assets in line with the requirements of the Act.

g) Inventories:

Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. In case of fuel, stores and spares, "cost" means weighted average cost. For coal stock, the measured stock is adopted and the variation between measured stock and book stock is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss / Capital Work-in-Progress.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

h) Depreciation / amortisation:

(i) Tangible assets:

- Tangible assets are depreciated under the straight line method as per the rates and in the manner prescribed under Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956, read with the General Circular No. 31/2011 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated May 31, 2011, as applicable.
- In case of RPSCL, for thermal generating assets, i.e., plant and machinery block, depreciation is charged at the rate of 3.8% p.a. as per the order dated May 24, 2011, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.
- In case of DSPPL, for solar photo voltaic assets, i.e., plant and equipment block, depreciation is charged at the rate of 7% p.a. for first ten years and thereafter at 1.33% p.a. for the remaining fifteen years as prescribed under Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for Tariff determination from Renewable Energy Sources) Regulations, 2009.
- In case of RSTEPL, for solar concentrated thermal assets under plant and equipment block, depreciation is charged at the rate of 7% p.a. for first ten years and thereafter at 1.33% p.a. for the remaining fifteen years as prescribed under Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Terms and Conditions for Tariff determination from Renewable Energy Sources) Regulations, 2009.
- Leasehold land is amortised over the lease period from the date of advance possession received or lease deed executed, whichever is earlier, except leasehold land for coal mining, which is amortised over the period of mining rights.
- In case of SPL, freehold land acquired for coal mining is amortised over the period of mining rights, considering the same cannot be put to any other use.

(ii) Intangible assets:

Software expenses are amortised over a period of three years. In case of SPL, mining rights are amortised over the period of right.

i) Investments:

Long-term investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution other than temporary, if any, in the value of such investments. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and fair value.

j) Provisions and contingent liabilities:

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when there is present legal obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made for the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is also termed as contingent liability.

k) Impairment of assets:

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

l) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

m) Foreign currency transaction:

- (i) Foreign currency transactions are initially accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transaction.
- (ii) All exchange differences arising on reporting of short term foreign currency monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

- (iii) In respect of foreign exchange differences arising on revaluation or settlement of long term foreign currency monetary items, the Group has availed the option available in the Companies (Accounting Standards) (Second Amendment) Rules 2011, wherein:
- Foreign exchange differences on account of depreciable assets are adjusted in the cost of depreciable assets and would be depreciated over the balance life of the assets.
 - In other cases, foreign exchange differences are accumulated in "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortised over the balance period of such long term assets/liabilities.
 - An asset or liability is designated as a long term foreign currency monetary item, if the asset or liability is expressed in a foreign currency and has a term of twelve months or more at the date of origination of the asset or the liability, which is determined taking into consideration the terms of the payment/settlement as defined under the respective agreement/memorandum of understanding.
- (iv) Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are stated at the rate prevailing on the date of transaction.
- (v) In case of forward contracts entered for hedging long term borrowings, the premium or discount, arising at the inception of a forward exchange contract is amortised as an expense/income over the life of the contract. Exchange differences on such contracts are adjusted in accordance with paragraph m (iii) above in the cost of depreciable asset and would be depreciated over the balance life of the asset.
- (vi) Loss on derivative contracts, other than those covered under Accounting Standard -11 "The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates, i.e. as explained in (v) above, outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date are provided for on an overall basis by marking them to market as per the announcement by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Net gain, if any, arising on such contracts is not recognised.

n) Revenue recognition:

- (i) In case of RPSCL, revenue from sale of energy is recognised on an accrual basis as per the tariff rates approved by Uttar Pradesh Electricity Regulatory Commission (UPERC) in accordance with the provisions of power purchase agreement (PPA) with Uttar Pradesh Power Corporation Limited (UPPCL). In case where final tariff rates are yet to be approved/agreed, provisional tariff is adopted based on the principles enunciated in PPA and UPERC regulations. Further, the revenue is also accrued towards truing up of fixed charges as per the petitions filed based on the principles enunciated in the PPA and UPERC regulations.
- (ii) In case of DSPPL, revenue from sale of energy is recognised on an accrual basis as per the tariff rate notified by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) in accordance with the provisions of PPA with customers.
- (iii) In case of SPL, revenue from sale of energy is recognised on an accrual basis as per the tariff rates approved in accordance with the provisions of PPA entered into with the Procurers. The revenue accounted/accrued till the commissioning of power plant as a whole is accounted for as per the accounting policy as defined in note 2 (d) (ii) above.
- (iv) In case of VIPL, revenue from sale of energy is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the provisions of PPA / sale arrangements.
- (v) The surcharge on late payment/overdue sundry debtors for sale of energy is recognised when no significant uncertainty as to measurement or collectability exists.
- (vi) Income from fuel handling and service charges is recognised on the basis of services rendered as per the terms of contract.
- (vii) Revenue on trading of coal is recognised on transfer of property to the buyers for consideration.
- (viii) Profit on sale / redemption of investments is accounted on sale / redemption of such investments. Interest income on fixed and inter-corporate deposit is recognised on time proportionate basis. Dividend is recognised when right to receive is established in Group's favour. Income on fixed maturity plan of mutual fund is recognised on an accrual basis based on the net asset value on the reporting date taking into consideration the principles of reasonable certainty.

o) Employee benefits:

- (i) Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

for the services rendered by employees are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss / Capital Work-in-Progress, as applicable.

(ii) **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund, superannuation, etc are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss / Capital Work-in-Progress, as applicable, during the year in which the employee renders the related service.

(iii) **Defined benefit plans**

The Group also provides employee benefits in the form of gratuity and leave encashment, the liability for which as at the year end is determined by independent actuary based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Such defined benefits are charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss / Capital work-in-progress, as applicable. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss /Capital Work-in-Progress, as applicable.

p) Employee stock option scheme (ESOS):

The employees of the Group and independent directors are entitled for grant of stock option (equity shares), based on the eligibility criteria set in ESOS plan of the Group. The employee compensation expenses are accounted on the basis of "intrinsic value method". The excess, if any, of quoted market price over the exercise price on the date of grant would be recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period. The Group recognises compensation cost on the basis of estimated number of stock options expected to vest. Subsequently, if there are any indications resulting in a difference in the number of stock option expected to vest, the Group revises its previous estimate and accordingly recognises / (reverses) compensation cost on employee service.

q) Accounting for taxes on income:

Provision for current tax is made after taking into consideration benefits admissible under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax resulting from "timing differences" between book and taxable profit is accounted for using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted as on the balance sheet date. The deferred tax asset is recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that the assets will be realised in future. However in respect of unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward loss, the deferred tax asset is recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is a virtual certainty that the assets will be realised in future.

r) Accounting for oil and gas activity:

The Group follows "Successful Efforts Method" for accounting of oil and gas exploration activities as set out by the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on oil and natural gas producing activities. The cost of survey and prospecting activities conducted in search of oil and gas are expensed out in the year in which the same are incurred.

s) Cash and cash equivalents:

In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

t) Commercial papers:

Commercial papers are recognised as a liability at the face value at the time of issuance of instrument. The discount is amortised as an interest cost over the period of commercial paper at the rate implicit in the transaction.

u) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Group earnings per share is the net profit for the year after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all years presented is adjusted for events, such as issue of bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

		As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.1 Share capital			
Authorised share capital			
11,000,000,000 (Previous year: 11,000,000,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each		1,100,000	1,100,000
5,000,000,000 (Previous year: 5,000,000,000) preference shares of Rs. 10 each		500,000	500,000
		1,600,000	1,600,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up capital			
2,805,126,466 (Previous year: 2,805,126,466) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up		280,513	280,513
3.1.1 Terms / rights attached to equity shares	The Parent Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of the equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Parent Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Parent Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.		
3.1.2 Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Parent Company	As at March 31, 2013		
	Percentage of share holding	No. of Shares	As at March 31, 2012
			Percentage of share holding
			No. of Shares
Equity shares			
Reliance Infrastructure Limited	36.52	1,024,448,193	38.41
AAA International Capital Private Limited	9.55	267,776,331	9.55
Reliance Enterprises and Ventures Private Limited	9.55	267,776,331	9.55
AAA Project Ventures Private Limited	19.16	537,387,901	22.06
	74.78	2,097,388,756	79.57
			2,231,998,000
3.1.3 Aggregate number of bonus shares issued and shares issued for consideration other than cash during the five years immediately preceding the reporting date			
a)	During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Parent Company had issued 136,800,000 equity shares as fully paid bonus shares by capitalisation of Rs. 13,680 lakhs from securities premium account.		
b)	During the year ended March 31, 2011, the Parent Company had issued 408,282,606 equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid to the shareholders of Reliance Natural Resources Limited as a consideration for transfer of business undertaking from Reliance Natural Resources Limited under the composite scheme of arrangement sanctioned by High Court of Bombay on October 15, 2010.		
3.2 Reserves and surplus			
3.2.1 Capital reserve (on consolidation)			
Balance at the beginning of the year		8,337	7,809
Add: Adjustment pursuant to scheme of amalgamation between RCGL and Western Alliance Power Limited		-	528
		8,337	8,337
3.2.2 Securities premium account		1,104,823	1,104,823
3.2.3 General reserve			
Balance at the beginning of the year		72,230	50,818
Add: Transfer from Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		35,000	35,000
Less: Transfer to Statement of Profit and Loss to off-set the exchange loss on settlement of Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds		-	13,588
		107,230	72,230

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.2.4 General reserve (arisen pursuant to composite scheme of arrangement) (Refer note 6)	111,957	111,957
3.2.5 Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	179,102	127,424
Profit for the year	101,146	86,678
Less: Transfer to General reserve	35,000	35,000
Balance at the end of the year	245,248	179,102
	1,577,595	1,476,449
3.3 Long-term borrowings		
Secured		
Term loans:		
Rupee loans from banks	606,499	434,375
Foreign currency loans from banks	691,082	511,646
Rupee loans from financial institutions	360,671	167,599
Foreign currency loans from financial institutions/other parties	734,429	293,312
Unsecured		
Term Loans:		
Foreign currency loans from banks	17,059	13,146
Deferred payment liabilities:		
Deferred entry tax (Refer note 21)	10,583	5,276
Deferred value added tax (Refer note 22)	1,134	917
	2,421,457	1,426,271

The details of security, terms of repayment and interest on long-term loans obtained by the respective subsidiaries (which includes non-current and current maturities of term loans) are given below:

3.3.1 RPSCL

RPSCL has obtained rupee and foreign currency loan from banks and financial institutions. The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 439,239 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 420,030 lakhs).

Security

Long term loans obtained by RPSCL to finance Phase I and Phase II of the project and to facilitate investments in other infrastructure projects undertaken/to be undertaken either directly or through special purpose vehicles (SPVs) are secured *pari passu* among the lenders by first mortgage / hypothecation / charge on:

- all immovable properties, present and future;
- all movable properties and assets, present and future including movable plant and machinery, spares, tools and accessories, furniture and vehicles;
- operating cash flow, book debts, receivables, current assets and other revenue of whatsoever nature;
- all intangible assets;

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

- e) letter of credit, escrow account, trust and other bank accounts;
- f) all project documents including corporate wrap guarantee from the Parent Company to the extent of Rs. 50,000 lakhs for performance of contractors involved in construction of plant in case of Phase II;
- g) negative lien by the Parent Company on 51 % of equity in RPSCCL.

Terms of repayment

- a) Loans obtained for Phase I and Phase II are repayable in 48 quarterly installments commenced from October 1, 2010 and January 1, 2012, respectively.
- b) Rupee term loan towards making investments is repayable in 46 quarterly installments commencing from June 30, 2013.

Interest

- a) Rupee term loan obtained for Phase I of the project carries an interest rate per annum with spread over/below, over 5 year Government Securities rate, Canara Bank Benchmark Prime Lending Rate (BPLR), Vijaya Bank BPLR or fixed rate, whichever is higher, payable on monthly basis.
- b) Rupee term loan obtained for Phase II, carries an interest rate of IDBI BPLR bank minus 100 basis points per annum, payable on monthly basis.
- c) Rupee term loan towards investments, carries an interest rate of IDBI BPLR plus 175 basis points per annum, payable on monthly basis.
- d) Foreign currency loan for Phase I of the project carries an interest rate of USD LIBOR plus 2.35% per annum, payable on quarterly basis.
- e) Foreign currency loan for Phase II of the project carries an interest rate of USD LIBOR plus margin ranging from 4.15% to 4.89% per annum payable on quarterly basis.

3.3.2 SPL

SPL has obtained rupee and foreign currency loan from banks, financial institutions and other corporates. The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 1,373,742 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 566,330 lakhs).

Security

Based on the Terms of Agreement entered into by SPL with lenders including Banks, Financial Institutions for Rupee Term Loan and Foreign Currency Loan (including Buyer's Credit, Letter of Credit), the total financing arrangement is secured by mortgage / hypothecation / assignment / charge on:

- a) all movable properties and assets (including but not limited to plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable assets), both present and future;
- b) all intangible assets including but not limited to the goodwill, operating cash flows, commissions, revenues of whatsoever nature and whenever arising, and uncalled capital, both present and future;
- c) all bank accounts in relation to the project (including but not limited to the accounts and permitted investments), the Trust and retention account (including the debt service reserve account), including in each case, all monies lying credited / deposited into such accounts;
- d) all immovable properties;
- e) all rights, titles and interests in all the assets of the project and material project documents, insurance policies and clearances to the extent assignable under applicable law;
- f) all rights and interest under letter(s) of credit, contractor guarantees, performance bonds or such other security provided by the procurers or construction contractors or any other person under the power purchase agreement or any other project documents;
- g) pledge of 100% of the total issued share capital of SPL held by the Parent Company.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Terms of repayment

- a) The rupee term loan taken from banks will have a tenure of upto 15 years from the date of first disbursement. The repayment of fifty percent (50%) of the term loan will be in 40 quarterly installments from the end of the moratorium period i.e. the last business day of the fiscal quarter immediately falling 6 months of the scheduled or actual date of commercial operation (COD), whichever is earlier. At the end of ten years from the end of the moratorium period, the entire balance of fifty percent (50%) of the rupee term loan shall be payable by a single bullet installment.
- b) The foreign currency loan from banks are in the nature of buyer's credit availed in foreign currency to be refinanced through long term loans (either rupee or foreign currency) as per the terms of the facility agreements.
- c) The rupee term loan taken from financial institutions (Life Insurance Corporation of India and India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited) will have a tenure of upto 15 years from the date of first disbursement. The repayment of fifty percent (50%) of the term loan will be in 40 quarterly installments from the end of the moratorium period i.e. the last business day of the fiscal quarter immediately falling 6 months of the scheduled or actual date of COD, whichever is earlier. At the end of ten years from the end of the moratorium period, the entire balance of fifty percent (50%) of the rupee term loan shall be payable by a single bullet installment.
- d) The rupee term loan taken from financial institutions [Power Finance Corporation Limited (PFC) and Rural Electrification Corporation Limited (REC)] will have a tenure of upto 20 years from the date of first disbursement. The repayment is in 60 quarterly installments from the end of the moratorium period i.e. during the fiscal quarter immediately falling 6 months of the scheduled or actual date of COD, whichever is earlier.
- e) The foreign currency loan taken from India Infrastructure Finance Company (U.K) Limited - (IIFCL (U.K)) (incorporated outside India) will have a tenure of upto 15 years from the date of first disbursement. The repayment of fifty percent (50%) of the loan will be in 40 quarterly installments from the end of the moratorium period i.e. the last business day of the fiscal quarter immediately falling 6 months of the scheduled or actual date of COD, whichever is earlier. At the end of ten years from the end of the moratorium period, the entire balance of fifty percent (50%) of the foreign currency loan shall be payable by a single bullet installment.
- f) The foreign currency loan taken from Export-Import Bank of the United States (US-EXIM) (incorporated outside India) will have a tenure of upto 13.5 years from March 14, 2013. The repayment of the loan will be in 24 semi-annual installments beginning on March 20, 2015 and ending on September 20, 2026.
- g) Agreement dated September 30, 2011 representing consortium of foreign lenders, will have a tenure of upto 11 years from March 20, 2013. The repayment of the loan will be in 19 semi-annual installments beginning on March 20, 2015 and ending on March 20, 2024.

Interest

- a) Interest rate on rupee term loan from a bank is a floating rate linked to State Bank of India base rate payable on the last working day of the month from the initial disbursement.
- b) Interest rate on foreign currency loan from banks is an average of USD LIBOR plus 172 basis points payable at the time of settlement / refinancing.
- c) Interest rate on rupee term loan taken from financial institutions (Life Insurance Corporation of India and India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited) is a floating rate linked to State Bank of India base rate payable on the last working day of the month from the initial disbursement.
- d) Interest rate on rupee term loan taken from financial institutions PFC and REC is based on the internal loan policy of both PFC and REC for projects under construction by private sector borrowers and is payable after 15 days from the end of the fiscal quarter and on the last day of the fiscal quarter respectively.
- e) Interest rate on foreign currency loan taken from IIFCL (U.K) (incorporated outside India) is the aggregate of i) margin of 485 basis points, w.e.f. March, 2013 the margin has been changed to 210 basis points per annum and ii) applicable USD LIBOR.
- f) Interest rate on foreign currency loan taken from US - EXIM is fixed at 3.66% per annum, payable half yearly on September 20 and March 20 each year beginning with September 20, 2013.
- g) Interest rate on foreign currency loan from consortium of foreign lender is the aggregate of 1) Margin and 2) applicable USD LIBOR.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Interest rate Margin is :

- (i) before March 31, 2015, 3.75% per annum;
- (ii) on or after April 1, 2015 and before March 31, 2019, 4.00% per annum; and
- (iii) on or after April 1, 2019, 4.25% per annum.

The interest is payable half yearly on September 20 and March 20 each year beginning with September 20, 2013.

3.3.3 VIPL

VIPL has obtained secured rupee and foreign currency loans from banks and financial institutions. The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 256,290 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 215,038 lakhs).

Security

The long-term loans and buyer's credit facility are secured pari passu among the lenders by first charge / mortgage / hypothecation / assignment on:

- a) all immovable properties, present and future;
- b) all tangible movable properties and assets, both present and future including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, equipments, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures and vehicles;
- c) cash flows arising out of or in connection with the project, book debts, receivables, current assets and revenue of whatsoever nature both present and future;
- d) all intangible assets;
- e) all project documents, letter of credit, authorised investments, trust and other bank retention accounts, corporate guarantee / bank guarantee, government approvals, insurance policies, permits and any other security to the project documents;
- f) non disposal undertaking in favour of lenders by the Parent Company for 51 % of the total equity share capital of VIPL;
- g) unconditional and irrevocable corporate guarantee of the Parent Company in favour of security trustee for the benefit of rupee lenders.

Terms of repayment – Secured Loans

- a) Foreign currency term loan is repayable in 28 equal quarterly installments commencing from June 30, 2013.
- b) Rupee term loan is repayable in 44 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 31, 2013.
- c) The foreign currency loan from banks includes buyer's credit availed in foreign currency, aggregating to Rs. 36,066 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 30,878 lakhs) to be refinanced/settled through long term loan.

Terms of repayment – Unsecured Loans

- a) The unsecured foreign currency loan from banks consists of buyer's credit facility availed in foreign currency, aggregating to Rs.17,059 lakhs (Previous year: Rs.13,146 lakhs) to be refinanced / settled through long term loan.

Interest

- a) Rupee term loan carries an interest rate which shall be Axis Bank base rate or the base rate of the respective rupee lender or the base rate of State Bank of India or State Bank of Travancore plus the spread, whichever is higher, payable on a monthly basis.
- b) Foreign currency term loan carries an interest rate of USD LIBOR plus 4.60% per annum, payable on quarterly basis.
- c) Foreign currency loan includes buyer's credit facility which carries an average interest rate of USD LIBOR plus 2.06% payable at the time of settlement/refinancing.
- d) Unsecured foreign currency loan consists of buyer's credit facility which carries an average interest rate of USD LIBOR plus 2.22% payable at the time of settlement/refinancing.

3.3.4 SMPL

SMPL has obtained foreign currency term loan from Export-Import Bank of the United States (US-EXIM). The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 253,230 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 212,595 lakhs).

Security

The term loans in foreign currency are secured pari passu among the lenders by first ranking mortgage / hypothecation / charge on:

- a) all immovable properties and assets;
- b) all movable properties and assets, present and future;
- c) all intangible assets, present and future;
- d) all bank accounts in relation to the project, present and future;
- e) pledge of 100% shares of SMPL;
- f) all monetary claims of the Parent Company or any shareholder or any other transferee thereof;
- g) assignment by way of security of;
 - all rights, titles and interest in, to and under all other assets of the project;
 - rights under each of the project documents, insurance policies and clearances related to the project;
- h) all rights and interests under letter of credit, contractor guarantees, performance bonds or such other security provided by any of the offtakers or Engineering, Procurement and Construction contractors or any other person under the power purchase agreement or any other project documents or otherwise in favour of the SMPL.

Terms of repayment

Foreign currency term loan is repayable in 23 semi annual installments commencing from April 25, 2015 upto April 25, 2026.

Interest

The rate of interest on foreign currency term loan is the Commercial interest reference rate ("CIRR") approved by US-EXIM in effect on the initial utilisation date i.e. 2.65% per annum fixed for the entire tenure of the loan. Interest accrued but not due shall be converted into loan on April 25 and October 25 of each year till commencement of repayment, which is April 25, 2015.

3.3.5 DSPPL

DSPPL has obtained foreign currency term loan from Export-Import Bank of the United States (US-EXIM) and Asian Development Bank (ADB). The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 54,529 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 47,391 lakhs).

Security

The term loan in foreign currency is secured by first ranking mortgage / hypothecation / charge on:

- a) all immovable properties and assets;
- b) all movable properties and assets, present and future including but not limited to plant and machinery, spares, tools and accessories, furniture and vehicles;
- c) all intangible assets present and future including but not limited to goodwill, operating cash flow, commissions, revenue and uncalled capital;
- d) all bank accounts, letter of credit, contractor guarantees, performance bonds etc.;
- e) all rights, titles and interest into and under all other project assets and under each project documents, insurance policies and clearance;

- f) pledge of 99.99% shares (whether equity, preference or otherwise) of total issued capital, present and future of the DSPPL by the shareholders.

Terms of repayment

Foreign currency loan is repayable over a period of 16.5 years in half yearly installments commencing from September 25, 2012.

Interest

- a) Term loan from US-EXIM carries a fixed commercial interest reference rate i.e. interest at the rate of 2.97% per annum.
- b) Term loan from ADB carries a floating interest at the rate of 6 months USD LIBOR plus 2.5% per annum.

3.3.6 RSTEPL

RSTEPL has obtained rupee and foreign currency loans from bank, financial institutions and other parties (includes Export-Import Bank of the United States (US-EXIM) and Asian Development Bank (ADB)). The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 70,540 lakhs (Previous year: Nil).

Security

Based on the Terms of Agreements entered into by RSTEPL with the lenders including bank, financial institutions and other parties for rupee term loan and foreign currency term loan, the total financing arrangement is secured by mortgage / hypothecation / assignment / charge on:

- a) all immovable properties and assets;
- b) all movable properties and assets, present and future including but not limited to plant and machinery, spares, tools and accessories, furniture and vehicles;
- c) all intangible assets present and future including but not limited to goodwill, operating cashflow, commissions, revenue and uncalled capital;
- d) all bank accounts in relation to the project present and future including but not limited to the accounts and permitted investments;
- e) all rights, titles and interest into and under all other project assets and under each project documents, insurance policies and clearance;
- f) all rights and interests under letter(s) of credit, contractors guarantees, performance bond or such other security provided by procurer, contractor or any other person under PPA or any other project documents;
- g) pledge of the total issued share capital (less one (1) share).

Terms of repayment

- a) The rupee term loans have a tenure of upto 14.97 years from the date of first disbursement. It will be repaid in 54 unequal quarterly installments starting from January 7, 2014.
- b) The foreign currency loans from US-EXIM have a tenure of upto 17.33 years from the date of first disbursement. It will be repaid in 33 unequal half yearly installments starting from January 25, 2014.
- c) The foreign currency loans from ADB have a tenure of upto 17.5 years from the date of first disbursement. It will be repaid in 33 unequal half yearly installments starting from January 7, 2014.
- d) The foreign currency loans from Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij Voor Ontwikkelings landen N.V. - (FMO) senior debt have a tenure of upto 14.5 years from the date of first disbursement. It will be repaid in 27 unequal half yearly installments starting from January 7, 2014.
- e) The foreign currency loans from FMO sub debt have a tenure of 17.58 years from the date of first disbursement. It will be repaid in 33 unequal half yearly installments starting from February 6, 2014.

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Interest

- a) The rupee term loan from banks carries a floating interest rate linked to Axis Bank base rate plus 3% per annum, payable on monthly basis.
- b) The foreign currency loan from US-EXIM carries Commercial Interest Reference Rate of 2.55% per annum, payable half yearly on January 25 and July 25 of each year beginning with January 25, 2013.
- c) The foreign currency loan from ADB carries interest at the rate of applicable USD LIBOR plus margin of 3.65% per annum upto June 14, 2027 and 4% per annum thereafter, payable half yearly on January 7 and July 7 of each year beginning with January 7, 2013.
- d) The foreign currency loan from FMO senior debt carries interest at the rate of applicable USD LIBOR plus margin of 3.65% per annum, payable half yearly on January 7 and July 7 of each year beginning with January 7, 2013.
- e) The foreign currency loan from FMO sub debt carries interest at the rate of 6 months USD LIBOR plus margin of 5% per annum, payable half yearly on February 6 and August 6 of each year beginning from August 6, 2013. RSTEPL have an option to swap the 6 months LIBOR with FMO.

3.3.7 RCPPL

RCPPL has obtained rupee and foreign currency loans from banks and financial institutions. The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 20,989 lakhs (Previous year: Nil).

Security

The term loans are secured pari passu among the lenders by first charge / mortgage / hypothecation on:

- a) all immovable properties and assets, present and future;
- b) all movable properties and assets, present and future;
- c) all intangible assets, present and future;
- d) all bank accounts in relation to the project, present and future;
- e) Pledge of 51% of the shares of RCPPL by the Parent Company;
- f) Assignment by way of security of :
 - all rights, titles and interest in and under all other assets of the Project.
 - the rights under each of the project documents, insurance policies and clearances related to the project.
- g) The rights and interests under letter of credit, corporate guarantees, performance bonds or any such other security provided by any of the contractor or any other person under the power purchase agreement or any other project documents or otherwise in favour of RCPPL.

Terms of repayment

Rupee term loan is repayable in 47 quarterly installments commencing from September 2013.

Foreign currency term loan is repayable in 42 quarterly installments commencing from September 2013.

Interest

Rupee term loan carries an interest rate of SBI base rate plus 2.5% per annum, payable on a monthly basis upto the date of commencement of commercial operations. Post commencement of commercial operations, the rupee term loan shall carry an interest rate of SBI base rate plus 2.25% per annum.

Foreign currency loan carries an interest rate of USD LIBOR plus 4.5% per annum.

3.3.8 All the above terms of loan including security terms have been disclosed only for loans against which drawdown has been done.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.4 Deferred tax liabilities		
Net deferred tax liability arising on depreciation due to timing difference	17,937	-
Less: Recoverable from beneficiaries	(17,240)	-
	697	-
Note : In case of RPSCL, deferred tax liability originated as at the year end and reversing after the tax holiday period, falling within the tenure of Power Purchase Agreement and to the extent expected to be recovered through future tariff, has been disclosed as recoverable from beneficiaries.		
3.5 Other long term liabilities		
Retention money payable (including payable to related party refer note 16)	258,378	208,460
Creditors for capital expenditure (including payable to related party refer note 16 and 28)	11,332	172,099
Forward contract payable	1,406	-
Advance against depreciation*	20,331	6,081
Others	56	-
	291,503	386,640
*Advance against depreciation represents the amount received by RPSCL under provisions of UPERC (Terms and conditions of Tariff) Regulations, 2009 and in accordance with the terms of PPA.		
3.6 Long-term provisions		
Provision for gratuity (Refer note 14)	100	37
Provision for leave encashment (Refer note 14)	952	580
Provision for mine closure expenses (Refer note 26)	2,595	-
	3,647	617
3.7 Short-term borrowings		
Secured		
Cash credit facility from bank	71,775	22,041
Buyer's credit facility from bank	21,424	-
Unsecured		
Short term loan from bank	17,948	16,882
Advance against proposed issue of non-convertible debentures (Carries interest rate of 10% per annum and repayable within one year from the date of allotment)	120,000	-
Commercial paper (Issued at a discount of 10.5% and to be settled after 180 days)	21,200	-
Inter-corporate deposits (Carries interest rate of 10% per annum and repayable within 180 days or at call thereafter upto 365 days)	1,385	-
	253,732	38,923

The details of security, terms of repayment and interest on secured short-term borrowings obtained by the respective subsidiaries are given below:-

3.7.1 RPSCL

Nature of security for short-term borrowings

RPSCL has obtained cash credit and buyer's credit facility from banks. The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 93,199

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

lakhs (Previous year: Rs.22,041 lakhs). The cash credit facility have a tenure of 12 months from the dates of sanction and are repayable on demand. Buyer's credit facility, obtained for import of coal, is repayable after a period of 6 months from the date of receipt. The said facilities are secured pari passu with term loan lenders by first mortgage/hypothecation/charge on;

- a) all immovable properties, present and future;
- b) all movable properties and assets, present and future including movable plant and machinery, spares, tools and accessories, furniture and vehicles;
- c) operating cash flow, book debts, receivables, current assets and other revenue of whatsoever nature;
- d) intangible assets;
- e) letter of credit, escrow account, trust and other bank accounts;
- f) a negative lien by the Parent Company on 51% of equity in the RPSCL.

Interest

Cash credit facility carries an interest rate ranging from base rate plus 1.75% to 2.75% per annum.

Buyers Credit facility carries an interest rate of USD LIBOR plus margin ranging from 0.75% to 0.90% per annum.

3.7.2 RPN

RPN has obtained an unsecured loan from bank. The outstanding balance as at the year end is Rs. 17,948 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 16,882 lakhs)

Interest

The unsecured loan carries an average rate of interest at LIBOR plus 2.88% per annum.

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.8 Trade payables		
Sundry creditors*	23,623	15,122
	23,623	15,122
3.9 Other current liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (Refer note 3.3)	75,878	41,306
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	6,335	4,518
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	108	-
Unclaimed share application money refunds	188	262
Unclaimed fractional bonus share refunds	456	457
Security deposits received	46	14
Creditors for capital expenditure*	207,116	221,871
Retention money payable (includes payable to related party, refer note 16)	2,285	7,150
Creditors for supplies and services*	2,391	7,359
Others**	14,374	5,545
** (Including provident fund, tax deducted at source and other miscellaneous payables)		
	309,177	288,482
*(Refer note 16 and 28)		
3.10 Short-term provisions		
Provision for gratuity (Refer note 14)	5	@
Provision for leave encashment (Refer note 14)	169	118
Provision for income tax	31,118	12,609
	31,292	12,727

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Group.

3.11 Tangible and Intangible assets

Particulars	Gross block (At cost)					Depreciation / Amortisation				Rupees in lakhs			
	As at April 1, 2012	Transferred / (Adjustment) on scheme of amalgamation ⁴	Additions during the year	Adjustments ⁵	Deductions during the year	As at March 31, 2013	Up to March 31, 2012	Transferred / (Adjustment) on scheme of amalgamation ⁴	For the year	Deductions during the year	Up to March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Tangible assets													
Freehold land ^{1&2}	63,493	-	11,825	566	-	75,884	-	-	162	-	162	75,722	63,493
Leasehold land ³	18,309	-	5,511	-	-	23,820	474	-	345	-	819	23,001	17,835
Buildings ⁶	37,974	-	6,915	128	20	44,997	4,753	-	1,146	3	5,896	39,101	33,221
Railway sidings	20,232	-	-	-	-	20,232	1,442	-	769	-	2,211	18,021	18,790
Plant and equipments ⁶	534,954	-	202,992	16,457	3,550	750,853	20,870	-	33,920	46	54,744	696,109	514,084
Mining Properties	-	-	37,016	-	-	37,016	-	-	893	-	893	36,123	-
Furniture and fixtures	5,703	-	840	(645)	13	5,885	3,709	-	258	7	3,960	1,925	1,994
Motor vehicle	2,705	-	443	13	1,818	1,343	1,620	-	123	1,420	323	1,020	1,085
Office equipments	3,681	-	94	65	3	3,837	2,685	-	147	1	2,831	1,006	996
Computers	1,174	-	220	-	6	1,388	567	-	153	3	717	671	607
Total tangible assets	688,225	-	265,856	16,584	5,410	965,255	36,120	-	37,916	1,480	72,556	892,699	652,105
Previous year	384,875	44	300,528	3,847	1,069	688,225	22,823	41	13,330	74	36,120	652,105	-
Intangible assets													
Goodwill	1,344	-	-	-	-	1,344	-	-	-	-	-	1,344	1,344
Mining rights	3,510	-	-	-	-	3,510	64	-	116	-	180	3,330	3,446
Computer software	482	-	106	-	-	588	174	-	170	-	344	244	308
Total intangible assets	5,336	-	106	-	-	5,442	238	-	286	-	524	4,918	5,098
Previous year	1,668	(188)	3,856	-	-	5,336	34	-	204	-	238	5,098	-

Notes:

1. Refer note 11 (a).
2. Freehold land as at March 31, 2013 includes Rs. 2,909 lakhs, Rs. 2,209 lakhs, Rs. 34 lakhs, Rs. 568 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 2,909 lakhs, Rs. 2,209 lakhs, Rs. 1,245 lakhs, Rs. 568 lakhs) capitalised in the books of CAPL, SMPL, VIPL, JIPL respectively, on the basis of advance possession received from authorities. The registration of title deed is pending in favour of the respective Companies.
3. Leasehold land as at March 31, 2013 includes Rs. 3,606 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 3,606 lakhs) capitalised in the books of CPPL, on the basis of advance possession received from authorities. The land lease deed is pending for execution in favour of the CPPL.
4. Assets transferred / (adjusted) pursuant to Scheme of amalgamation of Western Alliance Power Limited with RCGL.
5. Includes adjustments towards capitalisation of exchange difference. (Refer note 13)
6. Addition during the year includes capitalisation of interest during construction on plant and machinery aggregating Rs. 12,653 lakhs (Previous year : Rs. 20,130 lakhs) and on buildings aggregating Rs. 322 lakhs (Previous year : Rs. 1,698 lakhs).

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013
3.12.1 Capital work-in-progress

Rupees in lakhs

Particulars	As at April 1, 2012	Incurred during the year	Capitalised/ Adjusted	As at March 31, 2013
A. Assets under construction¹	1,869,871	853,317	235,026	2,488,162
B. Expenditure pending allocation				
(i) Expenses				
Interest and finance charges	118,569	146,554	11,026	254,097
Electricity expenses	806	4,116	645	4,277
Rent	1,353	1,942	338	2,957
Employee benefit expense				
Salaries and other costs	15,962	13,878	3,039	26,801
Contribution to provident and other funds**	501	431	13	919
Gratuity and leave encashment**	512	485	17	980
**Refer note 14				
Depreciation /Amortisation	2,428	8,319	8,226	2,521
Insurance charges	4,634	4,988	236	9,386
Rates and taxes	1,836	882	84	2,634
Bank and corporate guarantee charges	8,055	3,794	20	11,829
Exchange loss (net) (Refer note 13)	54,146	58,740	5,220	107,666
Legal and professional charges (including shared service charges)	25,784	8,531	3,678	30,637
Premium paid to regulatory authority / State Government	28,812	8,220	-	37,032
Project development charges	10,684	-	500	10,184
Land acquisition expenses	3,120	1,251	124	4,247
Start up and commissioning expenses	2,312	5,509	2,312	5,509
Travelling and conveyance	5,461	3,402	495	8,368
Miscellaneous expenses	16,503	7,880	2,841	21,542
Sub total	301,478	278,922	38,814	541,586
(ii) Income				
Sale of infirm power (net of rebate)	1,235	146	1,235	146
Interest on fixed deposits	655	1,765	72	2,348
Profit on redemption of current investments (non trade)	53	-	-	53
Dividend income from current investments (non trade)	2,162	1,209	330	3,041
Other income	545	351	3	893
	4,650	3,471	1,640	6,481
Less: Provision for income tax	-	375	-	375
Sub total	4,650	3,096	1,640	6,106
Net expenditure pending allocation (i)-(ii)	296,828	275,826	37,174	535,480
C. Construction stores²	11,553	2,147	7,469	6,231
Total (A+B+C)	2,178,252	1,131,290	279,669	3,029,873
Previous year	548,620	1,911,702	282,070	2,178,252

1. Includes material in transit Rs. 202,107 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 186,842 lakhs) lying at the customs bonded warehouse.

2. Includes material in transit Rs. 738 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 81 lakhs).

3.12.2 Intangible assets under development

Rupees in lakhs

Particulars	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Software development	40	320
Capital contribution towards water supply	1,127	1,127
Total	1,167	1,447

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Face Value Rupees	As at March 31, 2013 No. of Shares/ Units	Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 No. of Shares/ Units	Rupees in lakhs
3.13.1 Non-current investments					
In Government Securities (Fully paid-up, unquoted and valued at cost) National Savings Certificate (Deposited with Sales Tax Authorities)	-	-	@	-	@
			@		@
In Equity shares (Fully paid-up, unquoted and valued at cost)					
Reliance Jamnagar Private Limited	10	-	-	1,700	@
Reliance Bhavnagar Private Limited	10	-	-	1,700	@
Hirma Power Limited	10	169,429	@	169,429	@
Jayamkondam Power Limited	10	20,009	@	20,009	@
Reliance Thermal Energy Power Limited	10	20,015	@	20,015	@
Less: Provision for diminution in value of investments			@		@
			-		-
In Mutual fund Units (fully paid-up and valued at cost)					
Quoted					
Reliance Fixed Horizon Fund - XXI - Series 21 - Growth Plan	10	-	-	5,000,000	500
			-		500
			-		500
Total Non-current investments			-		500
Aggregate book value of Quoted Non-Current Investments			-		500
Aggregate book value of Unquoted Non-Current Investments			@		@
Aggregate market value of Quoted Non-Current Investments			-		511
3.13.2 Current investments					
In Equity shares (Fully paid-up, unquoted and valued at cost)					
5,000 (Previous year : Nil) Equity shares of Andhra LNG Private Limited (Refer Note 16 C (e))	10	5,000	1	-	-
			1		-
In Mutual fund units (Fully paid up, valued at lower of cost and fair value)					
Quoted					
ICICI Prudential Interval Fund Annual Interval Plan - 1 Institutional Cumulative	10	-	-	125,087,638	12,518
Reliance Fixed Horizon Fund - XX - Series 22 - Growth Plan	10	-	-	50,000,000	5,000
Reliance Fixed Horizon Fund - XXI - Series 21 - Growth Plan	10	5,000,000	500	-	-
Unquoted					
Reliance Money Manager Fund - Institutional Option - Growth Plan	1,000	-	-	433,379	6,345
Reliance Liquid Fund - Treasury Plan - Growth Option	10	-	-	1,238,390	200
Reliance Liquid Fund - Cash Plan - Growth Option	10	-	-	244,296	33
Reliance Liquidity Fund - Growth Option	10	-	-	90,402,477	14,600
Axis Liquid Fund - Daily Dividend Reinvestment	1,000	290,909	2,909	-	-
Reliance Liquidity Fund - Daily Dividend Plan	1,000	59,969	600	-	-
Reliance Money Manager Fund - Retail Option - Growth Plan	1,000	-	-	2,564	37
			4,009		38,733

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Group.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Face Value Rupees	As at March 31, 2013 No. of Shares/ Units Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 No. of Shares/ Units Rupees in lakhs
Other Investments (Unquoted, valued at lower of cost and fair value)			
Cash-Settled CLN referencing UK Sovereign Notes (CSCLN) (CSCLN carries a coupon rate of 3 months, USD Libor plus 0.85% on USD 200,000,000)		-	102,313
		-	102,313
Total Current Investments		4,010	141,046
Aggregate book value of Quoted Current Investments		500	17,518
Aggregate book value of Unquoted Current Investments		3,510	123,528
Aggregate market value of Quoted Current Investments		560	19,495
		As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
		Rupees in lakhs	Rupees in lakhs
3.14 Long-term loans and advances			
(Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)			
Capital advances (includes amount paid to related party, refer note 16)		279,893	447,259
Security deposits		7,759	3,705
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind		2,238	18,918
[Net of provision Rs. 57 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 57 lakhs) on doubtful advance]			
Advance to Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS) Trust (Refer note 10)			
Considered good		10,550	14,000
Considered doubtful		3,450	-
Less: Provision for diminution in value		(3,450)	-
Advance income tax and tax deducted at source		34,092	17,025
Prepaid expenses		528	660
Balance with statutory authorities (includes VAT recoverable)		22,595	240
		357,655	501,807
3.15 Other non-current assets			
(Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)			
Non-current bank balances			
Term deposits		18	462
Non-current bank balances (Margin money deposit towards bank guarantee)		23,488	16,274
Others			
Income accrued on deposits / investments		53	45
Unamortised premium on forward contract		108	-
		23,667	16,781
3.16 Inventories			
Fuel [including material in transit of Rs. 1,419 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 479 lakhs)]		34,014	11,343
Stores and spares (including material in transit of Rs. 557 lakhs (Previous year: Nil))		19,541	4,726
		53,555	16,069

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	As at March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	As at March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.17 Trade receivables		
(Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the due date	654	557
Others [including accrued income Rs. 33,309 lakhs (Previous year : Rs. 35,153 lakhs) billed subsequent to March 31, 2013]	132,336	64,960
	132,990	65,517
3.18 Cash and bank balances		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Balance with banks:		
in current account	227,994	91,976
in deposit account with original maturity of less than three months	80,200	17,347
Remittance in transit / cheques on hand	748	18,266
	308,942	127,589
Other bank balances		
Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months	173,945	2,010
Unclaimed share application money	188	262
Unclaimed fractional bonus share money	456	458
Margin money deposits	-	10,265
	174,589	12,995
	483,531	140,584
3.19 Short-term loans and advances		
(Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Inter corporate deposits	126,178	166,413
Security deposits	1,314	932
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind	44,074	15,197
Prepaid expenses	4,978	3,626
Loans / advances to employees	161	81
Balance with statutory authorities	3,660	762
(includes service tax credit and VAT recoverable)		
	180,365	187,011
3.20 Other current assets		
(Unsecured and considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Interest accrued on deposits	10,258	17,410
Income accrued on investments	158	1,979
Other receivables	18,540	288
	28,956	19,677

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Year ended March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.21 Revenue from operations		
Sale of energy (Refer note 20)	492,488	195,839
Fuel handling and service charges	171	5,312
Sale of coal rejects	-	770
	492,659	201,921
3.22 Other income		
Interest income:		
Bank deposits	3,700	4,270
Inter-corporate deposits	14,323	16,122
Others	2,682	1,197
Dividend income:		
On current investment in mutual funds	1,275	15,121
On long-term investments in mutual funds	-	1,542
Net gain on sale / accrual of income on investments:		
Current investment in fixed maturity plan of mutual funds	28	3,365
Long term investments in fixed maturity plan of mutual funds	814	16,415
Gain on sale of fixed assets	390	-
Gain on foreign exchange fluctuations (Net)	11,998	15,695
Excess provision towards leave encashment written-back	-	140
Other non-operating income	508	890
	35,718	74,757
3.23 Operating expenditure		
Fuel handling and service charges	702	3,848
	702	3,848
3.24 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, bonus and other allowances	7,095	5,452
Contribution to provident fund and other funds (Refer note 14)	329	238
Gratuity and leave encashment (Refer note 14)	384	85
Staff welfare expenses	226	186
	8,034	5,961

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

	Year ended March 31, 2013 Rupees in lakhs	Year ended March 31, 2012 Rupees in lakhs
3.25 Finance cost		
Interest on:		
Rupee term loans	40,709	20,922
Foreign currency loans	7,923	759
Foreign currency convertible bonds	-	5,125
Working capital loans	7,369	1,346
 Rebate to a customer	 686	 595
 Other finance charges	 1,846	 1,015
	58,533	29,762
3.26 Generation, administration and other expenses		
Stores and spares consumed	1,944	1,808
Rent expenses	710	488
Repairs and maintenance		
- Plant and equipment	2,983	2,148
- Building	53	12
- Others	282	155
Stamp duty and filing fees	19	40
Legal and professional charges (including shared service charges)	1,566	2,312
Directors sitting fees	15	12
Rates and taxes	137	179
Insurance	1,583	799
Provision for dimunition in value of advance to ESOS trust	3,450	-
Incidental expenditure / Capital Work-in-Progress written-off (Refer note 11)	901	3,613
Expenditure on assets not owned by the Group	-	279
Miscellaneous expenses	4,267	4,335
	17,910	16,180
4. (a) Contingent liabilities:		
• Counter guarantees / Bank guarantees aggregating to Rs. 240,355 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 251,225 lakhs) issued primarily to power procurers / banks / financial institutions towards construction of power plant / finance raised by the respective subsidiary.		
• Refer note 12 with respect to CAPL.		
• In case of SPL, claims not acknowledged as debts Rs. 51 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 51 lakhs).		
• In case of CAPL, Government of Andhra Pradesh has levied a penalty of Rs. 137 lakhs (Previous year: Rs.137 lakhs) at the rate of 50% on account of non-payment of conversion fee of Rs. 274 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 274 lakhs) towards conversion of agriculture land to non-agricultural land at site. CAPL has filed an appeal with the Government of Andhra Pradesh (Revenue department) for wavier of the above amount.		
(b) Capital commitments:		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining unexecuted on capital account (net of advances paid) and not provided for Rs. 4,878,635 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 5,248,550 lakhs).		
(c) Other commitments:		
The Parent Company has ongoing commitments given to lenders or procurers of power or other regulatory authorities to extend support and provide equity in respect of various projects undertaken by the respective subsidiaries, wherein the amounts of investment would vary considering the project cost and debt equity ratio agreed with the respective lenders.		

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013
5. Utilisation of initial public offer proceeds:

The utilization of Initial Public Offer (IPO) proceeds up to March 31, 2013 is given below:

Particulars	Rupees in lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Proceeds from IPO	1,156,320	1,156,320
Utilisation	1,144,462	1,093,929
Funding subsidiaries to part finance the construction and development costs of following projects		
600 MW Rosa Phase I, 600 MW Rosa Phase II, 300 MW Butibori Phase I, 3,960 MW Sasan, 1,200 MW Shahpur Coal, 400 MW Urthing Sobla, 3,960 MW Krishnapatnam, 700 MW Tato II, 1,000 MW Siyom, 3,960 MW Chitrangi, Coal Resources, 1,200 MW Kalai II, 4,000 MW Tilaiya, 420 MW Amulin, 500 MW Emini, 400 MW Mihundon, 300 MW Butibori Phase II, 2,400 MW Samalkot, 45 MW Vashpet Wind Power, 104 MW Lara Sumta Hydro Power, 130 MW Sumte Kothang Hydro Power, 94 MW Teling Hydro Power, 44 MW Shangling Hydro Power, 300 MW Purthi Hydro Power, 100 MW Rajasthan Sun Technique and 40 MW Dahanu Solar Power		
Share issue expenses	11,858	11,858
Total utilised amount	1,156,320	1,105,787
Unutilised amount (designated for general corporate purposes)	-	50,533
Break up of unutilised amount		
Investments in liquid and fixed maturity funds (including held by subsidiaries)	-	33,280
Bank balance in fixed deposits and current account (including subsidiaries)	-	16,953
Deposit with Bombay Stock Exchange Limited	-	300
Total	-	50,533

The deposit of Rs. 300 lakhs placed by the Parent Company with Bombay Stock Exchange, hitherto shown as unutilised funds has been considered as funded from promoter contribution or from internal accruals in the current year and consequently the amount of Rs. 300 lakhs is considered as utilisation from IPO in various projects during the year.

6. General reserve (arisen pursuant to composite scheme of arrangement):

The General reserve of Rs. 111,957 lakhs had arisen pursuant to the composite scheme of arrangement between the Parent Company, Reliance Natural Resources Limited, erstwhile Reliance Futura Limited and four wholly owned subsidiaries viz. Atos Trading Private Limited, Atos Mercantile Private Limited, Reliance Prima Limited and Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited. The said scheme has been sanctioned by Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide order dated October 15, 2010. The general reserve shall be a reserve which arose pursuant to the above scheme and shall not be and shall not for any purpose be considered to be a reserve created by the Parent Company.

7. Scheme of amalgamation between Parent Company and RCEPL:

Reliance Clean Energy Private Limited (RCEPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, incorporated with the main object to operate, install, develop, promote and maintain projects in infrastructure sectors including setting up power plants etc., was amalgamated into the Parent Company pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation (Scheme), as on and from January 1, 2013, being the appointed date pursuant to the approval of Board of Directors of the Parent Company and sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide its order dated April 5, 2013 which was filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 20, 2013.

The Parent Company has carried out the accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme as approved by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay. The required disclosures for accounting of Scheme as per the "Pooling of Interest Method" as given under Accounting Standard 14 (AS 14) 'Accounting for Amalgamations' as prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 has been provided.

Hence, in accordance with the Scheme:

- a) The Parent Company has taken over all the assets aggregating to Rs. 60,000 lakhs and liabilities aggregating to Rs. 5 lakhs at their respective book values. The difference aggregating to Rs. 59,995 lakhs being the excess arising on transfer of assets and liabilities has been treated as capital reserve (arising pursuant to the Scheme).
- b) No consideration is payable or receivable on implementation of the Scheme as the Scheme involves a wholly owned subsidiary.
- c) As a consequence of and as per the Scheme the investment of Rs. 60,001 lakhs of the Parent Company in 6,010,000 Equity Shares of RCEPL has been cancelled and in accordance with the Scheme the consequential write off has been made in the Statement of Profit and Loss. As permitted by the Scheme a corresponding amount of Rs. 60,001 lakhs has been withdrawn from the general reserve so that there is no impact on the profit for the year.

Had the Scheme not prescribed the above accounting treatments and the Parent Company followed the accounting treatment prescribed under AS 14, there would not have been any capital reserve (arisen pursuant to the Scheme) and general reserve would have been higher by Rs. 59,995 lakhs.

Since RCEPL is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, there is no impact on the consolidated financial statements on account of the said merger as these transactions get eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

8. Scheme of amalgamation between VIPL and RFRL:

Reliance Fuel Resources Limited (RFRL), a wholly owned subsidiary of VIPL, incorporated with the main object to operate, install, develop, promote and maintain projects in infrastructure sectors including setting up power plants etc., was amalgamated into VIPL pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation and Arrangement (Scheme), as on and from January 1, 2013, being the appointed date pursuant to the approval of Board of Directors of both the Companies and sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide its order dated March 15, 2013 which was filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 18, 2013.

VIPL has carried out the accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme as approved by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay. The required disclosures for accounting of Scheme as per the "Pooling of Interest Method" as given under Accounting Standard 14 (AS 14) 'Accounting for Amalgamations' as prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 has been provided.

Accordingly, following accounting treatment has been done:

- a) VIPL has taken over all the assets aggregating to Rs. 11,942 lakhs and liabilities aggregating to Rs. 2 lakhs at their respective book values. The difference aggregating to Rs. 11,940 lakhs being the excess arising on transfer of assets and liabilities has been credited to capital reserve (arising pursuant to the Scheme).
- b) No consideration is payable or receivable on implementation of the Scheme as the Scheme involves a wholly owned subsidiary.
- c) As a consequence of and as per the Scheme, the investment of Rs.12,000 lakhs of VIPL in 2,190,000 equity Shares of RFRL has been cancelled and in accordance with the Scheme the consequential write off has been made in the Statement of Profit and Loss of VIPL.
- d) To offset the said write off, as per the Scheme, VIPL was required to withdraw from its general reserve or if so decided by its Board of Directors from the Securities premium account and credit the same to its Statement of Profit and Loss. Considering there is no general reserve available with VIPL and based on the VIPL's Board of Directors decision in its meeting held on May 13, 2013 not to utilize the Securities premium account to offset the said write off, there is no credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Had the Scheme not prescribed the above accounting treatments and VIPL had followed the accounting treatment prescribed under AS 14, the capital reserve (arisen pursuant to the Scheme) would have been lower by Rs.11,940 lakhs, Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss would have been lower by Rs. 60 lakhs and investments in RFRL amounting to Rs. 12,000 lakhs would not have been written off in the Statement of Profit and Loss of VIPL.

Since the merger is between a subsidiary and step-down subsidiary of the Parent Company, there is no impact on the consolidated financial statements on account of the said merger as these transactions get eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

9. Scheme of amalgamation between DSPPL and MEGIL:

Maharashtra Energy Generation Infrastructure Limited (MEGIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of DSPPL, incorporated with the main object to operate, lease, install, develop, promote, manage and maintain projects in infrastructure sectors including setting up power plants etc., was amalgamated into DSPPL, pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation and Arrangement (Scheme), as on and from January 1, 2013, being the appointed date pursuant to the approval of Board of Directors of both the Companies and sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay vide its order dated April 12, 2013 which was filed with the Registrar of Companies on May 10, 2013.

DSPPL has carried out the accounting treatment prescribed in the Scheme as approved by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay. The required disclosures for accounting of scheme as per the "Pooling of Interest Method" as given under Accounting Standard 14 (AS 14) 'Accounting for Amalgamations' as prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 has been provided.

Accordingly, following accounting treatment has been done:

- a) DSPPL has taken over all the assets aggregating to Rs. 4,928 lakhs and liabilities aggregating to Rs. 16 lakhs at their respective book values. The difference aggregating to Rs. 4,912 lakhs being the excess arising on transfer of assets and liabilities has been credited to capital reserve (arising pursuant to the Scheme).
- b) No consideration is payable or receivable on implementation of the Scheme as the Scheme involves wholly owned subsidiary.
- c) As a consequence of and as per the Scheme, the investment of Rs. 4,050 lakhs of DSPPL in 900,000 Equity Shares of MEGIL has been cancelled and in accordance with the Scheme the consequential write off has been made in the Statement of Profit and Loss of DSPPL.
- d) To offset the said write off, as per the Scheme, DSPPL was required to withdraw from its general reserve or if so decided by its Board of Directors from the Securities premium account and credit the same to its Statement of Profit and Loss. Considering there is no general reserve available with DSPPL and based on the DSPPL's Board of Directors decision in its meeting held on May 13, 2013 not to utilize the Securities premium account to offset the said write off, there is no credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Had the Scheme not prescribed the above accounting treatments and DSPPL had followed the accounting treatment prescribed under AS 14, the capital reserve (arisen pursuant to the Scheme) would have been lower by Rs. 4,912 lakhs, Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss would have been higher by Rs. 862 lakhs and investments in MEGIL amounting to Rs. 4,050 lakhs would not have been written off in the Statement of Profit and Loss of DSPPL.

Since the merger is between a subsidiary and step-down subsidiary of the Parent Company, there is no impact on the consolidated financial statements on account of the said merger as these transactions get eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

10. Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS):

Pursuant to the approval accorded by the Shareholders on September 30, 2007 under Section 81(1A) of the Companies Act, 1956, the Parent Company has administered and implemented Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS) in terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 (Guidelines). The Board of Directors of the Parent Company has constituted its ESOS compensation committee to operate and monitor the ESOS scheme which is administered through ESOS Trust.

The ESOS compensation committee of the Board of Directors of the Parent Company approved a grant of 20,000,000 stock options to the eligible employees of the Group on May 8, 2010. The options are granted to the employees of the Group on satisfying the performance and other eligibility criteria set out in ESOS Plan. In accordance with the scheme, each option entitles the employee to apply for one fully paid equity share of Rs.10 each of the Parent Company at an exercise price of Rs.162 per share. The vesting period of options will commence on expiry of one year from the grant date and all the options granted shall vest immediately. The vested options can be exercised by the eligible employees over a period of nine years from the date of vesting.

The Group has opted for accounting the Compensation expenses under 'Intrinsic Value Method'. The closing market price of the Parent Company on the date of grant was Rs. 140.20 per share at National Stock Exchange (being the latest trading price with highest trading volume). As the exercise price of the share is more than market price, the Group has not accounted for any compensation cost. The Parent Company has advanced Rs. 14,000 lakhs (disclosed under note 3.14 Long term loans and advances) to the ESOS trust for purchase of equity shares from the market. The ESOS trust has purchased 8,500,000 shares from the given advance.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

The fair value of option granted was determined under Binomial Option Pricing – Hull & White Model. The details pertaining to number of options, weighted average price and assumptions considered for fair value are disclosed below:

Particulars	Option details	
Weighted average share price	Rs. 140.20	
Exercise price	Rs. 162.00	
Expected volatility	41.88%	
Vesting period	One year	
Exercise period	7.25 Years	
Risk free interest rate	7.74%	
Expected dividend	-	
Fair Value of option	Rs. 50.42	
	2012-13	2011-12
Opening balance of options	8,500,000	8,500,000
Options granted during the year	-	-
Vested during the year	-	8,500,000
Exercised during the year	-	-
Closing balance of options	8,500,000	8,500,000

The expected volatility was determined based on the volatility of the equity share for the period of one year prior to issue of the option.

Had the Group opted for accounting of Compensation cost under 'Fair value Method', Profit after tax would have been lower by Rs. Nil (Previous year: Rs. 434 lakhs) and Earnings per share (Basic and diluted) for the previous year would have been Rs. 3.07.

11. Status of Dadri Project:

- The Parent Company proposed developing a 7,480 MW gas-fired power project to be located at the Dhirubhai Ambani Energy City in Dehra village, Dadri, Uttar Pradesh. The State of Uttar Pradesh in the year 2004 had acquired 2,100 acres of land and conveyed the same to the Parent Company in the year 2005. While the State was in the process of acquiring further 400 acres of land for the project, a few land owners had filed writ petitions before the Allahabad High Court challenging the acquisition process under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 ("the Act"). The Allahabad High Court has disposed of the writ petitions upholding the Section 4 notification and directed compliance with certain procedures relating to land acquisition that were left out earlier by the State Government. The Parent Company has filed an appeal against the Allahabad High Court order which is now pending before the Supreme Court. Few land owners have also filed appeals / petitions before the Supreme Court challenging Allahabad High Court's order upholding the Section 4 notification and alleging highhanded and forceful actions during the acquisition process, which are pending.
- The construction and other allied activities at Dadri project will be commenced as soon as the gas supply is firmed up and on settlement of land issues. Considering the delay in the project execution, due to litigation as stated above, the Parent Company as a matter of prudence, has written off the Asset under construction amounting to Rs. 901 lakhs (Previous year: Incidental expenditure of Rs. 2,778 lakhs) in the Statement of Profit and loss.

12. Project status of Coastal Andhra Power Limited (CAPL):

CAPL has been set up to develop an UMPP of 3,960 MW located in Krishnapatnam, District Nellore, based on imported coal sourced from Indonesia.

The Government of Indonesia introduced a new regulation in September 2010 which prohibits sale of coal, including sale to affiliate companies, at below Benchmark Price which is linked to international coal prices and requires adjustment of sale price every 12 months. This regulation also mandates to align all existing long-term coal supply contracts with the new regulations within one year i.e. by September 2011. CAPL had entered into a firm price fuel supply agreement with RCRPL. In view of this new regulation, RCRPL cannot supply coal at the already agreed price, because of which an element of uncertainty has arisen in the fuel supply for the CAPL project, wherein the power needs to be supplied at a pre-agreed tariff as per the terms of Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated March 23, 2007. The said issue has been communicated to the power procurers and also to the Government of India through the Association of Power Producers to arrive at a suitable solution to the satisfaction of all the stakeholders.

CAPL has issued a dispute resolution notice to the procurers of power under the force majeure clause of the PPA, considering the change in Indonesian regulations as an event of force majeure. The procurers have also issued a notice for termination of PPA and have raised a demand for liquidated damages of Rs.40,000 lakhs.

CAPL has filed a petition before the Hon'ble High Court at Delhi inter alia for interim relief under Section 9 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996. The Court vide its order dated March 20, 2012 has prohibited the Procurers from taking any coercive steps against CAPL. The single judge of the Delhi High Court vide order dated July 2, 2012 dismissed the petition and the

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appeal filed by CAPL against the said order is pending before the Division Bench of the Delhi High Court and stands included in the regular hearing list. The interim protection against encashing bank guarantees continues to be available.

CAPL has filed a petition before the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission without prejudice to the proceedings pending before the Delhi High Court and the arbitration process already initiated. Hearing on admissibility of the petition before the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission was held in the month of March 2013 and the outcome is awaited.

Based on the legal opinion obtained with regard to applicability of force majeure clause for the change in law in Indonesia and other impacts thereof on the implementation of the project and considering the nature of expenditure incurred till date at the project, no provision for impairment is considered in respect of capital expenditure incurred till date by CAPL and demands raised by the procurers of power.

13. Exchange differences on foreign currency monetary items:

In respect of exchange rate difference arising on long term foreign currency monetary items, the Group has availed the option available in the Companies (Accounting Standards) (Second Amendment) Rules, 2011, vide notification dated December 29, 2011 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. Accordingly, the Group has adjusted exchange loss of Rs. 16,584 lakhs (Previous year loss of Rs. 3,847 lakhs) to the cost of tangible assets and Rs. 58,740 lakhs (Previous year loss of Rs. 35,159 lakhs) to capital work-in-progress, as the long term monetary items relate to depreciable capital asset. Pursuant to circular dated August 9, 2012 from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Group has capitalised the exchange differences which earlier would have been considered as an interest cost under para 4(e) of Accounting Standard 16 on borrowing costs.

14. Disclosure under Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005) "Employee Benefits":

The Group has classified various employee benefits as under:

Defined contribution plans

- a) Provident fund
- b) Superannuation fund
- c) State defined contribution plans
 - Employees' Pension Scheme 1995

The provident fund and the state defined contribution plan are operated by the Regional provident fund commissioner and the superannuation fund is administered by the Trust. Under the schemes, the Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits.

The Group has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss / Capital work-in-progress for the year:

	Rupees in lakhs	
	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
(a) Contribution to provident fund	591	414
(b) Contribution to employees' superannuation fund	71	53
(c) Contribution to employees' pension scheme 1995	98	48

Defined benefit plans

- (a) Gratuity
- (b) Leave encashment

Leave encashment is payable to eligible employees who have earned leave, during the employment and / or on separation as per the Group policy.

Valuations in respect of gratuity and leave encashment have been carried out by an independent actuary, as at the Balance Sheet date, based on the following assumptions:

	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
Discount Rate (per annum)	8.00%	8.50%	8.00%	8.50%
Rate of increase in compensation levels	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Rate of return on plan assets	8.25%	8.25%	-	-
Expected average remaining working lives of employees in years	3 to 17	5 to 12	-	-

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The estimate of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market.

Particulars	Rupees in lakhs			
	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
(i) Changes in present value of obligation				
Opening balance of present value of obligation	704	518	698	473
Liability on transfer of employees (net)	-	29	1	58
Interest cost	76	54	84	61
Current service cost	231	175	351	373
Actuarial (gains) / loss	114	(72)	92	(254)
Benefits paid	-	-	(105)	(13)
Closing balance of present value of obligation	1,125	704	1,121	698
(ii) Changes in fair value of plan assets				
Opening balance of present value of plan assets	827	518	-	-
Expected return on plan assets	68	43	-	-
Employer's contributions	198	263	105	13
Actuarial gains / (losses) on plan assets	15	8	-	-
Benefits paid	-	-	(105)	(13)
Amount not recognised as an asset (para 59 (b))	(8)	(5)	-	-
Closing balance of fair value of plan assets	1,100	827	-	-
(iii) Percentage of each category of plan assets to total fair value of plan assets				
Administered by Insurance companies of respective subsidiaries	100%	100%	-	-
(iv) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value of assets				
Closing balance of present value of obligation	1,125	704	1,121	698
Closing balance of fair value of plan assets	1,100	827	-	-
Funded (asset)* / liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	(34)	(134)	-	-
Unfunded liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	59	11	1,121	698
(v) Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet				
Closing balance of present value of obligation	1,125	704	1,121	698
Closing balance of fair value of plan assets (including pending transfer)	1,100	827	-	-
Funded (asset)/ liability recognised in the Balance Sheet (Net)*	(34)	(134)	-	-
Unfunded liability recognised in the Balance Sheet*	59	11	1,121	698
(vi) Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss / Capital work-in-progress				
Current service cost	231	175	351	373
Interest cost	76	54	84	61
Expected return on plan assets	(68)	(43)	-	-
Net actuarial (gain)/loss	99	(80)	92	(254)
Effects of limit as per para 59(b)	4	5	-	-
Total expenses recognised during the year	342	111	527	320
Excess provision written back	-	-	-	(140)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Rupees in lakhs			
	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	2012-13	2011-12	2012-13	2011-12
(vii) Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligation				
Net actuarial (gain) / loss due to experience	21	(56)	43	(234)
Net actuarial (gain) / loss due to change in assumption	78	(24)	49	(20)
(viii) Expected employers' contribution for the next year	224	144	-	-

* Reflected under prepaid expenses Rs. 80 Lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 160 lakhs) in long-term / short-term loans and advances. (Refer note 3.14 and 3.19) and under short-term / long-term provisions Rs.105 lakhs (Previous year : Rs. 37 lakhs) (Refer note 3.6 and 3.10)

(ix) Disclosure as required under Para 120 (n) of the Standard

	Rupees in lakhs				
	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09
Gratuity					
(a) Present value of the defined benefit obligation	1,125	704	518	305	183
Fair value of the plan assets	1,100	827	518	370	224
(Surplus)/Deficit in the plan	25	(123)	@	(65)	(41)
(b) Experience adjustments					
On plan liabilities	36	(48)	53	(14)	33
On plan assets	15	8	(8)	3	(@)
Total experience adjustments	21	(56)	61	(17)	33
Leave encashment					
(a) Present value of the defined benefit obligation	1,121	698	507	322	174
Fair value of the plan assets	-	-	-	13	2
Deficit in the plan	1,121	698	507	309	172
(b) Experience Adjustments					
On plan liabilities	43	(234)	(33)	(56)	69
On plan assets	-	-	-	-	-
Total experience adjustments	43	(234)	(33)	(56)	69

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Group

15. Segment Reporting:

The Group operates in two business segments i.e. Power Generation and Associated Business Activities (termed as "Others"). Associated Business Activities includes project management, supervision and support services for generation and allied processes. Business segments have been identified as reportable primary segment in accordance with Accounting Standard 17 'Segment Reporting' as prescribed under Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, taking into account the Group organizational and internal reporting structure as well as evaluation of risk and return for these segments. Segment reporting policies are in line with the accounting policies of the Group. Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment. Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Group as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included as "unallocable".

Geographical Segments: Presently, the Group's operations are predominantly confined within India. However, the Group has through its subsidiaries invested in the coal mines located in Indonesia, which currently are in initial stages of development.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Information about Business segments – Primary

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013					Year ended March 31, 2012				
	Power Generation	Others	Unallocable	Eliminations	Total	Power Generation	Others	Unallocable	Eliminations	Total
Revenue										
External revenue	492,488	171	-	-	492,659	195,839	6,082	-	-	201,921
Inter segment revenue	-	1,030	-	(1,030)	-	-	530	-	(530)	-
Total revenue	492,488	1,201	-	(1,030)	492,659	195,839	6,612	-	(530)	201,921
Result										
Segment result	156,827	171	-	-	156,998	64,042	1,546	-	-	65,588
Corporate income (net of corporate expenses)	-	-	790	-	790	-	-	37,824	-	37,824
Interest and finance charges (net of interest income)	-	-	(37,827)	-	(37,827)	-	-	(8,173)	-	(8,173)
Profit before taxation	156,827	171	(37,037)	-	119,961	64,042	1,546	29,651	-	95,239
Taxes*	-	-	18,815	-	18,815	-	-	8,561	-	8,561
Profit after tax	156,827	171	(55,852)	-	101,146	64,042	1,546	21,090	-	86,678
Other information										
Segment assets	4,736,358	192	456,835	-	5,193,386	3,476,163	1,915	447,816	-	3,925,894
Segment liabilities	3,138,510	-	196,618	-	3,335,128	2,139,690	1,057	28,035	-	2,168,782
Capital expenditure	1,058,699	-	6,443	-	1,065,142	2,146,033	-	4,871	-	2,150,904
Depreciation	27,848	-	665	-	28,513	11,827	-	318	-	12,145
Non cash expenses other than depreciation	908	-	3,451	-	4,359	3,613	-	5	-	3,618

* The taxes disclosed above under unallocable also includes taxes from power generation segment.

16. Related party transactions:

As per Accounting Standard 18 'Related Party Disclosures' as prescribed by Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, the Group's related parties and transactions are disclosed below:

A. Investing Parties/Promoters having significant influence on the Group directly or indirectly

Companies

Reliance Infrastructure Limited (R Infra)

AAA Project Ventures Private Limited (APVPL) (upto December 19, 2012)

Individual

Shri Anil D Ambani (Chairman)

B. Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year

(i) Key Management Personnel

Shri J P Chalasani (Chief Executive Officer)

Shri Paresh Rathod, Manager (up to 27.05.2011)

Shri Ramaswami Kalidas, Manager (w.e.f. 27.05.2011)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

(ii) Enterprises over which Companies/individual described in clause (A) above have control

Reliance General Insurance Company Limited (RGICL)
 Reliance Infocom Infrastructure Private Limited (RIIPL)
 Reliance Communications Limited (R Com)
 Reliance Communication Infrastructure Limited (RCIL)
 Reliance Capital Limited (RCL)
 Reliance Power Transmission Limited (RPTL)
 Reliance Energy Trading Limited (RETL)
 BSES Kerala Power Limited (BKPL)

C. Details of transactions and closing balances:

				Rupees in lakhs
Particulars	Companies described in clause (A) above	Enterprise in which person described in clause (A) above has control	Person having control over the investing party/ Key Management Personnel	Total
Transactions during the year:				
Remuneration to key management personnel				
- Shri J P Chalasani	-	-	327	327
	-	-	327	327
- Shri Ramaswami Kalidas	-	-	49	49
	-	-	36	36
- Shri Paresh Rathod	-	-	-	-
	-	-	2	2
Sitting Fees				
- Shri Anil D Ambani	-	-	1	1
	-	-	1	1
Operating income				
Fuel handling and service charges				
- R Infra	171	-	-	171
	5,827	-	-	5,827
- BKPL	-	-	-	-
	-	33	-	33
Operating Expenditure				
Fuel handling and service charges				
- BKPL	-	-	-	-
	-	17	-	17
Purchase of coal				
- R Infra	-	-	-	-
	724	-	-	724
Advances given against EPC / other contracts				
- R Infra	75,840	-	-	75,840
	140,088	-	-	140,088
Advances refunded against EPC contract				
- R Infra	88,000	-	-	88,000
	125,000	-	-	125,000
Interest on advance for proposed debentures				
- R Infra	612	-	-	612
	-	-	-	-
Advance received against proposed debentures				
- R Infra	120,000	-	-	120,000
	-	-	-	-

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Rupees in lakhs			Total
	Companies described in clause (A) above	Enterprise in which person described in clause (A) above has control	Person having control over the investing party/ Key Management Personnel	
Professional fees, rent and reimbursement of expenses / taxes paid				
- R Infra	2,786	-	-	2,786
	1,802	-	-	1,802
- RCIL	-	5	-	5
	-	2	-	2
- RCL	-	1	-	1
	-	2	-	2
- RIPL	-	1,321	-	1,321
	-	606	-	606
- R Com	-	-	-	-
	-	80	-	80
Reimbursement of expenses received				
- R Infra	-	-	-	-
	6	-	-	6
Assets purchased				
- R Infra	-	-	-	-
	1	-	-	1
- R Com	-	-	-	-
	-	23	-	23
Material transferred				
- R Infra	67	-	-	67
	273	-	-	273
- RGICL	-	-	-	-
	-	@	-	@
Purchase of energy				
- RETL	-	38,517	-	38,517
	-	-	-	-
Sale of energy, including infirm power (net of rebate)				
- R Infra	61,132	-	-	61,132
	82	-	-	82
Open access charges paid/(reimbursed)				
- R Infra	(107)	-	-	(107)
	-	-	-	-
- RETL	-	365	-	365
	-	-	-	-
Material and services received				
- R Infra	585,159	-	-	585,159
	1,163,169	-	-	1,163,169
- R Com	-	-	-	-
	-	12	-	12
- RPTL	-	-	-	-
	-	146	-	146

@ Amount is below the rounding off norm adopted by the Group

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Particulars	Rupees in lakhs			
	Companies described in clause (A) above	Enterprise in which person described in clause (A) above has control	Person having control over the investing party/ Key Management Personnel	Total
Material/Services received under EPC contract reversed / liability written back				
- R Infra	15,534	-	-	15,534
	-	-	-	-
Insurance premium				
- RGICL	-	4,190	-	4,190
	-	5,662	-	5,662
Short term borrowings received				
- R Infra	1,385	-	-	1,385
	-	-	-	-
Interest paid				
- R Infra	6	-	-	6
	-	-	-	-
Closing balances:				
Liabilities and provisions*				
- R Infra	137,338	-	-	137,338
	313,549	-	-	313,549
- RGICL	-	-	-	-
	-	21	-	21
- RI IPL	-	1,242	-	1,242
	-	967	-	967
- R Com	-	382	-	382
	-	382	-	382
- RPTL	-	132	-	132
	-	132	-	132
*Includes creditors for capital expenditure, supplies and services (Non-current and current)				
Trade payables				
- RETL	-	3,334	-	3,334
	-	-	-	-
Retention payable towards EPC contract				
- R Infra	173,116	-	-	173,116
	142,871	-	-	142,871
Advances against EPC and other contracts				
- R Infra	239,032	-	-	239,032
	396,095	-	-	396,095
Receivables				
- R Infra	11,579	-	-	11,579
	2,020	-	-	2,020
- BKPL	-	-	-	-
	-	3	-	3
Short term borrowings				
- R Infra	121,385	-	-	121,385
	-	-	-	-

Figures in italics are pertaining to previous year.

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- R Infra has given additional equity support undertakings to power procurers in respect of Sasan Ultra Mega Power Project (UMPP), Krishnapatnam UMPP and Tilaiya UMPP of the Group for setting up the respective projects.
- During the previous year, the Parent Company has issued Commercial Paper of Rs. 23,000 lakhs at a discount of 12% per annum, to RCL and the same has been redeemed at par on the maturity date.
- SMPL has entered into an agreement for sharing of resources and assets with R Infra at the Samalkot location.
- Refer note 24 with regards to transaction of SMPL for proposed lease of land from R Infra.
- Investments in Andhra LNG Private Limited, a joint venture wherein RCGL has invested Rs. 0.50 lakhs has not been disclosed as related party neither has been consolidated considering intention to dispose off and accordingly shown as a current investment.

The above disclosure does not include transaction with public utility service providers, viz, electricity, telecommunications, in the normal course of business.

17. Earnings per share:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2013	Year ended March 31, 2012
Profit available to equity shareholders		
Profit after tax (A) (Rupees in lakhs)	101,146	86,678
Number of equity shares		
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (B)	2,805,126,466	2,805,126,466
Basic and diluted earnings per share (A/B) (Rupees)	3.61	3.09
Nominal value of an equity share (Rupees)	10	10

18. Interest in joint venture operations:

The Parent Company, through its subsidiaries, has acquired Participating Interest (PI) in Oil & Gas and Coal Bed Methane (CBM) blocks in India by executing Production Sharing Contract (PSC) with the Government of India. PI in Oil & Gas block in Mizoram is held by Reliance Prima Limited (RPrima), PI in two CBM blocks in Rajasthan is held by Atos Trading Private Limited (ATPL), PI in CBM block in Madhya Pradesh is held by Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited (CAPIL) and PI in CBM block in Andhra Pradesh is held by Atos Mercantile Private Limited (AMPL).

During the year, the Group has accounted for Rs. 415 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 819 lakhs) towards its share of expenditure on survey and prospecting activities.

Disclosure of the Group's share in Joint Venture operations:-

Name of the Subsidiary	Name of the field in Joint Venture	Location	Interest (%)
Coastal Andhra Power Infrastructure Limited	SP (N) CBM-2005/III	Sohagpur, Madhya Pradesh	45
Atos Mercantile Private Limited	KG (E) CBM-2005/III	Kothagudem, Andhra Pradesh	45
Atos Trading Private Limited	BS (4) CBM-2005/III	Barmer, Rajasthan	45
Atos Trading Private Limited	BS (5) CBM-2005/III	Barmer, Rajasthan	45
Reliance Prima Limited	MZ-ONN-2004 / 2	Mizoram	10

The above joint ventures are unincorporated joint ventures carrying out controlled operations. Based on the statement of accounts of consortium, the subsidiaries have accounted for their share of assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of Joint Venture operations in which they holds a participating interest. The Subsidiaries share of assets and liabilities of Joint venture operation is as follows:

	Rupees in lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Current assets		
Inventories	372	306
Short term loan and advances	18	373
Cash and bank balance	99	8
Current liabilities		
Other current liabilities	103	180

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

During the course of the year, PSC of Oil & Gas block in Mizoram, wherein RPrima (subsidiary of Reliance Power Limited) has a participating interest of 10%, was terminated by the Government of India pursuant to discovery of misrepresentation by the Operator of the block, M/s. Naftogaz India Private Limited. Pursuant to such termination, RPrima has represented to the Government of India that it was not aware about the misrepresentation of facts by Naftogaz India Private Limited whose credentials to act as Operator were accepted by the Government of India. Hence no obligation can accrue to the Group in connection with the termination of the contract due to misrepresentation by the Operator.

19. In the case of SPL, while determining the accounting policy for capitalisation considering the plant as unit of measurement (Refer note 2 (d) (ii) above), the Group, after considering the opinions taken from the experts in accounting and technical and also views expressed by the industry association, has concluded that the entire plant, as envisaged in the PPA, would be taken as a unit of measurement for the purpose of capitalisation rather than unit wise completion in absence of detailed guidance under Accounting Standard (AS) 10 'Accounting for Fixed Assets' as prescribed under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006. Accordingly, the whole power plant consisting of all six units on commencement of commercial production, i.e. wherein commercially feasible quantities are produced in a commercially practicable manner, for the plant as a whole as determined by the PPA has been considered as the date of capitalisation.

Accordingly, pending capitalisation, the revenues and direct operational expenses related to the units generated in the interim period are adjusted to the Capital Work-in-Progress.

20. RPSCL had commenced commercial operations of its third unit of 300 MW in previous year with effect from March 12, 2012. In the current year, RPSCL has declared commercial operations of its fourth unit of 300 MW from April 1, 2012. Pending final determination of tariff by Uttar Pradesh Electricity Regulatory Commission (UPERC), sale of energy aggregating Rs. 224,625 lakhs (Previous year : Rs. 2,672 lakhs) has been provisionally recognised as per the tariff petition filed, based on the principles enunciated in PPA entered with Uttar Pradesh Power Corporation Limited (UPPCL) read with UPERC regulations. Further, RPSCL has also accrued revenue aggregating Rs. 11,304 lakhs towards truing up of fixed charges as per tariff petitions filed based on the principles enunciated in PPA and UPERC regulations.
21. RPSCL is liable to pay entry tax on interstate purchase of certain goods under "Uttar Pradesh Tax on Entry of Goods in Local Area Act, 2007". As per Uttar Pradesh Power Policy 2003 read with Notification 1770 dated July 5, 2004 issued by the Government of Uttar Pradesh, RPSCL is eligible for grant of a moratorium period of seven years from the date of commencement of operation for payment of entry tax on each phase of project. Accordingly, considering the said policy, RPSCL is filing the returns and would make the payments to the regulatory authorities.
22. RPSCL is liable to pay value added tax on purchase of goods under "Uttar Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2008". As per Uttar Pradesh Power Policy 2003 read with Notification 1772 dated July 5, 2004 issued by Government of Uttar Pradesh, RPSCL is eligible for grant of a moratorium period of five years from the date of commencement of operation, for payment of value added tax. Accordingly, considering the said policy, RPSCL is filing the returns and would make the payments to the regulatory authorities.
23. The Parent Company, through its subsidiary Maharashtra Energy Generation Limited ("MEGL"), had signed Memorandum of Understanding with Government of Maharashtra (GoM) to set up 4,000 MW power project at Shahpur, Raigad District. MEGL expected that the Shahpur project will require 2,500 acres of land for the Power Project. However, the land acquisition procedures could not be completed within the stipulated period. In view of above, MEGL informed the GoM, vide letter dated September 6, 2011, of its decision not to pursue the project and further requested it to refund the amount initially paid as deposit for acquisition of land. MEGL has written off the incidental expenditure amounting to Rs. 835 lakhs in the Statement of Profit and loss during the previous financial year. During the current year, MEGL received Rs. 3,716 lakhs towards refund of advance given earlier for acquisition of land and further steps are being taken to recover the balance amount of Rs. 688 lakhs from GoM.
24. In case of SMPL, the area in which the plant is under construction includes land admeasuring 61 acres, owned by R Infra which is under its possession through Memorandum of Understanding. SMPL is in the process of entering into a lease agreement with R Infra for the same. Further, pending execution of lease agreement, it has obtained an affirmation from R Infra that the assets on the land are its property.
25. SMPL project has received provisional mega power status certificate from the Ministry of Power / Government of India which, inter alia, entails the project to avail the exemptions /benefits of Mega power projects. However Customs authorities and Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal have not considered the exemption and SMPL has filed an appeal before the Honorable Supreme Court of India claiming the benefits of Mega project.
26. **Provision for Mine closure expenses (in case of SPL):**

	Rupees in lakhs	
	As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2012
Balance as at beginning of the year	-	-
Additions	2,595	-
Amount used/reversed	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	2,595	-

Reliance Power Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013

Provision for mine closure obligation represents estimates made towards the expected expenditure for restoring the mining area and other obligatory expenses as per the approved mine closure plan. The timing of the outflow with regards to the said matter would be in a phased manner based on the progress of excavation of coal.

27. The Management has been legally advised that the Parent Company is considered to be established with the object of providing infrastructural facilities and accordingly, Section 372A of the Companies Act, 1956 is not applicable to it.

28. Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

There are no Micro and Small Scale Business Enterprises, to whom the Group owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at March 31, 2013. This information as required to be disclosed under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Group.

29. LHPPL, PHPPL, SPPL, SKPL and TPPL, developing together around 672 MW of Hydro power projects on built, own, operate and transfer (BOOT) basis, have signed a pre-implementation agreement with Government of Himachal Pradesh on June 1, 2011 and paid an aggregate amount of Rs. 6,720 lakhs (Previous year: Rs. 6,720 lakhs) to the Government as upfront fees for development and commissioning of the Hydro power projects.

30. Pursuant to the general exemption granted by the Department of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, Parent Company is publishing the consolidated and standalone financial statements of Reliance Power Limited and its subsidiaries. The requisite financial information of subsidiaries have been furnished by the management as a part of the annual report.

31. Previous year figures have been regrouped/recasted wherever considered necessary to make it comparable to current year presentation.

As per our attached report of even date

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration No: 301112 E
Chartered Accountants

For Chaturvedi & Shah

Firm Registration No: 101720 W
Chartered Accountants

Partha Ghosh

Partner
Membership No. 55913

C. D. Lala

Partner
Membership No. 35671

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anil D. Ambani Chairman

J. L. Bajaj
Dr. Yogendra Narain
Dr. V. K. Chaturvedi } Directors

J. P. Chalasani Chief Executive Officer

Ramaswami Kalidas Company Secretary and Manager

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 13, 2013

Financial Information of Subsidiary Companies

Name of Subsidiary	Share Capital including Share Application Money	Reserve and Surplus	Total Assets (Non-current + Current) except investments	Total Liability (Non-current + Current)	Investments	Turnover*	Profit / (Loss) before Taxation	Provision for Taxation Debited/ Credited to Statement of Profit and Loss	Profit / (Loss) after Taxation
RPSC	44,460	228,325	837,880	612,595	47,500	431,994	87,948	17,935	70,013
SPL	5,640	565,585	2,194,066	1,622,841	-	387	377	26	351
DSPPL	180	21,107	71,642	58,777	8,422	10,836	(869)	818	(1,687)
VIPL	1,191	129,424	424,320	305,605	11,900	51,309	(168)	-	(1,68)
JPL	1,034	31,197	32,719	488	-	192	191	61	130
CAPL	5,100	(526)	105,679	101,105	-	29	(400)	1	(401)
CPPL	127,169	10,219	141,478	4,090	-	27	21	7	14
RSTEPL	15,325	26,325	121,452	79,802	-	@	(140)	-	(140)
SMPL	3,002	296,702	741,000	441,296	@	@	@	3	(3)
SHPL	37	14,789	14,974	148	-	7	7	@	7
THPL	7	5,368	5,721	346	-	41	41	12	29
KPPL	34	12,933	13,188	221	-	@	@	@	@
USHPL	1,668	(14)	1,660	6	-	-	@	-	@
AHPL	39	3,860	3,917	18	-	-	@	-	@
EHPL	36	3,538	3,581	7	-	-	@	-	@
MHPL	25	2,380	2,408	3	-	-	@	-	@
PHPL	35	6,037	6,072	@	-	-	@	-	@
TPPL	12	1,940	1,952	@	-	-	@	-	@
SPPL	6	936	942	@	-	-	@	-	@
LHPL	13	2,145	2,159	1	-	-	@	-	@
SKPL	16	2,657	2,673	@	-	-	@	-	@
CAPL	5	656	1,474	813	-	1	1	(25)	26
ATPL	1	259	449	189	-	-	(49)	-	(49)
AMPL	1	(245)	55	299	-	-	(106)	-	(106)
RPrima	5	(269)	14	278	-	-	(84)	@	(84)
MEGL	10	1,422	1,435	3	-	2	(357)	(7)	(350)
RNRL	5	3,499	5,666	2,162	-	64	(1,211)	-	(1,211)
RGPL	1	@	2,442	2,441	-	-	@	-	@
RCGL	2,595	241,973	15,562	15,880	244,886	5	@	2	(2)
BPL	5	@	31	26	-	-	@	@	@
RSRPL	1	@	1	@	-	-	@	-	@
RWPPL	1	@	42	41	-	-	@	-	@
RCPL	104	10,208	36,606	26,294	-	54	54	-	54
RCRPL	169	12,086	1,274	85	11,066	948	(246)	-	(246)
RPN ⁵	12,279	579	22,491	18,101	8,468	1,180	353	35	318
PTH ⁵	7,687	8	1,808	2	5,889	113	108	-	108
PTA ⁵	3,072	(316)	571	28	2,213	59	(71)	-	(71)
BBE*	2,659	41	2,833	133	-	@	(42)	-	(42)
SBE*	7,744	(77)	8,079	412	-	4	(99)	-	(99)
RNRL-Singapore ⁵	149,558	3,821	155,303	2,042	118	9,308	9,283	-	9,283
PTS ⁵	118	(24)	70	26	50	-	(6)	-	(6)

* Represents other income also.

⁵ Reporting currency is USD.

Reporting currency is IDR.

Dividend on Preference Shares issued by RNRL - Singapore proposed during the year Rs. 748 lakhs. No proposed dividend in other subsidiaries.

Exchange rate as on March 31, 2013 : 1 IDR = 0.006 INR; 1 USD = 54.3893 INR.

@ Amount is below rounding off norm adopted by the Group.

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Reliance Power Limited

Registered Office: H Block, 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City, Navi Mumbai 400 710

PLEASE FILL ATTENDANCE SLIP AND HAND IT OVER AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE MEETING HALL.

Joint shareholders may obtain additional attendance slip at the venue.

DP. Id*	
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Folio No.	
-----------	--

Client Id*	
------------	--

No. of Share(s) held	
----------------------	--

NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE SHAREHOLDER

I/We hereby record my/our presence at the **19th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** of the Company held on Tuesday, August 27, 2013 at 2.00 p.m. or soon after conclusion of the annual general meeting of Reliance Communications Limited convened on the same day, whichever is later, at Birla Matushri Sabhagar, 19, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400 020.

*Applicable for investors holding share(s) in electronic form.

Signature of the shareholder or proxy

..... TEAR HERE

PROXY FORM

Reliance Power Limited

Registered Office: H Block, 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City, Navi Mumbai 400 710

DP. Id*	
---------	--

Folio No.	
-----------	--

Client Id*	
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No. of Share(s) held	
----------------------	--

I/We..... of
..... in the district of being a member/
members of Reliance Power Limited hereby appoint of
..... in the district of
or failing him/her of
in the district of as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the
19th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, August 27, 2013 at 2.00 p.m. or soon after conclusion
of the annual general meeting of Reliance Communications Limited convened on the same day, whichever is later, at Birla
Matushri Sabhagar, 19, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400 020 or at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this day of 2013.

* Applicable for investors holding shares in electronic form.

Affix
₹ 1/-
revenue
stamp

- NOTES: 1. The proxy in order to be effective should be duly stamped, completed and signed and must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the aforesaid meeting. The Proxy need not be a member of the Company.
2. Members holding shares under more than one folio may use photocopy of this Proxy Form for other folios. The Company shall provide additional forms on request.



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(Unit: Reliance Power Limited)

Madhura Estate, Municipal No. 1-9/13/C
Plot No. 13 & 13 C, Madhapur Village
Hyderabad 500 081

Tel. : + 91 40 4030 8000

Fax : + 91 40 2342 0859

Email : rpower@karvy.com